The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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RATE COMMITTEE IS "UP IN THE AIR"

Senate Body Admits Itself "Too Bewildered" to Propose Measure for Enactment Into Law.

ELKINS BLOCKS REFORM.

Witness Stand "Packed" in Interest of Railroads and the People Given Little Show.

BY JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

Washington, D. C., May 23.—[Special.]—No more flagrant disregard of the wishes of the people has been shown by a congressional committee than that displayed by the senate committee on interstate commerce in connection with the railroad rate question. The committee concluded its hearings this afternoon after an exhausting session lasting five weeks, and will adjourn tomorrow without making the slightest attempt to formulate a report of any kind.

It advances the naive claim it is too "bewildered" by the testimony to make up its mind as to the provisions of a measure which should be recommended for enactment—a condition which has not existed in the case of President Roosevelt or the public.

The truth in the matter is that the committee deliberately tangled itself up in a net, skillfully woven by the railroad officials and agents, for no other purpose than to defeat the will of the president and of the people. Not all the members have favored the program.

Cullom and Dolliver Exceptions.

Senator Cullom and Senator Dolliver stand out as notable exceptions. But the shameful way in which Senator Elkins, Senator Kean, and Senator Foraker endeavored to blind the country, the first named by "packing" the witness stand with men controlling railroads or in their pay, and the others by asking questions apparently designed to draw out statements favorable to the railroads to discredit the effort to show a need of rate regulation, is a shining reflection upon the states they were elected to represent.

Any one familiar with railroad conditions in the United States, who makes an analysis of the witnesses who have testified before the committee, segregates them promptly into three classes:

Railroad agents, officials, or attorneys.

Business men, either middlemen or having their industries located at terminals.

Interstate commerce commissioners and a few experts and shippers whose evidence literally was swamped under the testimony of the preceding classes.

Elkins' Intentions Are Shown.

From the outset of the "inquiry" the evident purpose of Chairman Elkins has been to further the efforts of the railroads to befuddle the people. Railroad agent followed railroad agent, and the scandal of it finally reached a point where the members of the committee went to the chairman and told him that if any impression were to be made upon the country he would have to change his tactics and "sandwich in" witnesses who were not known to have connection with railroads and who might even support the president's views.

The railroads took the tip, and men claiming to represent the interests and the communities affected by railroad rates were hailed before the committee and led by questions put to them by Elkins, often at the instance of ex-Senator Faulkner, an attorney for the railroads, to give utterance to opinions which made one wonder why the charge of rebate or unjust discrimination ever was brought against these constant guardians of the public's welfare.

"Middlemen" Used for a Purpose.

"The class of men, outside the railroad representatives, who have been before the committee in opposition to any change in the law," said an official of the administration who is stanchly defending the president's policy, "can only be described by the word middlemen. These men do not care what the rate is. They buy and sell accordingly. The man who really is interested in the rate and affected by it is the producer or consumer. His voice has not been heard or has been drowned by the tremendous railroad chorus. Any man who would speak for the railroads had no difficulty about transportation. The man who would speak against them was too poor to pay his own way, yet was the man who was raising and producing grain and fruit and other products, and who was the sport of the railroad rate.

"The people have had absolutely no organization. The cattlemen had an agent here, but he has done little. The railroads on the other hand, have had a powerful lobby. They have had representatives in every city of the union, whose duty it was to distribute press matter and do a hundred and one things which would divert or modify public sentiment."

The statement of this official was curiously like that made by a senator who discussed the hearings tonight.

"Never Saw Weaker Witnesses."

"I have never seen a weaker lot of witnesses, with the exception of the interstate commerce commission," he said, "than those who argued in favor of the president's recommendation. Against the virile minds of the railroad managers and attorneys they had as much chance as a toothpick in a cyclone. Take Hines, formerly of the Louisville and Nashville, for example. That man knew every detail of the railroad question, was familiar with every decision of the Supreme court relating to it, and knew the character and bearing, and could reel off figures that made your head swim.

"Then there is Stuyvesant Fish, who surely could not be accused of any desire to violate the law; Tuttle of the Boston and Maine railroad, who talked fairly judicially; and Morawetz, one of the keenest railroad lawyers of the country. The producers had absolutely no one to cross-question these men, and no one who could take the stand to answer them. It is not at all surprising the committee should have grave doubts as to what really is best for the interests of the public and of the railroads in view of the onesidedness of the evidence."

As THE TRIBUNE has stated, there was such a sharp difference between the views of the members of the committee who have been listening to the testimony that several reports are likely to be made, provided the sentiment of the country continues as it is today, and permits no backsliding. It seems to be pretty well settled that there will not be recommended any uncomfortable legislation

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SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1905.

THE WEATHER—

FORECAST—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Wednesday, probably showers at night and Thursday. Fresh easterly shifting to southerly winds.

Sunrise, 4:24; sunset, 7:11.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

Temperature, max. 56, min. 46, mean 51, normal for the day 58. Deficiency for 1905, 240. Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 0. Excess for 1905, .64 inch.

Wind, N. E., max. 25 miles an hour, at 5:05 a. m. Relative humidity, 7 a. m. 83%, 7 p. m. 73%.

LARGEST 2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

The Tribune Want Columns Will Be Found on Pages 11, 12, 13.

TEAMSTERS' STRIKE.

Efforts to bring about peace in teamsters' strike failed signally; further spread expected today and long drawn out struggle predicted. Page 1.

Nearly half of lumber firms in city ordered men to deliver to "boycotted" houses; as a result 459 teamsters struck. Page 2.

Twelve members of Carriage and Wagon Workers' union and alleged sluggers were indicted for death of Charles J. Carlstrom. Page 2.

Federal court said strike leaders must answer questions at hearing before master in chancery. Page 2.

WASHINGTON.

Senate committee on interstate commerce admitted testimony was "too bewildering" to make possible proposing a measure to regulate rates. Page 1.

Evils of riffraff immigration referred to southern industrial congress for consideration; startling facts from official reports shown by Richard Weightman. Page 6.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

Japanese army asserted to have cut railroad and isolated Vladivostok; Baltic fleet reported to have gained the open waters of the Pacific; land battle imminent. Page 3.

DOMESTIC.

Mystery deepened in murder of Attorney D. S. Berry at Savanna, Ill.; entire village suspects one man, whose alibi seems unshaken; strange romance between slain attorney and suspected man's wife. Page 1.

Father and son killed by sheriff's posse near Waverly, Ill., while resisting arrest; deputy shot by young man. Page 1.

Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia declared war on political organization owing to gas grab. Page 1.

Leading Baptist pastor declared clergymen generally were in revolt against Rockefeller's gifts to church. Page 1.

Merchants' Trust company of New York placed in receivers' hands; cause, bad investments; owes depositors $2,000,000. Page 3.

Margaret Doyle Jackson, authoress, split her "Adam's apple" by fall. Page 3.

Presbyterian general assembly at Winona Lake, Ind., unanimously refused to renounce Westminster confession. Page 7.

LOCAL.

Commissioner of Public Works Patterson wanted time clocks installed in city hall to prevent employés from neglecting work. Page 2.

Board of education began investigation of alleged complicity of principals and teachers in school strikes. Page 2.

Court enjoined Myrtle Greenbaum from attending dances and mother wept for joy. Page 3.

Spurned man circulated false report that a young woman in Englewood eloped. Page 3.

New children's department of county hospital was dedicated. Page 3.

Brother of Edward A. Nash, smelter magnate, stricken with paralysis in Omaha, chartered special train to take Dr. Hugh T. Patrick of Chicago to bedside. Page 4.

Miss Helen Bryant will wed Dudley Putnam of Chicago at Schuyler, Neb., on June 20. Page 7.

Divorce and $10,000 alimony granted Mrs. Nellie M. Marshall from Albert E. M. Marshall. Page 7.

Kang Yu Wei, Chinese reformer and ex-prime minister, visits Chicago. Page 7.

NEW YORK.

Clever forgery was brought to light in Tombs court. Page 4.

Unknown person offered to return the stolen $90,000 diamonds to Tiffany for $10,000 and immunity from arrest. Page 4.

Property owners will form cooperative fire insurance company, alleging present rates are too high. Page 4.

Lighted match caused explosion of Mrs. Howard Gould's auto. Page 4.

Gage E. Tarbell, Equitable official, was on witness stand five hours in inquiry by state insurance superintendent. Page 5.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Addition to Fisher building at Dearborn and Van Buren streets to be erected at once. Page 7.

New York stock exchange showed decidedly nervous, but failed to account for it. Page 9.

Stockholders of American Trust and Savings bank and Federal Trust and Savings bank accepted consolidation plan. Page 10.

Cattle and sheep quotations ruled steady; hogs advanced on early buying. Page 10.

Reports of crop damage caused advance of 2 cents in July wheat; heavy covering resulted. Page 10.

Railroad men predicted wane of interurban lines because of development of automobile. Page 14.

SPORTING.

White Sox defeated Washington ball club by score of 3 to 2. Page 8.

Zephyrs lost in batting match, Phillies winning by score of 8 to 5. Page 8.

Auto officials believe opposition to holding race meet at Harlem track is removed. Page 8.

Oxford won Jockey club weight for age event in drive at Belmont park. Page 8.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Finland	
CHERBOURG	K. W. II.	
CHRISTIANIA		Oscar II.
GENOA		N. America.
GLASGOW	Astoria	
GLASGOW	Corinthian	
HAVRE		Sardinian.
LIVERPOOL		Carthagenian.
LIVERPOOL		Ivernia.
LONDON	Minneapolis	
MARSEILLES		Gallia.
NAPLES	P. Oskar	Germania.
NEW YORK	Furnessia	P. Alice.
NEW YORK	Bremen	Slavonia.
NEW YORK	Republic	Cevic.
NEW YORK	Adalbert	
SYDNEY	Miowera	
SYDNEY	Ventura	

MAYOR WIELDS AX TO BEAT GAS GRAB

Two Leading Office Holders in Philadelphia Are Removed Because Favorable to the Proposed Lease.

BLOW STAGGERS MACHINE

Heads of 20,000 Placemen May Come Off if Necessary to Prevent Deal Going Through.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 23.—[Special.]—Mayor Weaver today declared open war on the republican organization, which has undertaken to cram an obnoxious gas ordinance down the people's throats.

He summarily removed the directors of public safety and public works, who were the tools of the organization. He appointed men in their places who will obey his orders.

By this bold stroke Mayor Weaver threatens to smash the organization. By it he can summarily discharge every one of the 20,000 city employés whose support made the republican opposition possible.

The 20,000 men thus threatened must use their influence with the organization to prevent the gas ordinance from being passed over the veto, or lose their positions.

Bold Stroke Staggers "Gang."

Mayor Weaver's unexpected move in the gas war has staggered the organization. It is the most sensational political move in the history of the city.

More than that Mayor Weaver summoned to his aid Elihu Root of New York and James Gay Gordon of this city as his personal counsel in the legal battle he proposes to wage against the gas ordinance.

"This will be a battle to the bitter end," said the mayor tonight in a public statement. "A battle to death on the gas lease and all kindred matters. Philadelphia is facing a state of anarchy. There will be no mercy shown by the organization or by its opponents."

The news of the mayor's action fell upon the organization like a thunderbolt. At first the organization tried to play a trick which would circumvent the mayor's plans.

This morning the mayor called for the resignations of Peter Costello, director of public works, and David Smyth, director of public safety, who have been the "gang's" mainstays in the city hall.

New Directors Are Warned.

Both officials complied with the mayor's request, but he took exception to the shape in which they were offered and summarily dismissed them. In their places tonight he appointed Col. Sheldon Potter, reformer, lawyer, and member of the governor's staff, as director of public safety, and A. Lincoln Acker, a merchant, director of public works, to serve during the interim caused by the dismissal of the "gang's" directors.

Immediately upon receipt of the message from the mayor this morning—an action that was expected by the leaders, but which came like a thunderbolt upon the rank and file of the party—both directors sent in similar letters of resignation. There had been a conference between Smyth and Costello, and each letter was similarly worded. Each declared that his resignation would "take effect when my successor shall be qualified."

This clause contained a "joker," which Mayor Weaver was quick to detect. There can be no successor appointed without the approval of the select council. The select

(Continued on page 4, column 3.)

TAINTED MONEY IRE RISING.

Baptist Preacher Says That It Is Sweeping Over Country.

PENITENCE THE PREVENTIVE

Advises Rockefeller to Bestow Wealth as Restitution for Sins.

Pittsfield, Mass., May 23.—[Special.]—The Rev. Herbert S. Johnson, pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist church of Boston, one of the largest churches of the denomination in that city, declared here today that Baptist clergymen throughout the country are in revolt against John D. Rockefeller's gifts to the church. Asked if the Baptists were to continue to receive Mr. Rockefeller's money, he said:

"While the masses of the Baptists are not affected by the feeling of protest, nevertheless to my personal knowledge there are Baptist ministers in all parts of the United States, from Maine to California, north and south, who are ready to unite in a public protest. I believe this protest will be made.

"It is not a sporadic uprising, but part of a movement to change the standard of ethics in the churches of the United States. The agitation will crystallize soon. These are facts which no newspaper has hinted at before, because it was not known such a plan was on.

"An interiew with me on tainted money, along with statements by others, was telegraphed all over the country. The result has been a flood of letters from every quarter of the continent, and they all are in the same strain. It is not the Congregationalists alone who are aroused over the disastrous moral effect of taking this money.

"I think Mr. Rockefeller should restore his wealth to the government or give it in philanthropy; but before doing so he should acknowledge publicly that he gives the money as a penitent. Under those circumstances the church would be justified in accepting his money. It cannot accept it from one who claims to be in the spirit of Christ, but who yet has laid the foundation for his wealth in outrageous injustice and oppression.

He Advised Restitution.

"Since the agitation began one of the most prominent men in this country—one whose name represents something in the world—a business associate of Rockefeller, said to him, in substance: 'You are an old man. Your influence has been bad. I beseech you either to meet the charges brought against you, if possible, or, if not, publicly to acknowledge that you have sinned in the acquisition of your wealth, and you therefore will restore it to the people to whom it belongs. You will soon die. Your duty to humanity demands that you meet the charges or declare your sin!'"

Score the American Board.

Peacedale, R. I., May 23.—The recent gift by John D. Rockefeller of $100,000 to the American board of commissioners for foreign missions was discussed at the conference of Congregational churches here today. A resolution was adopted declaring that the acceptance of this money was not in accord with the best interests of the church.

BOY VICTIM OF POLAR BEAR.

Suffers Broken Leg and Other Injuries While on Outing in Philadelphia Park.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 23.—[Special.]—Willard Kyle, aged 7, suffered a broken leg and otherwise was seriously injured today by a polar bear at the zoological garden. Kyle was one of a number of pupils chaperoned by their teachers while on a park outing, and in picking up a ball near the bear cage the animal seized him by thrusting its paws between the bars. The animal's claws cut deep into the flesh, one blow laying open his scalp. His clothing was torn to shreds. Keepers beat off the animal with iron bars. The teachers, overcome by the sight, fainted.

MYSTERY DEEPENS IN SAVANNA CRIME

Entire Village Suspects One Prominent Man of Being Assassin of Daniel S. Berry.

ALIBI SEEMS COMPLETE.

Romance in the Lives of Slain Attorney and Wife of Friend Who Rests Under Public Suspicion.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Savanna, Ill., May 23.—[Special.]—Mystery, deepening with every hour, yet threatening to clear with an even greater sensation, surrounds the assassination of Daniel S. Berry, lawyer and politician, who was shot down at the door of his office at 9:30 o'clock Monday morning.

Despite the fact that the coroner's jury today declared that Berry met death at the hands of persons unknown to the jury, half—perhaps three-quarters—of the population of the town believes that the lawyer, once one of the foremost figures in Illinois politics, was slain by Bothwell Pulford, formerly Berry's best friend, who was saved from ruin by Berry, but who, for the last eight years has been the bitter enemy of the man who saved him—because of a woman—Pulford's handsome wife.

Mystery Hinges on an Alibi.

The whole mystery—one of the strangest in the criminal history of Illinois—now hinges upon the alibi established by Pulford. A woman declares that, when the shots that ended "Big Dan" Berry's life were fired, Pulford was talking with her in the drug store, underneath the office of Berry. Druggist Pulford's clerk swore at the inquest that his employer was talking with the woman customer.

Yet Lyman Taylor, one of the strongest characters in the town, an ex-sheriff and a man of undoubted truth, who, besides, is one of Pulford's closest friends—closer even than he was to Berry—declares that, to the best of his knowledge, Pulford was not in the drug store when the shots were fired and that he saw the druggist, three minutes after the murder was committed, step from behind his prescription case.

Upon the alibi which was established so securely at the inquest depends the fate of Savanna's richest man—the man made rich by Berry, whom he now stands morally accused, perhaps by half the community, of murdering.

Pulford Insanely Jealous.

For nearly eight years Pulford, a man 50 years old, nervous almost to the point of insanity, has been insanely jealous of "Big Dan" Berry. Time and again the men have threatened each other and both men have gone armed for years. Despite this, Pulford has stated that he and Berry were on friendly terms.

It is claimed by their closest friends that the men have not spoken since the day that Pulford, wild with jealousy, openly accused Berry of alienating the affections of his wife. Yet, in spite of this fact, Berry has continued to occupy offices in the Opera House block, owned by Pulford, and in which the druggist has his store.

"The Woman in the Case."

The woman in the case is Mrs. Sidney Pulford. She was Mrs. Sidney Jinks, and the gossips in Savanna declare that Pulford was the instigator of the divorce that she secured from her first husband. She is a tall, buxom woman, with jet black hair and black

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SCARING OUR CUSTOMERS AWAY.

TWO DIE RESISTING ARREST.

Sheriff's Posse Kills Father and Son Who Showed Fight.

DEPUTY SHOT BY YOUNG MAN.

Quarrel Over Service of Replevin Writ Brings On Battle.

Waverly, Ill., May 23.—[Special.]—W. W. Paul, aged 60, and his son, Tilford, aged 30, were killed by a sheriff's posse while resisting arrest near here today and Deputy Sheriff Hardin Turner of Waverly was shot in the shoulder in the fight which preceded their death.

The posse, which comprised three men led by Turner, was attempting to serve a warrant on the elder Paul, charging him with resisting an officer and assault with murderous intent.

The fight was precipitated by Tilford Paul, who shot the deputy after his father had warned him to go away.

The Paul family, which comprises the father, wife, and three sons, has been residing at the Caldwell farm in the vicinity of Franklin, but this morning began loading their effects, preparatory to driving overland to Frederickstown, Mo., where they proposed making their home.

Defy Two Constables.

Their effects were carried in a wagon and buggy. They had four horses and a colt. A writ of replevin had been sworn out at Franklin for one of the animals, and when Constable James Roundtree reached the Caldwell farm the family had left and were headed toward Waverly. He started in pursuit and overhauled the party on the road.

Roundtree attempted to serve the writ on the elder Paul, who raised the gun to his shoulder and advised him to clear out. Hastening to Waverly, Roundtree laid the matter before Constable Joe Lombard, who agreed to accompany him and endeavor to reason with the old man.

When they reached the family the old man again raised his gun and warned them to let him alone if they did not want to get hurt. The constables returned to Waverly and swore out a state warrant, charging Paul with resisting an officer in discharge of his duty and with assault with intent to kill.

Three Undertake Arrest.

This was given to Deputy Sheriff Hardin Turner to serve, who declined until assured of his fees by the Franklin officer. Turner asked James Cranfield, deputy game warden, and his friend Robert Breeden, who were sitting in a buggy, to drive him after the family, for they had by this time passed through Waverly and were headed for Auburn. He deputized them as officers to assist in making the arrest if necessary.

A mile from Waverly they overtook the family and asked the old man if Paul was his name. He replied it was and was informed they had a warrant for his arrest.

Paul was walking alongside his wagon carrying a shotgun over his shoulder. Drawing it to aim, he told them the best thing they could do was to go about their business. At this the son, Tilford, stepped up with another shotgun and declared he would kill the first one of the three officers who attempted to get out of the buggy.

Fusillade Follows Move.

Breeden paid no attention to the threat and was in the act of jumping out when Tilford fired point blank at him, the shot taking effect in his shoulder. The officers immediately drew their revolvers and commenced firing at the two men, who replied until they were shot down.

The father was killed instantly, shot through the body and head. The son was in an unconscious condition when the attacking party reached him. He was shot through the body and died a few moments later.

No effort was made to remove the bodies and no further interference was offered by other members of the family. The grief of the woman so unexpectedly made a widow was pitiful. Coroner Spencer of Murrayvills reached home this evening and immediately started for the scene.

The trouble started over the allegation that Paul had failed to settle with the owner of the sire of his colt, who insisted on having pay before the family got out of the county. A large number of citizens from Waverly and other towns in that section walked out to the scene of the tragedy this evening.

WEEKLY SCORES PRESIDENT; CIRCULATION IS PROHIBITED.

Superintendent of Schools in Washington Stops Free Distribution of "Our Dumb Animals."

Washington, D. C., May 23.—[Special.]—A mild sensation was caused in school circles here today when it became known that an official order issued by Alexander T. Stuart, superintendent of public schools in Washington, is prohibiting the circulation of the May number of Our Dumb Animals, a publication issued in Boston, because the editor attacked President Roosevelt for killing wild game on his recent hunting trip.

The magazine has of late been distributed among school children in Washington gratuitously by the Washington Humane society. In the current issue there were several articles criticising the president, one in particular being regarded as extremely violent by the public school authorities. It is urged upon pupils not to emulate the example set by the president in killing animals at this time of year when most of them are bearing young.

It was said that the president should not slay any wild beast, and he was called severely to task for setting such a deplorable example.

In speaking of the matter this evening Supt. Stuart said: "The articles in question in my opinion insult the president of the United States, and I regarded it as my duty to call the attention of President Gordon of the board of education to them. He agreed with me that their circulation should be prohibited. I believe I was right. The articles criticised the president and are not such as should be placed in the hands of children to prejudice their youthful minds against the chief executive. The matter may be brought up before the board at its meeting tomorrow night, when official action undoubtedly will be had."

GIRL AGED SEVEN SAVES LIFE.

Rescues Companion from Drowning by Grasping Her by Hair as She Is Sinking Third Time.

Muskegon, Mich., May 23.—[Special.]—Mattie Jesperson, aged 7 years, rescued her companion, Frances Charland, aged 6, from drowning today while they were playing at a dock on the shore of Muskegon lake. The younger of the children was sinking for the third time when her companion grasped her by the hair and brought her ashore.

PEACE SIGNS FADE; TROOPS MAY COME

Conference Between Express Managers and Business Agent Barry Spoils Prospect.

BOTH SIDES "STAND PAT."

Strike Zone Widens, Taking In Lumber Business, but Violence Does Not Increase.

MAYOR TO CALL MILITIA SOON.

Efforts to bring about peace in the teamsters' strike failed signally and surprisingly last night. The day had offered bright prospects centering on a conference at sundown, but after that conference was ended all present hopes of a settlement were abandoned by both parties to the struggle. The expectation is now for troops within a day or two.

The meeting upon which high hopes had been placed was held in the office of Attorney Levy Mayer. It was between the railway express managers and James B. Barry, business agent of the express drivers.

Express Companies Say No.

The express companies promptly and emphatically refused Mr. Barry's demand for the reinstatement of all of the striking express drivers except those guilty of violence—the only offer, he said, that his union empowered him to make.

When the business agent asked the representatives of the companies whether they would agree to an interchange of men—take former employés of the American Express company in the employ of the United States Express company and so on, down the line—he was told that the employers would not guarantee any such proposition—that all applications "would have to be considered on their merits."

Strike Zone Widening.

The failure of the express companies and the union to agree on terms of settlement came after a day that saw a material widening of the strike zone. Nearly 500 teamsters, employed by the twenty-six different lumber firms, struck when ordered to deliver to strike affected houses.

From 150 to 200 more lumber teamsters probably will strike this morning, it being the intention of members of the Lumbermen's association to force the issue. Officers of the Association of Manufacturers of Building Material, employing 700 teamsters, and the millmen, manufacturers of sashes, doors, and blinds, with 125 drivers, announced after meetings in the Rector building that they would deliver wherever they had orders, including to strike bound houses.

In spite of the spread of the strike there was no perceptible increase of violence. During the day 175 "importations" were received from Missouri—mostly farm boys. Three hundred are expected today.

Long Drawn Out, Says Mayor.

Late at night Mayor Dunne said to THE TRIBUNE:

"It looks as if it would be a long drawn out struggle now. Both sides seem to forget that 2,000,000 people are suffering on account of their failure to come to terms.

"The police department will be able to fill all requisitions tomorrow (Wednesday), I am informed, and unless the strike spreads more rapidly than we expect it will not be necessary to call for the militia tomorrow. As to what will be needed the next day no one can tell. We simply have to keep in close touch with the situation. I shall look over the field tomorrow morning again.

"Peace, life, and property will be preserved, and if the militia is required it will be called out promptly. I already have had several talks with Gov. Deneen on that subject."

Sheriff Barrett's statement at midnight was to the same effect.

Looks Stormy to Levy Mayer.

As representing the final word for the day on behalf of the employers Levy Mayer said late at night that the strike situation presented nothing to his mind but a renewal of hostilities.

"So far as I know," said he, "there will be no peace conferences tomorrow. The employers have done everything they can to bring an end to the struggle, but if there is peace it must be an honorable peace."

Mr. Mayer expressed some question as to whether the police could furnish guards enough for the wagons of the lumbermen today, saying that he understood they had asked for 650 policemen. He is satisfied, however, that Mayor Dunne will call for troops as soon as they are needed.

Joint Council Now for "War."

Learning that peace plans had failed the teamsters' joint council late last night prepared for a long strike siege. The stand taken by the express companies was regarded as final by the teamsters and the talk in the council meeting was all for "more strike."

"We are sorry the express companies saw fit to take the position they have," said President Shea after the meeting, "and I suppose it means a long drawn out contest. I will say that we are ready for anything that comes, and so far as the strikers are concerned there will be no weakening."

Feeling in this mood, the teamsters refused to consider a request which had come from the wholesale grocery firms. The grocery men had asked that they be permitted to deliver goods to their customers instead of forcing the small retail dealer to come after his supplies.

"If they want any favors," said Hugh Mo-

Gee, president of the truck drivers' union, "let them help to settle the strike."

After arranging for a massmeeting of the striking teamsters, to be held tonight in Bricklayers' hall, the council adjourned.

Calling the Futile Conference.

The meeting between Business Agent Barry and the express company agents in the early evening was the result of efforts that had been made by a number of persons anxious for peace. The aldermanic committee had something to do with it. So had Mayor Dunne and President Hines of the wood industries.

The express agents, after a meeting in the morning at Mayor Dunne's office, at which nothing was accomplished, assembled at 1 o'clock in the afternoon in the office of Attorney Mayer. They had been told that Business Agent Barry wished to see them. They waited just fifteen minutes for him to appear, and when he failed to do so they departed without expressing any regret.

"Barry asked for the meeting, not we," said one of the agents as the party descended in the elevator.

President Shea of the International Teamsters' union, who was over in the building on another matter, expressed regret that the meeting between the agents and the union official had not taken place.

"Barry didn't know about it, I guess," he said.

Final Conference at 6:30 P. M.

All of the express company managers denied in the afternoon that there would be any further attempt at a conference between them and Barry, but shortly after 6:30 o'clock in the evening they went to the office of Mr. Mayer. They were shown into the library. Barry, who appeared a few minutes later, remained in the reception room and told his troubles to reporters until an office boy came for him.

At the conference the following express company managers were present:

Alonzo Wygant, United States.
Bernard Wygant, Wells-Fargo.
J. L. Calhoun, Adams.
George C. Taylor, American.
George H. Whittle, Pacific.
C. B. Cooper, Northern Pacific and National.

Attorney Mayer and Alfred S. Austrian were there for the employers, and Jacob L. Kesner also was present.

Demand of the Union.

This was the demand made by Mr. Barry as Mr. Mayer wrote it down:

"I want all the men reinstated except those guilty of violence. I cannot do any differently. That is what the local organization wants, and that is all that I can do. They told me that they all want to go back in a body or they won't go back at all. That is the position of the local union."

"We cannot agree to that," said Attorney Mayer and the agents. "You are asking an impossibility."

"Will you consent to employ the striking teamsters from other companies?" asked the business agent. "I have heard that the United States Express company is willing to take in its employ the striking men from the American, and so on. Perhaps my union would agree to that if they all got jobs with express companies—though I am not sure they would?"

"We will guarantee nothing," said one of the agents, with the approval of the rest. "Every application for work must be considered on its own merits. We reserve the right to employ or discharge whom we please."

Unable to Come to Terms.

"Then we cannot come to terms," said Barry, as he turned to go.

"Do you realise that you are standing in the way of peace in Chicago?" one of the agents asked.

"I am not," was the quick reply. "You seven men are the ones who are standing in the way of peace."

"Now don't go away from here with the idea that there is any blacklist against the strikers," said Levy Mayer.

"I might be reasonably certain there was a blacklist without being able to prove it," answered Barry.

"Our position will be just the same four years from now," said one of the managers, and the conference broke up. When he came out, Barry said to the reporters:

"I honestly believe Levy Mayer was doing his best to bring about peace, but those express managers are a cold lot."

None of the express managers would say anything as they left the building.

Federation Raises New Obstacle.

Another complication which may prove a serious obstacle to ultimate peace is the attitude taken by the Chicago Federation of Labor strike committee. This committee maintains that the garment workers' trouble is still a part of the present controversy, and that the strike cannot be settled until the wholesale clothiers agree to arbitrate with their strikers.

The federation committee discussed this matter at its meeting in the afternoon and came to the conclusion practically that the central labor body would not place its seal of approval upon any settlement which did not contain provision for the garment workers.

"The idea that the garment workers have released the teamsters from the sympathetic action which they took on April 6 is a mistake," said President Charles Dold of the federation of labor. "Our committee will never call off the strike until the trouble of the garment workers is satisfactorily adjusted."

There are officials in the teamsters' union, however, who do not have the same understanding regarding the status of the garment workers' strike, and who declare that the strike has now become a teamsters' battle, pure and simple, for the reinstatement of the men who went on strike.

Teamsters Appoint Committee.

The Teamsters' council appointed a committee to confer with the Chicago Team Owners' association regarding an arbitration of the union's refusal to allow the Team Owners to deliver to strike bound houses. Officers of the latter organization seemed to derive considerable satisfaction from the "concession" of the union.

The committee of teamsters that will confer with President Harth, Secretary Cavanagh, and T. J. Dixon of the Team Owners, is composed of Jerry McCarthy of the Truck Drivers, L. H. Beebe of the Van Drivers and Helpers, and John Smyth of the Coal Drivers.

"When are you going to arbitrate that issue?" one of the committee was asked.

He did not answer. He only laughed. Meanwhile individual members of the Team Owners' association continue to make deliveries to boycotted houses with nonunion teamsters.

State Board May Investigate.

All the members of the state board of arbitration are now in Chicago, Chauncey Geiger, the last to arrive, having reached here last night. After making ineffectual efforts to act in a conciliatory way the board now is contemplating an investigation of the strike under a state statute which gives it the power to subpœna witnesses. B. F. Shadley, one member who has been on the scene since the strike began, is awaiting instructions from Gov. Deneen before entering upon such a course.

STRIKE LEADERS HAVE TO ANSWER.

Judge Kohlsaat Says They Must Reply to Questions Put by Attorneys.

MUST REVEAL THE TRUTH

Lawyers Mayer and Austrian Expect to Develop Important Testimony.

Cornelius P. Shea and several of his associates have been warned by Judge C. C. Kohlsaat to modify their defiant attitudes when they take the witness stand this morning at the resumption of the strike hearing before Master in Chancery Sherman. A vast amount of important evidence showing methods used by unions engaged in the present strike is likely to be secured if the union leaders follow the ruling of Judge Kohlsaat and answer questions put to them by Levy Mayer and Alfred Austrian, which they had refused to answer before because their answers might tend to incriminate them.

Developments came thick and fast in the legal proceedings of the strike situation yesterday. Judge Kohlsaat signed orders citing sixty persons to appear before him at 10 o'clock a. m. May 31 to show cause why they should not be held in contempt of court for violating the injunction secured by the express companies and Employers' Teaming association. Shortly afterward he issued a temporary injunction restraining the Goodrich Transportation company from discriminating against Montgomery Ward & Co. and other big mercantile houses affected by the strike.

Strike Leaders Cited.

Before court adjourned notice was given to the attorneys for the strikers that the following persons must appear before Master Sherman this morning to answer most of the questions they had declined to answer:

James B. Barry, business agent for the Express Drivers' union, local 720.
John H. Donahue, former express driver, local 720.
Bernard Mulligan, president of Railway Express Drivers, local 720.
Adolph Pfeil, former express driver and member of local 720.
Cornelius P. Shea, president of the International Teamsters' union.

Questions Must Be Answered.

Attorneys Mayer and Austrian attach much importance to the testimony which it is expected Shea will give, now that he has been ordered to do so by the United States court. If Shea and Barry persist in declining to answer those questions on the claim of personal privilege they will be taken again before Judge Kohlsaat, who will punish them for contempt of court. Shea and his associates gave no inkling as to what course they will pursue today, but it was intimated that there would be a stubborn resistance to revealing anything further as to actions of union officials in connection with the strike.

John H. Donahue was ordered to answer the following question, which he had refused to answer in the Sherman hearing:

"Now, when you started on April 28 to operate the government wagon of the United States Express company, were you doing it under a permit?"

Donahue was driver of a wagon used in government business and witnesses testified that he had a permit to pass the picket lines.

Some of the Pertinent Queries.

Shea will have to tell of meetings held at the Grand Pacific and Wellington hotels at which the strike situation was discussed. Shea had declined to tell whom he saw at those meetings because his answers might tend to incriminate him. He is ordered to answer the following questions:

Were you at the Grand Pacific hotel on the morning of April 11, 1905?
Do you know the Barry who was present at that meeting, at which you were present?
Were you at the Wellington hotel on April 8?
Do you know John V. Farwell Jr.?
Have you met any of these men I have just mentioned who were at the above mentioned meeting?
Did any of the persons I have mentioned discuss in your hearing the calling or not calling of a strike?

James B. Barry was instructed to answer these questions:

Did you have a conversation with your attorneys before you took the stand?
Are you the business agent of your local?
What are your duties as a business agent?

John H. Donahue was ordered to give answers to these questions:

What position does Ryan occupy in your local 720, and what did he occupy on April 27?
Did you ever see that order? [referring to the order allowing wagons to go unmolested through the streets.]
Does James B. Barry hold office in your local?
Have you had a conversation with Barn Steward Sherwin since April 28?
When you quit the American Express company, did any other member of the local quit?

Would Apply Rule to Thorne.

Attorney Cruice served notice on opposing counsel that the strikers' attorneys wanted Robert J. Thorne to show cause why he should not be made to answer certain questions put to him which he had refused to answer regardless of the ruling of the master to the contrary.

The slugging of strike breaker Frank Curry was described in affidavits made by operators of the Mooney & Boland agency. One affidavit said a policeman wearing a star numbered 2,854 was holding Curry when he was assaulted and that he did not attempt to arrest a union teamster who struck Curry twice. Another affidavit charged that a member of the city fire department wearing badge No. 695 took part in assaults upon nonunion men.

F. K. Buckminster, a private detective in charge of wagons for the express companies; H. F. Young, head of a private detective company; Charles T. Haas, also of a detective agency; Police Lieut. James L. Mooney of the Harrison street police station, were among those who gave important affidavits.

ATTACK WAGON; INJURE DRIVER

Crowd Gathers Around McNeill & Higgins Vehicle and Brick Fells George Custer.

A wagon of the McNeill & Higgins company was attacked by a crowd of men at Armitage and Milwaukee avenues yesterday afternoon. George Custer, a nonunion driver, was injured severely. When the crowd began jeering the driver the accompanying deputy sheriff endeavored to arrest one of the men.

In reply a brick was thrown, hitting Custer on the head, and he fell back into the wagon unconscious.

The police of the Attrill street station were called and the crowd was dispersed. Custer was taken to the county hospital. Michael Murray, 30 West Fullerton avenue, was arrested on the charge of inciting the trouble.

EGG CANDLERS ARE STRIKERS.

Work Dropped by 300 Because Increase of Pay Was Refused by Their Employers.

A strike of the 300 egg candlers employed in the butter and egg houses in South Water and West Randolph streets was called yesterday when a demand for an increase of 2 cents an hour in their wages was refused. For the last year the candlers have been receiving 28 cents an hour, but in their new contract they demanded 30 cents. They quit work at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, leaving many eggs unexamined. Secretary F. G. Low of the South Water street produce exchange promised the strikers to appoint a committee at a meeting today to confer with their employers. The strike has no connection with the teamsters' controversy.

WITH IMPURE DRINKING WATER

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Destroys the germs of typhoid and other fevers. Makes a refreshing and cooling summer drink.

HELD FOR UNION MURDER.

GRAND JURY INDICTS 12 MEN IN WAGON WORKERS' CASE.

True Bills Voted Against Nine Members of the Labor Organization and Three Alleged Sluggers for Death of C. J. Carlstrom and Assaults on Others—Charge Is Conspiracy and Attempt to Kill—Defense Asserts Victim Succumbed to Pneumonia.

True bills against nine members of the Wagon and Carriage Workers' union No. 4 and three alleged "sluggers" who are held responsible for the death of Charles J. Carlstrom were voted by the May grand jury yesterday. Indictments were returned into Judge Barnes' court at 5 o'clock. The witnesses gave such testimony only as would lead to an indictment of the accused twelve on grounds of conspiracy and attempted murder.

The men indicted, all but the last three of whom are members of the Carriage and Wagon Makers' union, are as follows:

George Meller, president.
Edward Shields, secretary.
Henry Newman, financial secretary.
Charles Casey, business agent.
John Hedden.
George Miller.
George Mullen.
Charles Deutsch.
Frank Novak.
Charles Gilhooley.
Marcus Looney.
Edward Feely.

Indictments Not for Murder.

It is significant that the bills did not read murder. Assistant State's Attorney Fred Fake, the prosecutor, is believed to have instructed the inquisitors particularly on this point, as the defense probably will rest its case on attempts to prove that Carlstrom's death was brought on by pneumonia. The fact, however, that Dr. Harold Moyer, expert witness, was unable to ascribe Carlstrom's death even incidentally to his experience with "educational methods" may weaken the prosecution considerably.

Three indictments were returned against the entire twelve, each charging conspiracy. The defendants thus will be made answerable not only for the death of Carlstrom but for violence perpetrated on John C. Herman, William Anderson, and Willis Williams, former members of the union.

One indictment charging conspiracy in the assault upon Williams was returned against Looney and Gilhooley, who are said to be the hired "sluggers" of the union. The last indictment charged the entire dozen with assault with intent to kill and murder.

Jurors Report Their Conclusions.

Late in the afternoon the members of the grand jury, led by Chairman McCormick, filed into Judge Barnes' court. The judge handed the indictments to the ledger clerk, who, with an air of secrecy, rode up and down several elevators, finally depositing the documents in the Criminal court clerk's office just as the doors closed.

The inquiry began at the morning session of the jury. Among the witnesses were Fred L. Meckel, who was Carlstrom's employer; Inspector P. J. Lavin, Dr. Harold Moyer, Dr. C. O. Young, Dr. H. G. W. Reinhardt, Dr. Ludwig Hektoen, and Mrs. Amanda Carlstrom. Most of the physicians had attended the second post-mortem examination which was made after the body had been exhumed secretly in Oakwoods cemetery last Sunday morning, and removed to the Cook county morgue.

The three ex-members of the Wagon and Carriage Workers' union, the men who were "slugged," also appeared as witnesses. Anderson, Williams, and Herman told how they had been picked for the assault, how they had been marked, followed by Edward Feely, "the union bloodhound," how they finally had been set upon by men who they believed were Looney and Gilhooley.

Mrs. Carlstrom made a pathetic figure as she entered the witness room dressed in deep mourning, and leading her 6 year old child. She wept as she told the inquisitors how her husband had been brought home unconscious and terribly beaten. She related his intense suffering and his painful death. Also she testified to conversations she had had with her husband bearing on threats made upon him by members of the union when he refused to join in the strike.

Attorney Says "Sluggers Grafted."

Attorney Robert J. Cantwell will defend Gilhooley, Looney, and Feely.

"One of the 'sluggers,'" he said, "has made a confession, telling how he grafted on the strike committee. 'I had been promised $15,' he said, 'for every one of the men I put out of the way. Five men were marked out for me. I would come back and say: "I have thrown Bill through the window." Then I would get the $15, see? Why, it was easy money.'

"The police," said Mr. Cantwell, commenting on the confession he quoted, "have been investigating several cases of alleged slugging. They have found that persons reported to have been thrown out of windows and knocked down in the streets really had not received a visit from the members of the 'educational department.' We will bring proof of this when the trial begins. Moreover, we shall attempt to prove that Carlstrom died of pneumonia contracted before the injury that sent him to the hospital."

GOODRICH LINE IS ENJOINED.

Court Says It Must Not Refuse to Deliver Freight to Firms Affected by the Strike.

Judge Kohlsaat granted a temporary order yesterday restraining the Goodrich Transportation company from refusing to accept freight consigned to Chicago firms which are affected by the labor struggle. Montgomery Ward & Co. in applying for the injunction, alleged that their goods and merchandise lie undelivered in the warehouses and freight houses of the transportation company which refuses to deliver them. In proof of discrimination the following letter, said to have been sent out by the transportation company over the signature of its general traffic manager, was presented to the court:

To all agents: Until further notice, on account of the strike at Chicago, do not accept shipment to be forwarded to places beyond Chicago via any of the express companies, and do not accept shipments consigned to the following firms at Chicago:

Montgomery Ward & Co.	Siegel, Cooper & Co.
Marshall Field & Co.	A. M. Rothschild & Co.
The Fair store.	Mandel Bros.
The Boston store.	Western Electric Co.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.	Sprague, Warner & Co.

This does not interfere with any traffic moving through Chicago and being consigned via the railroad lines as freight. Prompt transfers are now being made from our docks to the several railway depots with all shipments.

CHARLES B. HOPPER, G. T. A.

Both team owners and teamsters say they look for no complications to follow the Goodrich injunction.

STATE TROOPS READY FOR CALL.

Adjt. Gen. Scott Passes Through Chicago and Stops to Confer with Brig. Gen. Moulton.

Brig. Gen. George M. Moulton, commanding the First brigade of the Illinois National Guard, and Adjt. Gen. Thomas W. Scott met yesterday afternoon when the latter passed through Chicago on the way to the G. A. R. celebration at Rockford. Gen. Scott learned from Gen. Moulton the situation in Chicago at the present time and then turned the conversation to the coming summer encampment.

What more passed between Gen. Scott and his junior officer is not known, but both officials say it will be possible to put the state troops in action in a few hours. All the militia in Chicago are ready for call.

There was no outward evidence around the Chicago armories yesterday of any unusual plans. Khaki uniforms were issued to the regiments several days ago. The issue, however, was made without display or comment.

"It will require but a few hours' notice to get us out," said an officer of the First regiment. "We are as fit as any body of national guardsmen in the country. If occasion demands the issue of ammunition we can lay our hands on 80,000 rounds and not go outside the city to get it. Two hundred thousand rounds are not far away from Chicago."

SEEKS ORIGIN OF SCHOOL STRIKES.

Board of Education Investigating Part of Principals and Teachers.

BOY LEADERS IN COURT.

Lads Who Emulated the Activities of Union Sluggers Come to Grief.

An investigation of the numerous school strikes has been begun by officials of the board of education with a view to ascertaining whether principals or teachers had a hand in their inception. This action has been taken as a result of the receipt of many letters in which teachers are charged specifically with having encouraged sympathetic demonstrations on the part of the school children.

Supt. Cooley said yesterday that as yet he had been unable to fix responsibility for any disturbances upon school teachers or principals. He declared that thus far his findings had confirmed the statements made by the instructors at the schools where strikes occurred that they had done everything in their power to prevent them and to check them when once started.

Quotes a Woman Principal.

As shedding light upon the attitude of some of the educators toward these strikes a school official of standing quoted the following words as having been uttered by a woman principal in the northwest division of the city:

"I will invite the pupils to strike if the dirty 'niggers' deliver coal at this school."

The school official declared he knew absolutely that this sentence was used and he was in a position to prove it. He stated further that many of the teachers employed at the school shared the sentiment expressed by the principal and had given voice to it on more than one occasion. The official declined to make known the name of the strike sympathizing principal for fear it would lead to her dismissal. An effort is to be made by the school trustees to secure her name.

President Mark's View.

"If it can be proved that any teacher or principal connected with the public schools by word or act encouraged the pupils to engage in a strike demonstration, drastic action will be taken by the board," declared President Clayton Mark.

Supt. Cooley declined to make known the contents of the letters he had received containing the assertions that teachers had displayed a lively interest in the school strikes.

"I cannot believe that the charges can be substantiated," he said, "and thus far the investigation has been fruitless."

The fact that the teachers themselves are "unionized" and affiliated with the Chicago Federation of Labor had led at least two trustees to the conclusion that they are morally, if not actually, responsible for the school demonstrations.

"The bare fact that the teachers are members of a labor union is a strong argument that they would not take drastic steps to put down a school strike to say the least," said one of these trustees.

Pupils Pay for "Sympathy."

While the school officials were receiving information connecting school teachers with the strikes, a score of youthful strikers were paying the price of their "sympathy" in the Juvenile court.

In a quarter of an hour that seemed all too brief for the "Gilhooley Band of Boy Sluggers of the Burr School," their adventures were brought to a sudden and inglorious end by the complete undoing of their unconquered leader, "Joe" Crane. In those fifteen minutes that elapsed between "Joe's" appearance in the prisoner's dock and his sentence to the John Worthy school all the bravado was taken out of the "fearless" leader, and sobbing bitterly he pleaded for mercy, to the great humiliation of his followers.

Imitates "Sluggers"; Overthrown.

"Joe" Crane, who lives at 2 Paulina street and is 14 years old, made a remarkable pugilistic record during his career as leader of the "Gilhooley band, etc." His downfall resulted from his ambition to enact in every detail the "slugging" of Charles J. Carlstrom.

One morning last week he read to his followers, Walter Korawo, 15 years old; John Lesnak, 13 years old; Eddie Jadoski, 12 years old, an account of the adventures of Gilhooley, which appeared in a "yellow" afternoon newspaper. The "band" was organized immediately, and Isadore Desser, a 14 year old lad and a son of a former employer of Joe's brother, was cast to play the rôle of Carlstrom. In this matter Isadore was not so much as consulted. He appeared in court and numbled an account of the attack upon him through swollen lips.

Victim, Dazed, Tells His Story.

"I don't know how it happened, judge," said Desser. "I saw Crane coming at me, and that's all I remember. When I woke up my 'lamps' were black, my lips were bleeding, and my nose half broken."

Crane's gang "went back" on him and told the whole story and then Principal F. L. Morse of the Burr school told of the finding of the paper containing a description of the Carlstrom slugging in the leader's pocket.

"This boy is the ringleader. I'll parole the other boys and send Crane to the Worthy school," said Judge Mack.

"I didn't ringlead," declared Crane, weeping torrents. "Redheaded Jim Hayse's bunch was after us and it was in self-defense."

Obeys "Skinny"; Is Sentenced.

Walter Zimmerman, charged with attempting to start a strike at the Talcott school, was led into the dock next. Walter said he tried to get the "kids" to strike because "Skinny" Harper told him to. Walter, who resides at 35 Emerson street, was sentenced to the Parental school and a warrant was issued for "Skinny" Harper, whose real name is Earl.

A conspiracy to prevent the delivery of "unfair" coal at the Drummond school, Clybourn place and Lincoln street, was discovered through the arrest of August Skaszynski, 1015 Winchester avenue; Frank Polczyk, 204 Webster avenue; and John Bonkowski, 230 Hervy street. When arraigned in the Juvenile court the boys admitted that they had organized a "secret society" at the school and pledged the fifty members to throw bricks at the nonunion teamsters if a delivery of coal should be made. The three leaders were sent to the Parental school.

"Strike Leader," Aged 10.

Otto Polinski was the youngest of the strike leaders brought into court. He was 10 years old and testified that he had tried to get "de kids" to go on strike. He was committed to the Parental school. Arthur Halpin, 117 Center street, leader of the Carpenter school strike, was sent to St. Charles.

The part he played in the Jenner school strike cost Joseph Mestechio a home. He had been adopted from St. Joseph's Orphan asylum, according to the statement of his foster mother.

"I was told he was an Italian," she said, "but as he grew older I could see by the shape of his head that he was not. I do not want him any more."

Joe was sent to Feehanville.

Others Who Receive Punishments.

Other strikers who received punishment for participating in school strikes were:

Beitinger, Paul, 4035 Wallace street; sent to Parental school.
Herdt, Loren, 777 Clybourn avenue; sent to Parental school.
Niger, Michael, 222 Center avenue; sent to Parental school.
O'Mally, Martin, 286 Grand avenue; sent to St. Charles.
Schimanski, Peter, 977 Robey street; sent to Parental school.
Stack, John, 628 West Forty-first street; sent to St. Charles.
Welsh, Edward, 608 West Forty-fourth street; paroled to Mrs. Roach.

The prosecution of the school strikers is to be continued by the board of education.

STRIKE IN LUMBER YARDS

DRIVERS REFUSE TO DELIVER TO "UNFAIR" HOUSES.

Resulting Discharges Followed by the Walking Out of 459 Teamsters—More Will Quit Today—Employers' Association Asserts Its Ability to Supply All the Nonunion Men Needed if the Authorities Can Provide Guards for the Wagons.

Nearly half of the firms belonging to the Lumbermen's association yesterday made good their promise to order deliveries to strike affected houses. Before the day was over 459 men had been added to the list of strikers, making a total of 590 strikers in this branch of business.

"It is safe to say," said Edward Hines, president of the United Wood Industries, in the evening, "that from 150 to 200 additional lumber teamsters will be added to the list tomorrow morning, for it is the intention of the Lumbermen's association to deliver to the boycotted firms. If it can't be done with union teamsters then the wagons will be taken out by nonunion teamsters furnished by the Employers' Teaming company."

Mr. Hines, whose 100 teamsters had gone on a strike the day before, obtained eight drivers from the Employers' Teaming company and delivered lumber under guard to State street department stores where additions are being built.

Deliveries also were made by the South Side Lumber company, which obtained ten men from the Employers', and by Rittenhouse & Embree and Lord & Bushnell with nonunion teamsters.

List of Strikes During Day.

The lumber firms whose men struck during the day were as follows:

	No. men out.
Acorn Lumber Co.	5
Burns, John E., Lumber Co.	30
Beidler, Francis & Co.	70
Chandler Lumber Co.	28
Clancy, Bishop & Co.	27
Deacon, J. C., & Co.	6
De Vries, S. J., & Co.	5
Gourley, Arthur, Co.	6
Gillispie, John, Lumber Co.	6
Green, George, Lumber Co.	4
Gardner, W. H. & G., Lumber Co.	10
Hettler, Herman H., Lumber Co.	15
Hudson Lumber Co.	25
Jones, Coates & Bailey	20
Mears, Charles H., & Co.	10
North Side Lumber and Timber Co.	5
Palmer, C. A.	50
Paulsen, Laurits	2
Pilsen Lumber Co.	20
Pulaski Lumber Co.	4
Sixty-third Street Lumber Co.	4
Soper Lumber Co.	40
South Side Lumber Co.	20
Street, Chatfield & Co.	12
Spry, John, Lumber Co.	25
Western Lumber Co.	6
Total	459

Firms whose men had struck previous to yesterday were Edward Hines Lumber company, 100 teamsters; Lord & Bushnell, 6; Rittenhouse & Embree, 25.

Many Nonunion Men Waiting.

Victor W. Sincere of the Employers' Teaming company said he had furnished all the drivers the lumber firms had asked.

"I had 300 idle drivers today," said he, "and believe that I can supply the lumber men with all they need. All they have to do is to ask for them. Whether the police and sheriff's office can furnish guards is another question."

The Employers' Teaming company received 275 men yesterday from Minneapolis and Detroit and expects to get 200 today from Buffalo and other eastern cities.

During the day there were meetings in the Lumbermen's association offices in the Rector building of two affiliated organizations of the United Wood Industries. These were the Association of Manufacturers of Building Material, which employs 700 teams, and the millmen with 125 teams. Officers of the two associations said that, while they were not going to precipitate matters, they would make deliveries wherever they received orders, and if their men struck they would be in the same position as the lumbermen.

Will Tie Up Planing Mills.

Robert Abels, secretary of the Lumber, Box, and Shaving Wagon Drivers' union, said that the strike would force the planing mills to close down.

"The mills cannot operate where the shaving bonses are full," he said. "The shavings would blow around the yard and the insurance firms would cancel their risks. Whenever the lumber drivers are out the shaving wagons drivers are out."

According to James Kirby, president of the Carpenters' District council, the strike in the lumber industry will affect nearly 1,000 carpenters before night, unless the companies are able to meet the situation with more dispatch than is anticipated.

Complications in the various other building trades are sure to follow the going out of the lumber drivers. The unions that first would be affected by the spread are the sheet metal and iron workers, the electrical workers, the engineers, the roofers, lathers, hod carriers, paper hangers, plumbers, and steam fitters.

Starts as Banner Year.

The building season this year began more auspiciously than any other in the city's history. There were 866 permits issued during April, representing a prospective outlay of $7,298,300. This broke all records, being $1,281,645 in excess of the aggregate value for March and more than double that for February.

The 866 permits called for the occupancy of nearly five miles of frontage, and though representing a larger investment carried a slightly smaller frontage than the March record. The total number of permits for the first four months of the year was 2,143, representing a total expenditure of $18,635,355.

Since the great building trades strike in 1901, when the old building trades council was broken up, there has been no trouble between contractors and the unions. New contracts and agreements were entered into and are still in existence.

NEGROES FAR AHEAD IN CRIME.

Chicago Statistics Show That with 2 Per Cent of Population They Have 12 Per Cent of Arrests.

Statistics of arrests on charges of felony in Chicago for the first three months of 1905 show that the negroes are far in the lead in proportion to their total numbers. The whole number of arrests on charges of felony was 2,836, divided as follows:

	Per cent total population.	No. arrests.	Per cent of arrests.
Americans (white)	62.8	1,783	63.6
Americans (black)	2.0	328	12.0
Germans	11.0	171	6.5
Irish	4.5	57	2.0
Poles	3.8	127	4.5
Russians	1.6	72	2.5
Italians	1.5	43	1.5
Unknown and scattering		255	8.0

Of 410 charges of burglary 276 were made against white Americans and seventy-three against negroes. Robbery charges, 237, were against Americans (white), 172; negroes, 21.

Of thirty-five murder charges thirteen were against white Americans. The Poles were second with four. The others were: Negroes, 2; Austrians, 1; English, 1; Germans, 3; Greeks, 3; Irish, 2; Italians, 2; Russians, 2; Swedes, 2.

Charges of receiving stolen property were against: Russians, 20; Poles, 7; negroes, 17.

ALLEGED HOG THIEVES CAUGHT.

Police Say Men Under Arrest Admit Having Stolen Many Pigs at the Stockyards.

James Cosgrove and Edward Fowler, a saloonkeeper at 3303 Halsted street, were arrested on charges of complicity in wholesale thefts of hogs from the Union stockyards. The police say the two prisoners confessed and implicated Harry Gray, Forty-second street and Ellis avenue, a hog broker, and John Keleher, 654 West Forty-third place.

Cosgrove and Fowler, the police say, sprung the locks on hog pens by striking them with a club, and then they would take four or five hogs from the pen and drive them to other pens where Gray and Keleher had other hogs. They would be sold with the others and the profits divided.

Since the hog thefts were first discovered last February hogs to the value of $2,600 have been stolen from pens in the yard. Capt. Clancy believes he has the men under arrest who are responsible for the thefts.

LACK TIME CLOCK IN THE CITY HALL

Commissioner Patterson Will Supply Need, "if Funds Can Be Found."

WOULD STOP ABSENCES.

He Suspends Man Who Failed to Return After Being Sent on Errand.

If money can be found to buy "time clocks" they will be installed in the city hall. Then clerks and inspectors will be compelled to record the time when they enter the doors in the morning and when they depart for luncheon and when they go home at night. They may also have to keep within the bounds of the noon hour when they go to luncheon.

This innovation was suggested yesterday by Commissioner of Public Works Patterson following the suspension for five days of Arnold Tripp, a clerk in the department, who disappeared for several hours.

Tripp was sent to the Auditorium Annex at noon by Commissioner Patterson to deliver some keys and failed to return.

Mails Keys and Takes Holiday.

When Commissioner Patterson learned of the matter he started an investigation. He learned that the city employé had not reached the Annex at all, but, evidently deciding to take the afternoon off, had mailed the keys to their destination, where they arrived by the late afternoon post.

A vigorous search had been made for the missing employé, and when he failed to return at 5 o'clock Commissioner Patterson issued the order suspending him.

Tripp is the son of former Ald. Arnold Tripp and was recently an inspector in the water department. For the last six weeks he has been acting as Frank Murphy's assistant in the department of public works.

"I guess Tripp must have decided to go to a ball game or something," Commissioner Patterson declared last night. "I have suspended him for his neglect of duty. I don't suppose the city has the money to invest in time clocks, but if it were possible I suppose I would install them."

Allis-Chalmers Gets Contract.

Commissioner Patterson's arbitration venture in the acceptance of bids by the city has resulted in the selection of the bid of the Allis-Chalmers company for building the pumping engine at the Washington Heights station, although the price is $945 above that of the lowest bid. James M. Brill was selected by the two bidders as arbitrator, and he submitted his conclusions, deciding that City Engineer Ericson's contention is correct and that the Allis-Chalmers bid should be accepted.

Would Restore City Clerk's Fees.

The council committee on judiciary recommended that the council revise "the revised code" so as to restore to City Clerk Anson the fees which that officeholder thinks the assistant corporation counsel, who drew up the new code, unjustly deprived him of. Under the old code the duty of accepting bonds given to the city was intrusted to both the city clerk and the city collector. A notarial fee of 25 cents was charged for each bond approved, and it amounted to something like $4,000 a year for each office. When the new code came out it appeared that somehow the name of the city clerk had been stricken out and the city collector was the only official entitled to receive these bonds.

THRONG OF POLITICIANS VISITS MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Two Appointments Made Monday Night Lead to Hope That Others Will Follow Soon, but Dunne Says Not Yet.

Mayor Dunne's outer office was filled with Democratic politicians all day yesterday. It was the first time they had appeared really in force since his inauguration. The mayor insisted, however, that it did not mean any rapid changes in the working force of the city hall.

The two appointments made by the mayor Monday night were the first purely political ones he has made. The selection of John A. Ploner as oil inspector is generally taken to mean that the mayor intends to join hands with the democrats outside of Chicago who are seeking to obtain control of the party organization in the state in opposition to the John P. Hopkins faction which now dominates it.

While Ploner is known as the friend of Sheriff Barrett, the new oil inspector is an original Hearst-Dunne-municipal ownership-free silver advocate, and this is the main reason for his appointment.

In order to make it, Ald. Carey's friend, former Oil Inspector Cummings, had to be dropped a peg, but both Carey and Cummings live in a community where they have to be at least nominally with the radical wing of the party.

Frank Kilcrane, who was dropped to make room for Cummings, has always been a Harrison democrat, and has fought successfully, so far as the Twentieth ward is concerned, all attempts of the radicals to capture delegates from that territory. The understanding is that he was removed for that reason.

The mayor laughs at the report that Robert E. Burke has been restored to the favor of the city administration.

SIX PERSONS TIRED OF LIFE.

Four of Them Succeed in Effort to Commit Suicide—Others May Recover.

Four persons committed suicide in Chicago yesterday, as follows:

CRUKE, ANTONIO, 35 years old, unmarried, 13439 Erie avenue; cut throat with razor.

JOHNSON, MRS. REGINA, 628 North Leavitt street; demented; turned on gas and was found dead.

PETERSON, ERNEST, 60 years old, 12 Clybourn avenue; hanged himself in warehouse of Albert Dickinson Seed company, where he was employed. Left widow and several sons.

WALTERS, FRANK, 33 years old, 646 Orchard street; inhaled gas; despondent over lack of employment. Left widow.

E. J. Brown, 25 years old, 1908 North Kedzie avenue, attempted to commit suicide by drinking carbolic acid, but will recover.

Miss Corlemio Broshan, 45 years old, was found unconscious in her house at 1553 Michigan avenue, and a gas jet was open. She may recover.

BUSINESS HOUSES SHOW GAINS.

Schedules Filed with Assessors Show Increases by Crane Company and Others.

Among the large property schedules filed with the board of assessors yesterday by Chicago business houses were the following:

Crane company plants in Chicago, $1,920,150; schedule last year, $1,780,150.

Butler Bros., 1-7 West Randolph street, $541,456; 1904, $497,200.

Eckhart & Swan Milling company, $111,923; 1904, $111,000.

Joseph T. Ryerson & Son, 18 Milwaukee avenue, $712,589.

Kelley, Maus & Co., $506,968.

American Cereal company, $112,070.

Mrs. Freelove M. Smith, 4727 Greenwood avenue, filed a schedule showing property valued at $152,600.

Lectures on Christian Science.

Two lectures on the subject of Christian Science will be given in Chicago tomorrow evening, one by Edward A. Kimball, C. S. D., at Third Church of Christ, Scientist, Washington boulevard and Leavitt street, and the other by W. D. McCracken, M. A., C. S. B., at University Congregational church, Fifty-sixth street and Madison avenue, under the auspices of Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist. These lectures are free.

It is a reasonable estimate that at least 75 per cent of the men that you meet are wearing clothes made from cotton mixed fabrics. Most of them don't know it—not yet; some of them deliberately bought the stuff because it was a little lower priced.

The fact is that all of them probably without exception paid more than the cloths were worth. There would be no market for the "mercerized cotton" cheat in clothes if such goods were offered on their merits at their real value.

If you're willing to wear cotton-mixed clothes, insist on getting them at a low enough price; pay for what they're worth, not for what they appear to be. If you want all-wool, reject everything not positively guaranteed by maker and dealer.

Our label is a guaranty; a small thing to look for, a big thing to find.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

FIVE SHORT STORIES IN SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE FOR JUNE

"Truegate of Mogador" by SEWELL FORD, illustrated by A. B. FROST, a comical story of the consular service.

"The Wicked Celestine" by JAMES B. CONNOLLY, illustrated by W. J. AYLWARD, another stirring sea yarn in a humorous vein.

"Through the Ivory Gate" by MARY RAYMOND SHIPMAN ANDREWS, illustrated by B. WEST CLINEDINST, a charming love story with an element of mystery of the spirit world.

"A Yellow Man and a White" a dramatic California story, by ELEANOR GATES, illustrated by F. C. YOHN, showing how a despised Chinaman proved a man of learning and a real benefactor.

"Our Wedding Breakfast and Kitchener" by ROBERT EMMET MACALARNEY, illustrated by HARRISON FISHER,—the Tammany boss and a hasty marriage.

25 Cts. at all Newsstands

BREAK IN STREETER'S ROMANCE

Captain of District of Lake Michigan Hopeful, However, That Bride Will Return.

South Bend, Ind., May 23.—[Special.]—The romance of Capt. George Wellington Streeter of the "district" of Lake Michigan has been shattered. After having married a second wife, a girl of 18, he is again alone in this city, his bride having left him.

"Yes," Capt. Streeter said, "I am afraid me alone, but I am not worrying. My wife will come back to me within a few days."

Capt. Streeter thinks his wife returned to Chicago. The captain is devo

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meet are wearing
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which he expects to launch

WIFE: IS KILLED.
Quarrels with His Spouse,
es to Room, Is Pur-
d, and Shoots.

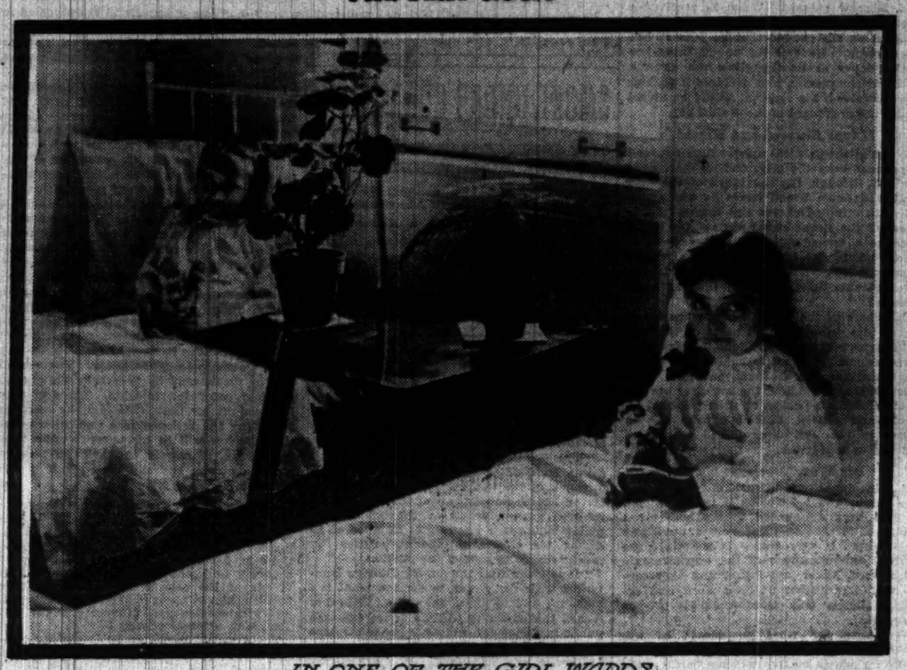
, 4118 Armour avenue, was
by his wife early this morn-
who is a colored laborer, had
t is said. His wife told the
to the house and began to
r, soon growing violent and
with a knife. She fled to her
d a revolver. Twitty forced
e says, and she then shot him.

nen Elect Officers.
d., May 23.—Frank T. Hawley
today was reelected grand mas-
men's Union of North America
by the national convention of the
ch is in session here. The other
vice grand master, S. E. Heber-
nd vice grand master, J. B. Con-
third vice grand master, A.
tsburg; grand secretary and
Welch, Buffalo.

Children in New Department of County Hospital Assist in Informal Dedication.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

THE PLAY ROOM



IN ONE OF THE GIRL WARDS

JAPANESE TROOPS CUT THE RAILROAD

Vladivostok Said to Have Been Isolated by Kuroki's Rapid March.

FLEET IN THE PACIFIC.

Rojestvensky Eludes Togo's Squadrons, Which Remain Near Corean Coast.

BULLETIN.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
LONDON, May 24, 3 a. m.—There is a rumor from Tokio that Rojestvensky's fleet has passed the open Pacific by way of Bashee channel, while a Shanghai report professes to locate Togo's ships off Masampo. Neither report can be confirmed.

BULLETIN.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright, 1905: By the New York Herald.]
TOKIO, May 23.—An important conference was held at the residence of the premier in this city today. It is reported that the Russian armada has gained the Pacific, and that the receipt of this news was the cause of calling the conference.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
LONDON, May 24, 3 a. m.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tokio asserts that the Japanese army has cut the railroad between Harbin and Vladivostok and that the latter part is now isolated, making Rojestvensky's voyage futile.

With this startling news comes another report from Tokio that Rojestvensky's fleet has passed into the Pacific ocean, through the Bashee channel, south of the island of Formosa. Togo's fleet, it is asserted, remains at Masampo, off the southern coast of Corea.

If a Japanese army has reached and cut the railroad to Vladivostok, then Kuroki and Kawamura have completely turned the Russian left flank. If this is the case, Gen. Linevitch is in a more hopeless situation than was Kouropatkin at Mukden.

The Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent adds that the Japanese army has been reinforced so that its strength now is equal to that prior to the battle of Mukden. Railway communication between Dalny and Mukden has been restored. The Russians apparently are becoming active on the borders of Mongolia, in the neighborhood of Sinminting, and the attempts of their cavalry, as usual, have failed to reveal to them the manner in which the Japanese line of march is proceeding.

Correspondents at St. Petersburg contribute little news, but intimate a general existence there is news of severe fighting.

The Russians are reported to have accumulated a number of hospital trains and wagons at Guntsuling, 108 miles north of Tie pass, but all inference as to the probable scene of the battle, drawn from the imperfect information which abounds, is valueless.

LINEVITCH FORCING BATTLE.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 23.—The news from the front continues to point to the imminence of a renewal of fighting on a large scale. Gen. Linevitch is pressing the Japanese center both on the line of the railway and on the Mandarin road, but whether he is simply feeling out Field Marshal Oyama's strength or has assumed a genuine offensive is not yet clear.

There is no doubt, however, that Linevitch has made complete preparation for a big battle. All the Russian sick and wounded who were at Harbin and places south of there have been transported westward to Irkutsk and orders have been given to clear the intervening hospitals. The sanitary trains have also been ordered to the front.

Gen. Linevitch, in a dispatch from the front dated May 21, announces that the Russian detachment east of the railroad, which on May 18 approached the village of Shahotse and was attacked by a considerable force of Japanese from the coal mines south of that place, occupied Shahotse on May 19 and continued southward on May 20. Prince Dubetskoy's detachment met the Japanese artillery fire on May 17 near Changtufu station, but the Japanese were forced to evacuate the position and retire southward. The force on May 20 advanced farther southward, and another Russian detachment on May 20 exchanged rifle fire with a strong Japanese force occupying the village of Argan, about four miles west of Kintsantso.

The admiralty admits that no direct advices have been received from Rojestvensky for ten days, when it is believed he set out on his long voyage. The report of Rojestvensky's death was ridiculed at the admiralty.

JAPS REPULSE RUSSIANS.

TOKIO, May 23.—Imperial army headquarters reporting today says:

"The Russian cavalry which detoured toward Fakumen from the right bank of the Hun river was frequently defeated by our line guards. On May 20, after their failure in the vicinity of Tafangshen, they camped with the main strength at Sinotatzu, twenty-six miles from Fakumen, and on May 21 they retreated to the right bank of the Malien river.

"In the meantime a few companies of the enemy's forces remaining on the left bank of the Malien river were defeated and retreated northward in disorder. Otherwise the situation is unchanged."

HANG GRAND DUKE'S ASSASSIN.

Ivan Kaleieff, Who Killed Sergius in Moscow, Dies on the Scaffold Unrepentent.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 23.—It was semi-officially announced today that Ivan Kaleieff, who murdered the grand duke Sergius at Moscow on Feb. 17, was hanged at 3 o'clock this morning.

On the scaffold Kaleieff made a speech, in which he said:

"It is said that I asked for pardon. It is a lie. I am faithful to the tradition of the People's Will. I do not ask any favor. I am glad to die."

The "People's Will" is the name formerly borne by the party identical with the present Social revolutionaries.

CASTRO PARDONS; LUCKY DAY.

President of Venezuela Decrees Amnesty to Political Prisoners on Anniversary of Revolution.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1905: By the New York Herald.]
CARACAS, May 23.—Signalizing the opening of congress on his lucky day, and the anniversary of his constitutional presidency of six years, President Castro has decreed amnesty to all Venezuelans, who, for political reasons, have been expatriated, and they are permitted to return to the country.

The amnesty also extends to political prisoners in Venezuela below the grade of colonel. There are about 1,500 political prisoners confined in dungeons in Caracas, La Guayra, Puerto Cabello, and Maracaibo.

HER FEET ARE ENJOINED.

JUDGE FORBIDS MYRTLE GREENBAUM TO ATTEND DANCES.

Ward of the Juvenile Court Is Informed That She Must Stay Home at Night and "Remain Good" — Her Mother, Who Had Grown Weary of Accompanying the Child to Balls, Weeps with Joy When the Jurist's Admonition Is Given.

One of those girls who "would rather dance than eat" has fallen, or been plunged, into the wave of reform, and her mother will now "get some rest."

The girl is Myrtle Greenbaum, 16 years old. Judge Mack in the Juvenile court yesterday prescribed for her as follows:

No dances.
No nights out.
Obedience to mother.

When this formula was submitted to Myrtle and she agreed to adopt it, Mrs. Greenbaum, wearied with watching her child through six months of merriment, wept from joy after sighing with relief. It had been a strenuous half year for the mother, who, being older than the daughter, found no comfort in the gayety of late hours and dances.

Six Months of "Dancing Fever."

The initial attack of "dancing fever" as Myrtle's malady was referred to in court, came on the young woman six months ago. She has been a ward of the Juvenile court for several years, her father having deserted his family nine years ago.

When the girl asked her mother for permission to dance it was granted. Her dance nights, at first a week apart, grew in number, until scarcely a night passed when she was not dancing.

Mrs. Greenbaum was worried and so sought Mrs. Jane Skinner, the probation officer in charge of her daughter, and told her of the trouble.

"If she wants to go to dances," said Mrs. Skinner, "by all means let her go. But go with her and take care of her."

Thus it came about that the mother became the daughter's chaperon, and from the side of the dance halls kept watch over her.

She Could "Die a-Waltzing."

"I thought she'd get tired of it," said Mrs. Greenbaum. "But she got worse and worse. It was dance after dance. I believe she could die a-waltzing. Night after night I had to be awake until late hours caring for the girl until I had to give it up. It was killing me. I couldn't stand it.

"Then I allowed Myrtle for a little while to go alone and one night I went with her and I found she had formed a friendship for a violinist in an orchestra.

"They went from the Ideal dance hall to a saloon downstairs. I followed, but did not go into the saloon. I did not approve of saloons, but I watched through a glass door to see that my daughter was all right."

Promises to "Remain" Good.

After that adventure, Mrs. Greenbaum consulted Mrs. Skinner, and then Judge Mack was interested in the matter.

"This dancing must stop," declared the judge yesterday. "I'm going to give you another chance, Myrtle. But you must stop dancing and mind your mother."

"But I am a good girl," said the young woman.

"I have no doubt of that," was the judge's reply, "and I want you to remain a good girl. There's danger in those dance halls for you. They are terrible places for young girls, and your mother knows best. Stay at home nights."

Miss Greenbaum promised and was permitted to return home with her mother.

PRIZE FOR NERVE DISCOVERY.

Marshall Hall Honor Awarded to Prof. Henry Head, Who Studies Own System.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
LONDON, May 23.—The Marshall Hall prize, given every five years by the Royal Medical society, has been awarded to Henry Head for an important discovery in the workings of the nervous system. Prof. Head had the sensory nerves of his arm divided, then he watched the sensations that followed. Then he had the nerves reunited by stitching and watched the progress of recovery. The result was that he discovered two distinct sets of sensory nerves. One conveys the sensations of pain, heat and cold, and the other sensations of touch, and also enables one to localize sensations accurately. The healing power of the skin depends entirely on the former.

PLOT TO KIDNAP CZAR'S SON.

Russian Revolutionary Society Accused of Plan to Hold Infant as Hostage Until Reforms Are Granted.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
LONDON, May 24, 3 a. m.—The latest of the ever recurring stories about the czarevitch is that the leaders of the Kishin conspiracy planned to kidnap the infant and hold him as a pledge for the complete fulfillment of the revolutionary program. The story goes on to say that the plot was frustrated through the treachery of some of the conspirators.

EX-MAYOR OF BALTIMORE ELOPES WITH YOUNG WOMAN.

Robert C. Davidson, Politician, Financier, and Church Member, Flees to Europe—Wife Is on His Trail.

Baltimore, Md., May 23.—[Special.]—Robert C. Davidson, former mayor of Baltimore, until a few months ago president of the Baltimore Trust and Guarantee company and for many years prominent in financial and mercantile circles, has disappeared. His wife says she has information that he sailed for Europe on a Hamburg-American line steamer last week and that he was accompanied by Miss Laura B. Noyes, formerly of Port Deposit, Md., in whose company he had frequently been seen of late.

Mrs. Davidson further said that her husband had converted all his securities into cash to the extent of about $175,000. It is supposed he took all the money with him. When asked if she would apply for a divorce she replied she would not, but that she would make every effort to compel him to support her.

Miss Noyes was a trained nurse and Davidson first met her at Nantucket two years ago. His attention to her had been marked and caused considerable gossip.

For a number of years Davidson was prominent in the councils of Eutaw Place Baptist church.

INJURIES CAUSED BY AUTO RESULT IN WOMAN'S DEATH.

Chauffeur of Machine Which Fatally Hurt Lincoln Park Employe Is Placed Under Arrest.

Injuries received last Sunday in a collision between two automobiles north of Glencoe resulted yesterday in the death of Mrs. Benjamin Church, 148 South Lincoln street.

Mrs. Church was visiting at the home of J. E. Keith in Glencoe. After the accident, in which two of her ribs were broken, she was taken to the residence of Mr. Keith, where she died.

John Hultgen, 73 years old, 237 Orleans street, an employe of Lincoln park, was at work at the foot of Fullerton avenue yesterday when at automobile driven by Charles W. Motley, 1703 Michigan avenue, struck him, breaking his right leg and injuring him internally. It is said Motley drove away without ascertaining the extent of Hultgen's injuries. He was arrested later.

Motley said he was in a hurry to get downtown and after he struck Hultgen he left a man to find out the particulars of the accident. The police say, however, that they were unable to find the man he left. Motley gave bond and was released.

WHITE HORSE SWEPT BY FIRE.

Entire Business Section of Town in the Yukon Country Is Destroyed.

Ottawa, Ont., May 23.—A telegram to the interior department from the acting commissioner of the Yukon says the business portion of the town of White Horse has been destroyed by fire. All the business part was burned, from the postoffice to the telegraph office, but these two buildings were saved.

SPURNED MAN VEXES GIRL

CIRCULATES FALSE REPORT THAT SHE IS MARRIED.

Sends Note to Papers, Signed with Forged Name of Young Woman's Father, Announcing That Miss Bessie Reynolds Recently Became the Wife of Henry M. Bay in Milwaukee—Statement Is Pronounced False by All Persons It Concerns.

Englewood has a real romance. Miss Bessie Reynolds, daughter of John Reynolds, 6429 Yale avenue, is the heroine and Henry M. Bay, 6400 Wentworth avenue, is the man against whom all sorts of vengeance has been threatened by a rival, whose name the Reynolds family will not divulge.

After six months of petty persecution against Miss Reynolds and Mr. Bay, the rival yesterday devised a new way of annoying the families. He sent a letter to the papers announcing that the couple were married at Milwaukee two weeks ago. Signed to the communication was the forged name of the young woman's father, John Reynolds.

"O, this is the work of that terrible man," said Miss Reynolds last night, when shown the note which announced that she had eloped. "He was not content with spreading the story all over Englewood, but he now sends it to the papers."

Merely a Friend of the Family.

Miss Reynolds is a petite young woman with large blue eyes and an abundance of black hair. After reading the note she buried her face in her hands and sobbed. Her mother came into the parlor to find out the cause of her daughter's tears.

"Bessie has not eloped with Henry Bay nor has no intention of doing so," said Mrs. Reynolds. "That story has been going the rounds for several weeks. We know its source.

"Henry Bay is a friend of the family and calls here frequently. He has never been anywhere with my daughter alone. His visits began about six months ago, and since then both he and Bessie have been annoyed by the man who wrote that letter.

"For six months Mr. Bay has daily received a letter, and some days two, telling him to cease his calls at our home. Some of the letters threatened him with harm if he did not desist from coming here. In one letter he was accused of wanting Bessie for her money. Another told him she would get no money, so he was wasting his time.

"All the letters were written by the same person. We feel sure we know the author, although I do not care to name him until we have additional proof."

Will Consult a Lawyer.

When John Reynolds, the girl's father, saw the letter bearing his forged signature he said:

"It's a forgery. This matter has now gone too far. I shall turn the case over to an attorney tomorrow. If it be possible the author of this letter and of the threatening ones received by young Bay will be prosecuted."

Henry M. Bay was indignant when the communication telling of his purported elopement to Milwaukee was shown to him.

"Why, I am not even engaged to the young woman," he said. "I call on Miss Reynolds, but that's nothing, for I am a friend of the family."

TRAIN STRIKES A BUGGY: TWO KILLED, ONE INJURED.

Three Men Start to Drive Across Pennsylvania Railroad Tracks at Thirty-third Street and Meet Disaster.

When three men started to drive across the Pennsylvania railroad tracks at Thirty-third street last night, their buggy was hit by a passenger train and two were killed and the third injured severely.

The dead:

MAGLO, ADAM, 18 years old, 2919 Farrell street; thrown from buggy and instantly killed.

MAZIKIWIES, STEPHEN, 27 years old, 3032 Throop street; thrown from buggy and instantly killed.

The injured:

McCloskey, John, 45 years old, 3034 Throop street; legs and body cut and injured internally; taken to the Provident hospital; may die.

The men were returning from a visit at Thirty-fifth street and Ashland avenue. Mazikiwies was driving and as the gates were up and no signal showed that a train was approaching, witnesses told the police, he started the horse across the tracks. When half way across the driver evidently saw the train. He whipped the horse and tried to reach the other side. The buggy was demolished, but the horse was not hurt.

The train was stopped and the crew gave assistance to the victims. The bodies of Mazikiwies and Maglo were taken to undertaking rooms at 630 Thirty-first street.

Henry Bedtke, 57 years old, 87 Fairfield avenue, employed by the Chicago and Northwestern railroad as a switch tender, was struck by a freight train and instantly killed in the evening. The accident occurred at Lake street and the Northwestern tracks.

Willie Neder, 9 years old, 9 Blucher street, was severely injured under the wheels of an Atlas brewery wagon on Milwaukee avenue, near Wood street.

CONVENTION OF DIOCESE OPENS

Sixty-eighth Annual Meeting of Episcopal Churchmen Begins in the Cathedral.

The sixty-eighth annual convention of the Episcopal diocese of Chicago opened yesterday morning in the Cathedral of SS. Peter and Paul. More than 300 delegates were in attendance. The holy eucharist was celebrated by Bishop C. P. Anderson. The Rev. W. E. Toll of Waukegan preached a sermon on the life and work of the late Bishop McLaren. The appointment of the Rev. W. T. Sumner as secretary and chaplain to the bishop was announced.

At a massmeeting of Sunday school workers held at Grace church in the evening Bishop Anderson commended the public schools and deplored the fact that there could be no religious teachings in them. The Rev. Charles Scadding of La Grange discussed "Creed and Collects." The Rev. James S. Stone spoke on "The Training of the Sunday School Teacher."

German Democrats Elect Officers.

The central committee of the German-American Democratic Club of Chicago met at Bismarck hall last evening and elected the following officers: President, John E. Traeger; vice presidents, Math Schmidinger, Charles Bellak, and John Haderlein; treasurer, Robert Zaffke; secretary, Charles T. Rucker; financial secretary, Eugene Prager. Frank Wenter was indorsed as candidate for drainage canal trustee.

CARES FOR SICK CHILDREN

NEW DEPARTMENT OF COUNTY HOSPITAL DEDICATED.

Physicians, Settlement Workers, and Students Walk Through Wards and Talk with the 100 Little Patients—Exhibition of Practical Working Is Given When a Child with Broken Arm Is Brought In and Fractured Bone Set—Capacity of Building 150.

More than 100 patients at the Cook County Hospital for Children showed smiling faces to the scores of physicians, settlement workers, and "child culture" students who attended the dedication of the institution yesterday.

The only addresses delivered were made by the children, who conversed with the men and women who have been working for such an institution for their care for many years.

A week ago the white enameled wards of the hospital were thrown open to accommodate the children who were not properly housed at the county hospital, and the words of the little patients who were seen in the beds yesterday are the best commentary on the success of the hospital.

"It's all so nice and everything is so shiny that I don't want to go away," said Johnnie Lydon, whose left leg was strapped up high above his head to assist the knitting of his fracture limb together.

Babies Struggle Over a Toy.

In a little ward surrounded on all sides by glass walls which flooded the place with sunlight was a cosmopolitan group which attracted considerable attention. The room, which resembled an incubator more than a hospital ward, held an Italian baby, a negro baby, and an American baby, all of whom were talking childish gibberish and attempting to get possession of a brown lamb which had rolled from one of the beds.

Bessie Bennington, the representative of America, and Emma Horton, the black baby, got possession of each other's hair and were fighting desperately when they were separated by a nurse, the coveted lamb being awarded to the Italian baby, whose name the nurse couldn't pronounce.

In planning the hospital every detail has been carried out with the idea of making a home for children as well as a hospital. The entire southern end of the building has been used for a playroom for convalescents.

The food eaten by the children is prepared separate from that of the adults, a kitchen built with the especial needs of the juvenile patients in view being situated on the second floor of the building.

Injured Baby Brought In.

While the visitors were walking from ward to ward of the hospital and listening to the explanations of the nurses regarding the uses of various appliances, they were given an exhibition of the efficacy of the system and the skill of the attendants that was not on the program for the day.

Wallace Burns and his wife walked into the reception room, which was filled with visitors, carrying their 3 years old baby which had fallen from its bed, breaking an arm and injuring its spine. The mother was weeping bitterly and the father was no less agitated.

While interested men and women stood aside and watched, a nurse stepped forward and took the injured baby from the arms of Burns. Another nurse led Mrs. Burns to a smaller reception room and soothed her. The baby was laid upon the table in the glass walled operating room. A physician took charge of it a few moments later and the arm was set and placed in a splint. In a short time the new recruit to the baby's hospital was smiling from among the pillows of a bed in an emergency ward.

One hundred and fifty children can be cared for at the hospital by the twelve nurses who are on its staff. After recovering sufficiently to leave the hospital, the Children's Hospital society has agreed to find homes for the convalescents wherever possible, providing they have no proper homes.

RULE OUT SYLPHLIKE FIGURE.

Dressmakers, in Session at Victoria Hotel, Declare Independence of Paris Ideas.

The National Dressmakers' association decided last night that women should not try to "walk like a sylph." Mme. Linda Ross Wade laid down the law to more than 100 dressmakers crowded into a parlor at the Victoria hotel.

"No self-respecting American woman," she said, "will attempt to walk down the street like a ridiculous sylph."

The dressmakers made other rules. A declaration of independence from the French model was declared. Concerning the French model and the American girl, Mme. Wade had this to say:

"We want American fashions for American women. The American woman is not built on the French plan. Therefore she cannot wear French gowns. French women are not any more fashionable than we are. They are different, but not more fashionable. We shall let them take their hints from us after today."

The hoop skirt came in for its share. It was the modified hoop skirt. Its ancestor of the ante-bellum days hardly would have recognized it.

TRUST COMPANY CLOSES ITS DOORS

Merchants' of New York in Receivers' Hands Through Bad Investments.

DEPOSITS ARE $2,000,000.

Stockholders Likely to Be Assessed $500,000 to Pay Off Liabilities.

New York, May 23.—The Merchants' Trust company of this city was closed today by the order of the state superintendent of banks because it had made loans amounting to about $1,250,000, upon which it had not been able to realize a sufficient sum to pay depositors and save the capital of the company from impairment.

Upon the application of the state's attorney general, Douglas Robinson, a brother-in-law of President Roosevelt, was appointed one of the receivers of the company.

The company's loans which had no ready market value were about $850,000 on securities of the Hudson Valley railway company of Glens Falls, N. Y., which is a consolidation of trolley lines in the vicinity of Albany, Troy, Saratoga, and Lake George, and nearly $400,000 to the Rutland, Vt., street railway company and the Chittenden Development company of Rutland.

Owes Depositors $2,200,000.

The trust company owes depositors about $2,200,000, and, according to the state bank examiner, has available assets other than in the Hudson railway company and the Rutland companies of nearly $1,800,000; so that it will be necessary to realize $950,000 to pay depositors.

The stockholders are liable to the extent of $500,000. With that amount the state bank examiner said today that a sufficient sum should certainly be realized to pay depositors in full.

The announcement that the trust company was closed followed a meeting of the board of directors. There was a line of clerks of business firms waiting to draw out deposits when the state bank examiner notified them that no further business would be transacted. No excitement ensued and those who sought admittance later went quietly away when they were informed that the banking office was closed.

Assistant State Bank Examiner Judson said today: "In round figures there was on deposit in the main bank of the company about $1,300,000, confined almost entirely to business men. The Fifty-ninth street branch had on deposit about $700,000.

No Other Institution Involved.

"No other institution is involved by the closing.

"It is certain the assets would cover all liabilities to the extent of paying the depositors and stockholders in full if the assets can be marketed at par. Several months will be required for the receiver or receivers to get the affairs of the company in shape approaching a more or less final state of preparation for settlement.

The state bank examiner said today that the banking department discovered two years ago that the trust company held $4,000,000 worth of securities which had no ready market value, besides guaranteeing loans of a Richmond (Va.) company to the extent of $750,000, of which it since has been relieved.

Officers of the Company.

The officers of the trust company are as follows:

President—Jacob L. Phillips.
Vice president—Cassius W. Wicker.
Secretary and treasurer—Frederic P. Davis.
Assistant secretary and assistant treasurer—Jacob C. Coyne.

One of the directors was Dr. John P. Munn, physician to the Gould family.

Mr. Phillips has been president for only a few months. The loans that have crippled the cash resources were not made under his administration and he has no responsibility for them. Ever since Mr. Phillips assumed office his efforts have been directed toward inducing those under whose administration the loans were made to take them out of the institution. This has not yet been done.

The loans were made under the administration of Edwin Langdon.

FALL SPLITS HER ADAM'S APPLE AND POWER OF SPEECH GOES.

Mrs. Margaret Dale Jackson, New York Author, Strikes Her Jaw Against a Window Sill.

New York, May 23.—[Special.]—Margaret Doyle Jackson, the author, is suffering from an extraordinary and well nigh fatal accident which befell her late last Thursday night at her home. Her "Adam's apple" was split by a fall against a window sill. Her vocal cords were loosened. There were symptoms of paralysis at first and it was feared her skull was fractured. But when she recovered her senses she had lost her power of speech. Only today was she able even to whisper. It will not be known for a week whether she will ever recover her speaking voice.

Her mother-in-law's newly arrived trunk was the cause of Mrs. Jackson's accident. She is the wife of Dr. Charles Ross Jackson and they live on the ground floor of the Ivy court apartment house. At 11:30 p. m. the porter placed the trunk near one of the windows. When Mrs. Jackson went toward the window to pull down the shade she stumbled over the trunk. As she fell forward her jaw struck the window sill with such force as to force the larynx up and thereby split it, loosening the vocal chords.

Margaret Dale Jackson is an Englishwoman, but has lived here for years. Among her works are "A Daughter of the Pit" and "The Horseleech's Daughter." Recently she brought out "When Love Is King."

OHIO-ERIE CANAL ASSURED.

Projected Waterway from River to Lake Will Be Built by Pittsburg Capitalists.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 23.—The long talked of Ohio River and Lake Erie ship canal is to become a reality as last through private capital. The undertaking is to be put through by Pittsburg capitalists who have formed a company with a capital of $2,625,000, which will be increased to $30,000,000.

DR PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
Improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of the food.

CLEVER FORGERY LIMITED TO FIVE.

New York Police Find Handiwork Able to Be Done by Only a Few Men.

OFFERS GEMS FOR $10,000.

Unknown Persons Would Return Stolen $90,000 Tiffany Diamonds to Firm.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, May 23.

So cleverly had a check, which made its appearance in the Tombs court today, been altered that detectives say there are only five known men in the country, if not in the world, capable of doing the work.

Forgery Laid Bare That Only Five Men Could Execute.

These five men are in receipt of a regular pension from the American Bankers' association in return for which they have agreed to refrain from exercising their unlawful and dangerous talents. All of them have been kept under constant surveillance for years.

Frank Clifton, a bartender, was arraigned in the Tombs court today charged with attempting to pass the check, which had been raised from $110.58 to $2,500. The police are convinced that he was only a tool, but he is held for further examination.

The original check was stolen from the mails. It was then photographed, and tracings were made of all the handwriting. With the aid of powerful acids the check was washed of all the handwriting with the exception of the signature and filled in for the larger amount. By using the individual letters in the words of the original check the forger secured all the letteers needed except "A" and "G" and the figure "2." These letters and figure give clew to the method of operation.

The Long Island railroad company has perfected a scheme by which the capacity of its stations may be increased at different hours of the day by adding portable substations. Several of these will be built so they may be moved to any station.

Tiffany & Co. have been approached with an offer to return their three $90,000 stolen diamonds upon payment of $10,000 and assurance of immunity from arrest of the thief or the person through whom he is willing to conduct the negotiations. The police know this and are devoting their attention to this clew. While there is nothing to indicate whether the proposition is genuine, those trying to recover the gems are inclined to take it seriously. President C. T. Cook has believed from the first that if the diamonds were restored it would be in such a manner.

Unknown Offers to Return Tiffany Gems for $10,000.

Manuel Fernandez del Valle Jr., a mining promoter, shot himself this evening in his room, after making preparations for his death. His home was in Guadalajara, Mex., where were his wife and four children.

Whitelaw Reid, ambassador to the court of St. James, was the guest of honor tonight at a farewell dinner given by the Republican club. In attendance were more than 300 republicans prominent in city, state, and national politics. President Louis Stern presided. Mr. Reid said:

Reid Tells of Dix Doctrine at Farewell Dinner.

"It was a happy phrase of our secretary of state when, in a humorous vein, he told us that our foreign policy consisted chiefly in the golden rule and the Monroe doctrine. To make it completely comprehensive we need only add the Dix doctrine to sum up state department instructions. No American ever forgets the Dix doctrine: 'If any man hauls down the American flag, shoot him on the spot.'

"Neither that nor the Monroe doctrine is international law, but both are sure to remain fundamental parts of American international policy, and when you illumine both by the golden rule you have set forth the devout wish of the United States with regard to all its foreign relations.

"'Our use for the 'big stick' is much the same as that of the quiet citizen—to keep off footpads and dogs. We covet no nation's land or other possessions. We seek only to preserve and protect our own. We have a passionate preference for doing this by international arbitration rather than by war."

Schemes are under consideration by the United Real Estate Owners' association of this city to form a cooperative fire insurance company for its 6,000 members, who represent property valued at $320,000,000.

Property Owners Will Form Insurance Company.

Seven local bodies are combined in the association. The members allege the old line fire insurance companies are charging them too high rates for policies on brick structures. It is proposed to incorporate a company with a large capital furnished by the members for the purpose of insuring only the best class of risks at the lowest possible rates. The members expect to further reduce the cost to themselves by division of the profits.

The Apache, Sunbeam, and Atlantic of the ocean yacht racers were reported by steamships today, and these three boats are making good progress toward the finishing line. The Atlantic, of those that have been sighted, is still the leader, but no one knows where the Hamburg, Endymion, Fleur de Lys, Utowana, Valhalla, and Hildegarde are, so it is impossible to say which is the leading boat. The Apache was sighted by the Columbia at 7 o'clock Monday morning in latitude 43.23, longitude 59.60. It was 665 miles from Sandy Hook lightship and about 150 miles off the course taken by the Atlantic, which had sailed 827 miles.

Atlantic Still Leads Yachts Sighted in Race.

Louis Levin, at one time a lace merchant of this city, and who later was in business in Indianapolis under the name of the Great Western Undergarment company, today was found guilty of grand larceny in the second degree. The jury decided that furnishing to a mercantile agency a false statement as to one's financial condition is as much a crime as giving such a statement directly to a creditor.

Gives False Business Rating; Convicted of Larceny.

Levin had handed to a mercantile agency a statement that his assets were $45,000 in excess of his liabilities, and obtained credit on the strength of the false rating.

A large touring car belonging to Mrs. Howard Gould exploded this afternoon in front of a garage at Thirty-third street and Fifth avenue, through the carelessness of a street sweeper, who threw a lighted match underneath the machine, where there was a quantity of gasoline, which had leaked from the tank.

Lighted Match Explodes Mrs. H. Gould's Auto.

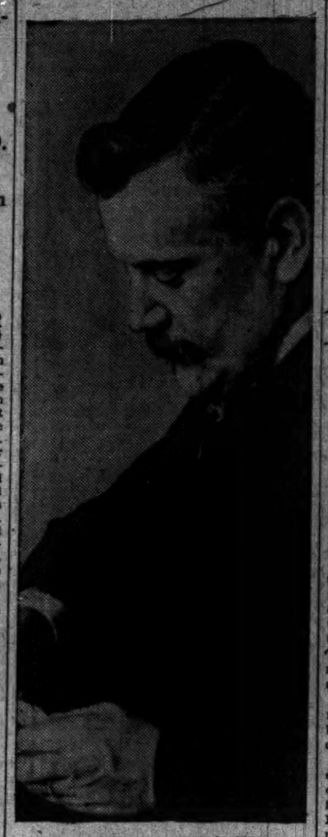
The automobile was wrecked, the damage being estimated at $8,000. The machine was unoccupied.

Bull's Head tavern, at Twenty-fourth street and Third avenue, which a century ago was one of the most celebrated hostelries of New York, will soon pass out of existence, to be replaced by a big stable.

Bull's Head Tavern, 100 Years Old, to Be Torn Down.

Eighty years ago the tavern was moved from the original location on the Bowery to its present location. The latter was then on the outskirts of the city on the Boston [illegible] road.

Mayor Who Fights Philadelphia Ring.



JOHN WEAVER.

HIRES TRAIN FOR DOCTOR.

LOCAL SPECIALIST RUSHED TO OMAHA TO ATTEND PATIENT.

Brother of Edward W. Nash, Smelter Trust Magnate, Charters a Special to Take Dr. Hugh T. Patrick to Bedside — Sick Man Stricken with Paralysis at Dinner Party and Lies at Point of Death—Twelve Hours Consumed in Run.

Omaha, Neb., May 23.—[Special.]—A special train with Dr. Hugh T. Patrick of Chicago as its only passenger arrived here tonight after a twelve hour run from the latter city.

It had been ordered by Fred A. Nash, general western agent of the railroad at Omaha, whose brother, Edward W. Nash, president of the American Smelters' Exploration company and American Smelting and Refining company, director of the South Omaha National bank, and a large stockholder in several Omaha concerns, had been stricken with paralysis.

Stricken at Dinner Party.

Nash was stricken Monday while attending a dinner party at the home of a prominent banker and had not regained consciousness last midnight. After several consultations by Omaha physicians, it was decided, as a last resort, to summon a nerve specialist, and Dr. Patrick was telegraphed at noon today that a special train would be awaiting him by the time he could reach the depot.

Despair of Patient's Life.

Dr. Patrick found he could do little or nothing for the patient until he recovers consciousness. There was little change in his condition up to midnight. There is little hope for his recovery.

TAFT WILL PACIFY FILIPINOS.

Secretary of War's Visit to the Islands for the Purpose of Restoring Good Feeling.

Washington, D. C., May 23.—[Special.]—Secretary Taft's impending trip to the Philippines has as its principal object the dissipation of the bad feeling which has appeared among the natives of various islands during the last year.

There is no fault to be found with the administration of Gov. Gen. Wright, but the president understands there does not exist today that good will on the part of the Filipinos which existed at the time of Mr. Taft's departure.

Secretary Taft will discuss with the natives the action of congress in imposing certain internal revenue taxes which have proved distasteful. These taxes are considered necessary in view of the prospective diminution of customs receipts through the adoption of the lower tariff upon products exchanged between the United States and the Philippines.

DEATH OF MARY A. LIVERMORE.

Famous Woman Suffragist, Many Years a Resident of Chicago, Dies at Age of Eighty-five.

Melrose, Mass., May 23.—Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, the writer and reformer, died at her home here today. Bronchitis and a weak heart hastened the end. The body will be cremated and the ashes inurned in the Livermore family tomb near this city.

Mrs. Livermore was born in Boston Dec. 19, 1820. In 1845 she was married to the Rev. D. P. Livermore, a Universalist clergyman, who died in 1899. In 1857 she removed to Chicago, where her husband became editor of a Universalist paper, Mrs. Livermore acting as associate editor. Mrs. Livermore was the first president of the Illinois Woman's Suffrage association. In 1869 she became editor of the Agitator, but in the following year she returned to Boston, and was editor of the Woman's Journal for two years. At the time of her death she was president of the Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage association.

Mrs. Livermoore was active in the anti-slavery agitation and Washingtonian temperance movement. During the civil war she took a leading part in the work of the United States sanitary commission. In the course of her work on the platform she delivered lectures all over this country and in England and Scotland. She also was the author of many books.

OBITUARY.

JOHN STEWART CROSSY, known throughout the theatrical world as J. C. Stewart, one of the "Two Johns," the famous fat men of the stage, is dead at the home of his son, Dr. Butler R. Crossy, in St. Louis. Mr. Crossy was 71 years old and was born in Dublin, Ireland.

EHRARD ADOLF MATTHIESSEN of Newburg, N. Y., has died, aged 80 years. He was born in Germany and for many years prior to 1867 was a partner in the banking house of August Belmont. He was the owner of a sugar refinery in Chicago.

BRIG. GEN. ALFRED T. SMITH, retired, is dead at Buffalo, N. Y., after several days' illness. He was formerly colonel of the Thirteenth infantry. He went to the Philippines with the regiment, where he suffered from a sunstroke.

MAYOR WIELDS AX TO BEAT GAS GRAB.

Two Philadelphia Office Holders Removed Because Favorable to Proposed Lease.

BLOW STAGGERS MACHINE

Heads of 20,000 Placemen May Come Off if Necessary to Kill Deal.

(Continued from first page.)

council, machine owned to a man, is itching to get at the mayor's throat. "When my successor shall be qualified" meant the indefinite continuance in office of Costello and Smyth.

Both Summarily Removed.

At once Mayor Weaver sent word that he was not satisfied with the resignations. He declared they were not the unqualified resignations he had asked for. He wanted a resignation to take place at once.

Smyth and Costello held another conference and then each sent a letter. Each declared he would only be too glad to accede to the mayor's request, but each stated that the Bullitt bill did not authorize the vacation of their offices even for a brief period, and that therefore they could not see how in justice to the public they could take such action. They said the mayor had accepted their resignations at first and that they must stand.

Mayor Weaver refused to quibble over the matter and therfore summarily removed both men, and immediately named their successors.

Arthur Morrow, assistant director of the department of supplies, was the next to receive his dismissal. Director of Supplies Shoyer, his chief, is a stanch supporter of Mayor Weaver, and his request for Morrow's resignation was not unexpected. On Saturday he had requested Morrow to sway the councilmen of the twenty-sixth ward, of which he is leader, to the mayor's side, and Morrow refused. When he received a request for his resignation he declined to make it on the ground that no reasons had been given. He referred to his interview with Shoyer as having given the affair a political complexion and declared if politics were involved, his removal would be illegal under the provisions of the Bullitt bill.

Mayor Cheered and Hissed.

News of the political upheaval soon spread broadcast over the city, and as the mayor walked through the courtyard of the city hall and down Broad street he was greeted with mingled cheers and hisses. As he reached the Broad street steps of the Union League a dozen members darted down to shake hands with him. Men who a few days ago were calling him "Benedict Arnold" and even harsher things threw up their hats and cheered.

Members of the Union League hurried to greet him from from all parts of the club with cries of "Good boy, John," and similar expressions. He had to hold a regular reception all through the luncheon hour.

During the lunch hour the two directors and their assistants packed up their personal effects and papers. Costello's were carried away in two suit cases and Smyth's were packed up in a trunk.

"It's War," Declares Mayor.

A. Lincoln Acker and Sheldon Potter joined the mayor about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. It had been announced that a settlement would be forthcoming at 5 o'clock, but it was 6:35 before it was made. It contained the formal announcement of the appointments of Messrs. Acker and Potter and his retention of Elihu Root of New York and ex-Judge James Gay Gordon as his private counsel.

"Counsel for what purposes?" he was asked.

"This whole matter means a battle to the bitter end," he said, with emphasis.

"Will you ask for any more investigations?" he was asked.

"Don't ask too many questions at a time," said the mayor.

When asked whether the councils' refusal to confirm his appointments to the positions of directors of the departments of public works and safety would nullify them, the mayor replied:

"I cannot enter into a discussion of the legal phase of the matter. I have employed counsel and all such matters must be left to them."

It is stated that Mr. Root has been specifically appointed to advise the mayor as to his powers of removal and appointment under the Bullitt bill. Members of the select councils today said they would refuse to confirm every appointment of the mayor and would compel him to give his reasons for every removal. They declared they would stand like a stone wall against him.

Gang Organizes for Battle.

Against the array of legal advisers of the mayor, the organization has one equally formidable. All day Durham, McNichol, and the Vares, the masters of the organization, were closeted with the biggest lawyers and biggest financiers of Philadelphia—John G. Johnson, P. A. B. Widener, and men of that stamp. Every trick, every shred of cunning thugs, ballot box stuffers, repeaters, and money to the limit, will be used by the "gang" in the battle.

Against them will be the mayor with the power that belongs to his office under the city charter; the reformers, a tremendous following of business men; the common people, the professional men, and an awakened public conscience. It will be a bitter fight, and what the end will be in Philadelphia no man can say.

The council certainly will refuse to confirm the mayor's appointees as directors. The mayor will appoint them again over this refusal. The ring will enjoin them from taking office. Then the police force and the firemen, "gang" men, every one, will have no masters but their ward leaders, and anarchy will reign.

There will be a great protest on Saturday. The citizens are asking themselves what will happen to it with a hostile police force. It is pointed out that the tenderloin will be wide upon under a headless police department, and that policy and other forms of gambling will go on unchecked. The city councils will hold the right and will pass the gas ordinance over the mayor's veto when it it goes before them.

In the present state of public opinion the dynamite is only awaiting a spark. The people are likely to march on the city hall and the councils at any hour. With police hostile, the worst is likely to happen. Throughout the "gang" has believed that the people would not find courage enough to rise. The mayor has been accused of "playing to the grand stands," but his actions today have left no shred of doubt as to his sincerity.

The remarkable makeup of the nucleus of the mayor's new cabinet, as represented by Col. Sheldon Potter and A. Lincoln Acker, excites uneasiness. Col. Sheldon Potter is a society man, a leader of cotillons, a member of Gov. Pennypacker's decorative staff. He can handle a tandem, or a four-in-hand, or direct a pink tea to perfection, but what he doesn't know about police is declared by his enemies to be awesome.

A. Lincoln Acker is a leading grocer, but his familiarity with practical control of a city is doubted. However, both are enthusiastic, and their honesty and sincerity of purpose is unchallenged.

Open Till 10 Tonight!

Remember, Diamonds win hearts. All goods on credit. Call. Loftis Bros. & Co., 24 Fl., 92 State-st.

Medicine Night at Church Fair.

MRS ROSE WILSON

Doctors, trained nurses, druggists, and undertakers will be guests of honor tomorrow night at St. Mary's bazaar, Wabash avenue and Eldredge court. Mrs. Rose Wilson, in charge of the drug booth, will be in charge of the evening's program.

When the managers of the bazaar were at a loss for a novel feature for the entertainment, Mrs. Wilson came to the rescue with her suggestions that the "allied professions" be feted. The idea was approved and 300 invitations were sent out.

"I don't see why doctors and nurses and druggists can't be chummy as well as other people who work along the same general lines," said Mrs. Wilson. "My evening at the bazaar is intended to foster a fellow feeling among them."

The program tonight will include a minstrel show by the young men of St. Vincent de Paul's society.

SMOKE UNDER COURT BAN.

CITY ORDINANCE UPHELD BY FEDERAL JUDGE KOHLSAAT.

Right of the Council to Abate the Nuisance Is Held to Be a Reasonable Exercise of the Power Given to the Municipality in Its Charter—Inspector Schubert Says All Violators Will Be Vigorously Prosecuted Before Justices of the Peace.

Judge Kohlsaat in the United States Circuit court yesterday upheld the Chicago ordinances governing the so-called smoke nuisance. The Glucose Sugar Refining company sought to restrain the city from enforcing the ordinances, denying the power of the city council to pass such ordinances.

"The position taken by complainant," Judge Kohlsaat said, "involves the whole question of the suppression of dense smoke. If the health and morals of the city require it, even such a result as the bill of complaint sets forth should not be allowed to defeat the efforts of the authorities by proper means to protect the public.

"It is clear that the city of Chicago is invested with the power to declare what is a nuisance and to abate the same. Whether it has the power to declare dense smoke a public nuisance or a nuisance per se is raised in the case of Marmon vs. Chicago, and the ordinance was held valid. In that case the court said: 'The terms will be understood as commonly employed and this court will understand by dense smoke precisely what everybody else does who has ever seen a volume of dense smoke as it comes from the smoke stack or chimney where common soft or bituminous coal is used for fuel in any considerable quantities.'

Reasonable Exercise of Power.

"All things considered, it is plain that the ordinance in question was a reasonable exercise of the power given the city in its charter, and that being so, the court will not be warranted in holding the ordinance invalid as in excess of the power of the city.

"It is difficult to adjust the exact rights of business interests and public good, but once adjusted society as organized has the power from time to time as need requires to assert itself for the protection of itself. The motion for a preliminary injunction must be denied."

The refining company's plant is at Taylor and Beech streets. The bill of complaint alleged that the complaining corporation had been subjected to great expense because of litigation and attempts to comply with the ordinances.

All Violators to Be Prosecuted.

"The decision affirms the validity of the ordinance, and we shall go ahead and prosecute all those who violate it," Chief Smoke Inspector James C. Schubert said. "We shall get after the big companies as well as the smaller ones and will enforce the ordinance rigorously."

Eighteen suits are pending in the justice courts against the Glucose Sugar Refining company which were halted by a temporary injunction. These will now be pushed. City Prosecuting Attorney Howard E. Taylor says he will also refuse to suspend the enforcement of the ordinance while the defeated company takes an appeal to a higher court.

GIVES UP MOSQUITO COAST.

England Abandons Claims to Part of Nicaragua After Holding It for Fifty Years.

Washington, D. C., May 23.—[Special.]—Señor Don Luis F. Corea, Nicaraguan minister to the United States, has notified the state department of the termination of the historic dispute between his government and Great Britain in regard to the territory on the eastern coast of Nicaragua occupied by the Mosquito Indians. Great Britain has surrendered all pretentions to a protectorate over this region in a treaty just signed at Managua and abandoned finally her policy of half a century to obtain control of all possible routes of transit across Central America. The United States is freed from responsibility of defending Nicaragua's claims to ownership of the territory, which was imposed upon it by the Monroe doctrine.

Great Britain first assumed the title of protector of the kingdom of the Mosquitos, a miserable, degraded, and insignificant tribe of Indians, more than fifty years ago, moved by the prospect of the construction of a Nicaraguan canal by the United States and by her desire to have possession of part of the territory through which the canal would run.

The United States resisted England's pretentions diplomatically and the result was the celebrated Clayton-Bulwer treaty, by which the United States and Great Britain entered into a joint protectorate over the proposed Nicaraguan canal route in 1850. In spite of this treaty the British government continued to assert its right to a protectorate over the Mosquito coast, and the question has been in dispute between Great Britain and Nicaragua ever since, and has only now been settled for all time by the surrender of England's claim.

Unequaled for Purity and Excellence.

American Family Soap

Buy the first cake of American Family because we tell you to. You'll buy the second because you like it. Absolutely pure. Every atom cleanses.

An endless variety of premiums at our store—360 North Water-st.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

RATE COMMITTEE IS "UP IN THE AIR"

(Continued from first page.)

against rebates or unjust discriminations, or, if it is, it will be harmless in character.

Committee Believes in Elkins Law.

The committee seems to be satisfied the Elkins law is good enough in spite of what the president and the interstate commerce commission have said. The terminal and private car line charges will be subjected to restrictive legislation in order to prevent abuses, but it remains to be seen how far Senator Elkins and his friends will permit their regulation.

Senator Elkins is unalterably opposed to the governmental regulation of rates, and it will take the united sentiment of the nation to make him see the light, and he would probably remain blind even in such a contingency. He has cut off a number of witnesses who wanted to be heard, because he held they could not give any information different from that already collected, and this attitude undoubtedly is due to his disinclination to permit the railroad campaign to be made ineffective through the publication of facts supporting the president's statements.

President Roosevelt is aware of the plans of the railroads and has taken measures to combat them. He does not propose to let the railroads have a clear field in their efforts to manipulate public sentiment. The first gun in his operations he fired himself on his way from Colorado to Washington. The second will be discharged by Secretary Taft in the political campaign in Ohio. The secretary left tonight for that state to make speeches regarding the railroad rate and other questions, and it will be his work to uphold the republican managers in their purpose to place a strong railroad rate plank in the platform of the party.

Party Planks Will Raise Issue.

It has been suggested to the president that by having such planks inserted in the platforms of other states which hold elections in November the issue will be raised squarely, and congress cannot dodge it. This is one of the arguments which have been made to him in favor of the postponement of an extra session until November 9, the first Thursday after elections.

The senate committee on interstate commerce feels there should be no extra session and it is confident that if congress doesn't convene until November 9 there will be no legislation regarding railroad rates during the extra session. This is the president's view.

The railroads have had their innings. It is now time, the administration holds, for the people to speak and to speak with an emphasis that cannot be mistaken.

UPHOLDS INHERITANCE T.

Ohio Supreme Court Finds Law Levying Duty on Estates to Be Constitutional.

Columbus, O., May 23.—The Ohio Supreme court today upheld the direct inheritance tax law by affirming the decision of the Darke County Circuit court in the case of Hostetter vs. the State of Ohio. The opinion, however, makes it plain that the tax cannot be retroactive. The estate of a person who died before the passage of the law will not be liable, even if it is not administered until after the passage of that act.

GRAFT $1,000,000 ANNUALLY.

Ex-District Attorney of New York Places This Estimate on Gotham Police Side Earnings.

Ithaca, N. Y., May 23.—[Special.]—Ex-District Attorney Philbin of New York, in a lecture, said graft in the New York police department amounted to $1,000,000 a year, and $20,000 a month in the tenderloin precinct alone.

ROBBED AND SEVERELY BEATEN.

Christian Peterson Attacked by Three Men at Erie and North Carpenter Streets.

While returning home from work last night Christian Peterson, 40 years old, 216 North Carpenter street, was robbed by three men at Erie and North Carpenter streets and beaten to unconsciousness. His gold watch and chain and $35 were taken.

LEMAIRE ET PARIS

St. Louis Exposition judges award us the highest honors by placing our goods beyond competition.

It is quality that has made the name Lemaire famous. See that this name, spelled L-E-M-A-I-R-E (as above), is on the end and around the eye piece of every Opera and Field Glass you buy; otherwise you will buy worthless imitations.

For sale by all responsible dealers.

Low Round Trip Rates to PACIFIC COAST

Via Chicago & Alton Railway

$56.50 Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Washington and Oregon Points.

Tickets on sale special dates in May, June and August.

$62.50 California Points

Tickets on Sale Special dates in May, June and August.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Every Tuesday and Thursday

Via Kansas City and Denver.

For tickets and berth reservations apply at NEW CITY OFFICE C. & A. Ry., Rector Bldg., Clark & Monroe Sts. Phone Harrison 4470.

A. G. ROBINSON, General Agent, Passenger Department Phone Harrison 4470

Browning, King & Co

CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, AND HATS

Something Different.

A new fabric which we are showing in Sack Suits—a little in advance of the others—is an Unfinished Blue Serge with a faint over-plaid of almost invisible Green—a very stylish effect.

The beauty of a Rain Coat is its adaptability in fair weather—$15 to $30.

"I delight in the little tasteful something in dress," said Beau Brummell; "that expresses my individuality."

170 and 172 Wabash Ave. CHICAGO ILL.

Broadway at 32nd Street NEW YORK Factory, Cooper Square

Spaulding & Co.

Goldsmiths Silversmiths and Jewelers Chicago

Diamonds

Quality, both in the gems themselves and the settings in which they are mounted, is assured to all who purchase here.

Our stock of precious stones of all kinds, whether loose or made up into exquisite pieces of jewelry, is most complete, and inspection of the same is cordially invited.

Jackson Boulevard and State Street

Artificial Human Eyes.

Best opportunity to have an eye made to order by expert eyemakers from Germany. The best and latest improved.

Room 641, Palmer House, Wednesday and Thursday only.

Gongalmann & Mueller

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 & 72 State-st

REVELL & CO. Desks

Business men desiring something new or exclusive in their Office Furnishings will find it to their interest to inspect our comprehensive exhibit of Office Furniture.

Cor. Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

The most DESK for the money in the world at ANDREWS'.

THE A. H. ANDREWS CO., 174 Wabash-av.

The most intensely interesting book ever written is by Emil Friend, entitled MASKS—For Sale Everywhere. Geo. W. Ogilvie & Co., Publishers, Chicago.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE TRIBUNE.

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

TARBELL ON RACK IN EQUITABLE MIX

State Official Asks Many Puzzling Questions of Second Vice President.

ANGRY WORDS HEARD.

Alexander and Hyde Are Said to Agree to Radical Change in Management.

New York, May 23.—[Special.]—For more than five hours Second Vice President Gage E. Tarbell of the Equitable was on the witness stand today, subjected to rapid fire questioning by the state superintendent of insurance, Francis Hendricks.

Appearances indicated all was not pleasant for Tarbell. The sound of angry voices was heard by those outside the room. Hendricks had been loaded with questions to fire at Tarbell. One subject concerns the charge that Tarbell had advanced $45,000 to an agent in this state immediately prior to the general conference of the agents and managers at the Savoy hotel here recently. One advance of $30,000 came so easily that the agent, it is said, "touched" Tarbell for $15,000 more. This agent, according to the information which Supt. Hendricks has, was one of the prime movers at the conference which asked James H. Hyde to step out.

Asks Tarbell About "Rebating."

Hendricks wanted to know of Tarbell whether it was a fact that the policy holders of the Equitable had been put to a large and useless expense by the issuance of $81,-682,314 worth of business in 1904, upon which not a dollar of premiums was paid. He asked him what was the cause of the lapsing of 81,854 policies that year, and wanted to know if it was because he had, as charged, countenanced the practice of rebating.

Hendricks asked for information regarding a statement that during the last five years of Tarbell's management of the agency force there has been a lapsing of policies amounting to $300,311,063, and whether that does not represent a big loss to the company doctors in fees and other expenses. He asked Tarbell to account for the fact that the agents' debit balances, as given in the report of 1904, were only $1,514,639.90, when the advances made to the agents, it was charged, were largely in excess of that amount.

Hendricks wanted to know further whether it was true that since Tarbell has been in charge of the agency force of the Equitable it has cost the society $9.43 to put $1,000 worth of business upon its books, while to another of the leading four companies the cost has been only $7.60.

In addition to these questions Hendricks also questioned Tarbell regarding $135,000 which he had received from the society before the present controversy began, for his interest in future premiums.

Heads Favor Radical Change.

Proposals have been made and are believed to be satisfactory to President Alexander and Vice President Hyde, that the control of the society be turned over to a board of trustees, the trusteeship to carry with it individual responsibility as is now the case with the trustees of savings banks.

Telephonic communication from Washington this afternoon gave assurance, without details, that the plan to enlist the aid of the national government in securing a full investigation of the insurance business as it is now conducted had received unsolicited and wholly unexpected aid from a powerful quarter.

HOLDS WEDLOCK SACRED.

Gov. Higgins Vetoes Bill Legitimatizing Child, Declaring It an Insult to Womanhood.

Albany, N. Y., May 23.—A bill introduced to legitimatize a child born out of wedlock, which caused considerable comment but little opposition in its passage through the legislature, was vetoed today by Gov. Higgins. The measure is entitled "An act for the relief of Adelia Queenie Barker," and recites that she is the illegitimate offspring of Charles Bell Barker and Adelia Gertrude Stringer. Gov. Higgins characterized the bill as "an insult to every faithful wife and to womanhood itself."

"The father at the time of the birth of the child," says the governor, "had and now has a lawful wife living. He and his paramour, with brazen impudence and utter disregard of the rights of the lawful wife and the rules of morality, unite in a petition to the legislature to legitimatize the issue of their lawless love.

"If this bill should be approved a legal status would be given to a semi-polygamous relation and concubinage would become an honorable estate."

DYNAMITE IN SHOE HEEL.

Pittsburg Woman Becomes Suspicious of Porch Delivery and Finds Machine Her Weight Would Explode.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 23.—[Special.]—Had Mrs. Lulu Engle of Uniontown put on the pair of shoes she found on the porch, thinking her husband had sent them home for her, she would have been blown to pieces. In the heel of one was an ingeniously arranged cavity filled with enough dynamite paper soaked with nitroglycerin to wreck a house. A pressure on the heel would have set off the explosive.

Mrs. Engle was about to try them on when she discovered they were several sizes too large. She noticed something was wrong with one heel.

Mrs. Engle became suspicious and called her husband home. He notified the office of the district attorney. There the shoe was taken apart and the wooden French heel had been drilled out and the cavity filled with explosive. Attached to four iron pegs were explosive caps. The weight of Mrs. Engle would have exploded the dynamite.

MACHEN GETS TWO MORE YEARS

Pleads Guilty to Conspiracy Charge and Escapes Trial on Eleven Other Indictments.

Washington, D. C., May 23.—By pleading guilty to the charge of conspiring to defraud the government, August W. Machen, formerly superintendent of free delivery of the post-office department, when arraigned under the joint indictment with W. G. Crawford and George E. Lorenz, received a sentence of two years in the Moundsville (W. Va.) penitentiary, and escaped trial on eleven other charges. The district attorney has agreed to quash the remaining indictments. The two years' sentence will begin upon the execution of the term given him upon conviction on the indictment under which Machen, Lorenz, and Diller B. and Samuel Groff were tried about a year ago.

DROWNS 3 CHILDREN AND SELF.

Domestic Troubles Drive Texas Mother to Triple Murder and Self Destruction.

Sulphur Springs, Tex., May 23.—Mrs. Tip Sanders drowned her three children and herself in a creek near her home, two miles south of town, today. The tragedy, it is said, was the result of domestic troubles.

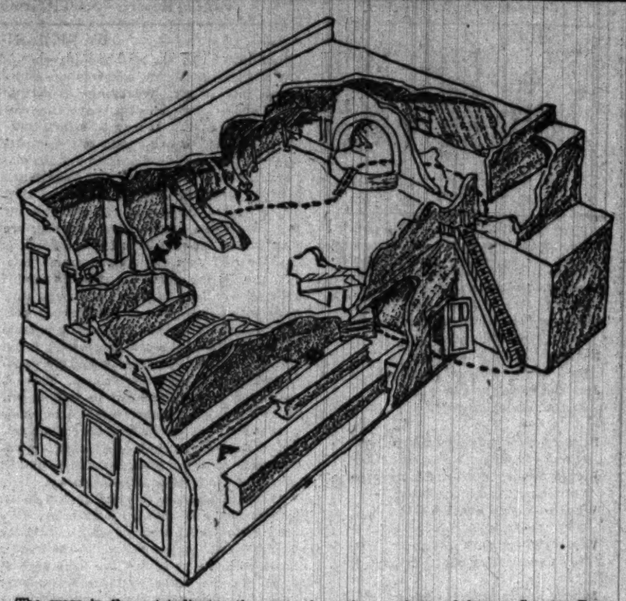
PRESIDENT BARS CONVICT HELP.

Issues Order Prohibiting Employment of Prison Labor on Government Works.

Washington, D. C., May 23.—The president has issued an order prohibiting the employment of convict labor on government works.

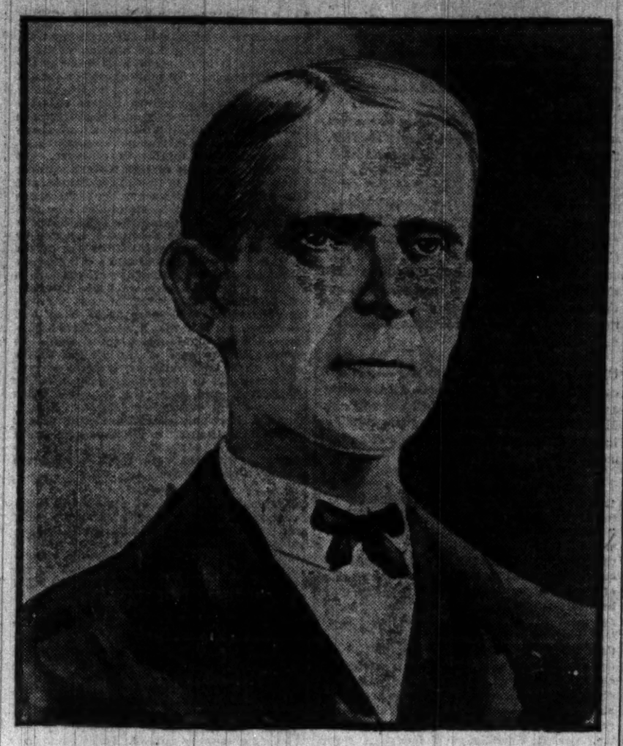
No torture compares to that of a Rheumatic. Prescription No. 2851, by Elmer & Amend, quickly relieves all.

Scene of Murder of D. S. Berry, and Rich Druggist Mentioned in Case.



The cross in the cut indicates the spot where the murderer of former Senator Dan Berry stood when he shot down the politician. The star indicates the place where Berry fell dead. The dotted line shows the route supposed to have been taken by the murderer in escaping through the unfinished auditorium—on to the stage, through the dressing room, and down the stairs alongside Pulford's drug store side entrance.

A shows where one of the principal witnesses stood and B the spot where Mrs. Benson claims she stood talking with Druggist Pulford when the shots were fired.



BOTHWELL PULFORD.

MYSTERY DEEPENS IN SAVANNA CRIME

(Continued from first page.)

-yes, with regular features and beautiful teeth. She was born and reared at Hanover, a small town ten miles from Savanna, and she was the village belle.

About nine years ago she was married to "Bot" Pulford, then a struggling druggist, having a hard time to keep his head above the financial waters. Pulford was a nervous, excitable man, lithe, and strong as a panther, although bent and shriveled by hard work and worry. He established her in a comfortable home, less than a block, through the alleys, from his place of business.

"Dan" Berry at that time was one of the leading politicians of the state, a big, bluff, hearty man, accused of boodling and undoubtedly the leader in the Illinois legislature, where he was one of the "big four" that controlled the legislative destinies of the state.

Financial troubles came in heaps upon Pulford. He was on the verge of ruin, when he consulted Berry, and the lawyer, by desperate efforts, managed to straighten out the financial tangle and put the struggling druggist on the high road to wealth. From the time that "Dan" Berry straightened things out the monetary affairs of Pulford flourished and his love affairs began to go wrong.

Once They Were Fast Friends.

They were close friends for a long time, closer than most men ever get to each other, and the big, bluff, hearty lawyer, a physical giant and a mental power, seemed to be the idol of the nervous, lithe druggist, who, through real estate investments and building ventures, was growing rich so fast.

Then the gossips began to talk. They said that they saw "Dan" Berry slip notes into the hands of the comely grass widow who had become the wife of Pulford. They told of meetings on the street and of conversations in public places. They also said they saw Berry walking with Mrs. Pulford.

About seven years ago Pulford publicly charged Berry with being too friendly with his wife. Berry, of course, denied the charge and the relations of the two men became severely strained.

The new opera house block—the pride of the entire county—was built by Pulford, a building 300 feet front on Main street, and in the second story Berry, who had come back from Springfield to take up his practice of law, had his offices. It is interesting in this connection to know that Berry held the offices under a long term lease, given, it is said, in part payment for the services he had rendered in saving Pulford from financial ruin.

Both Men Made Threats.

Attorneys and business men, employes in the opera house block declare, that they have never known of Mrs. Pulford being inside Berry's office. Yet, after the men ceased to speak to each other and to carry revolvers in fear of trouble, it is known that Pulford on several occasions walked to and fro in the hallway in front of Berry's office for long periods. Once, during this performance, Berry said:

"I'll go out and throw that —— sneaking, skulking cur down the stairs."

Now, during the financial difficulties of Pulford he transferred part of his property to his wife, and, after Berry straightened the tangle out, she declined to sign it back to him, holding what she had. It was commonly reported all over the town that there was serious trouble between the Pulfords, but so far as any one knows there were few open outbreaks and the man appeared to love the woman almost insanely.

His wealth grew large as his marital happiness grew small. His wife was the best dressed woman in the town, yet despite her undoubted beauty and her husband's financial standing, she was not a social leader. The druggist, burdened by his wealth, which is estimated at over $300,000, worked from fifteen to eighteen hours a day, handling his real estate business, his drug store, the electric light plant, the opera house block, and his other ventures.

Scene of the Mystery.

To get an idea of the weird murder mystery of Monday morning it is necessary to understand the physical conditions. The Opera House block faces west on Main street. The south half of the lower floor is occupied by Pulford's drug store and the north half by Heller's store. In the center is the broad stairway leading to the auditorium of the opera house—which never has been finished—and to the law office of Berry, which is in front, over the Heller store, and the offices of the telephone company, which are over the front of the drug store. A wide corridor separates the offices from the unfinished auditorium of the opera house.

There are five entrances to the stores on the ground floor. Two on Main street, two into the alley at the rear, and one into a vacant lot, cut in the south wall of the drug store, near the rear, just behind the safe, and just in front of the wall that separates the store from the storage rooms. This side door—the only one in the building—is hidden from sight of any one in the alley east of the block by the old electric light plant. The other four doors open into public places, so that any one leaving or entering might be seen by scores of persons.

Second Floor Plan Peculiar.

The upstairs arrangements are peculiar. The unfinished opera house has three entrances and two means of exit. One entrance is a large door at the rear of the stage, opening on to the alley and used for putting scenery into the opera house. It has no stairs, and a person leaving by that means would be forced to climb or jump ten feet into the alley.

There are three ways of getting into the auditorium from the front, or the corridor side. One is by means of double doors opposite the head of the stairs. The other two ways are by stepping into the closets under the gallery stairs at each side and through the unfinished closets into the auditorium. These "closets"—which are open on the auditorium side but closed by doors on the side leading into the corridor, were used by the telephone company and by Berry for the storage of coal.

The other entrance to the opera house was through the dressing room at the south rear of the building and then out on to a platform that leads to a pair of stairs that descend to a point within eight feet of the side door to Pulford's drug store and completely hidden from view of any one in the alley by the old electric light plant.

Hint of Sunday Quarrel.

It is declared by persons who have not yet been called upon to give their testimony and who were not called at the coroner's inquest today that there was trouble at the Pulford house on Saturday evening. It is declared that Mrs. Pulford was out—and her husband did not know where she was.

Witnesses declare also that late Saturday night a man's footsteps were heard pacing up and down the corridor in the Opera House block, and one young man, returning home, remarked to his companion: "Bot was watching for Berry again."

Where Berry was Sunday night, and where Mrs. Pulford was, has not yet been established, for there are scores of conflicting and uncertain rumors. No one has come forward to say whether or not it was Pulford waiting outside Berry's office. Neither has any neighbor told of any quarrel or disturbance at the Pulford home.

Morning of the Tragedy.

Monday morning Pulford came to his drug store early in the day and appeared the same as ever. One man says that his deep set, flashing eyes glowed bright, and that he had an impression that Pulford seemed excited; but he did not say so until after the tragedy.

At 9:15 in the morning Mrs. John Benson was in Pulford's store, talking with Pulford about the electric light matter, wanting some fixtures. He is said to have remarked that he would step out to the plant and see about the matter.

At the same time Lyman Taylor, one of the most reputable men in Savanna, was standing near the front of the store, talking with Mr. and Mrs. Holsing. Pulford and Mrs. Benson were nearer the prescription case, and Taylor noticed them.

At that moment "Dan" Berry walked past the front of the drug store, carrying some mail in his hand, having come from the postoffice. He spoke to two acquaintances and started up the stairway to his office.

Here the Stories Conflict.

Here is where the evidence conflicts. Mrs. Benson and "Ted" Bahwell, Pulford's clerk, declare that Pulford did not leave the store, although he had remarked that he would step out to the electric light plant "to see about it." If he had stepped out of the door he would have been at the foot of the stairs leading to the dressing room. From there, it is asserted, it would have been easy to cross the stage, go down the sloping incline, pass through the unfinished coal closet, and be within eight feet of the door to Berry's office.

Berry went up the wide stairs and turned north in the corridor. He went to the doorway of the second, or public office, took out his keys, and started to open the door. At that moment two shots rang out. One smashed the arm of the victim, one crashed through his brain.

Everybody in the neighborhood heard the shots. The five persons known to have been in the drug store heard them.

There was silence for one second. Then Taylor rushed out of the drug store and up the wide stairs in front. What the others did is uncertain. Mrs. Benson, a woman of undoubted truth and veracity, declared she continued talking to Pulford, and was talking to him when she heard the shots. Taylor says:

"To the best of my knowledge Pulford was not in the drug store."

The crash of Berry's falling body was followed by the sound of footsteps running through the unfinished opera house.

Taylor and a switchman named Welch reached the body of Berry in an instant after the shooting. He was dead, killed by the bullet that crashed through his brain.

Where the Mystery Deepens.

The mysterious part of the affair grows more mysterious when the means of escape are considered. The murderer had three means to get away. He could have dashed down the wide front steps, but had he done so he would have met Welch, who was at the bottom of the stairs when the shots were fired. He might have run through the opera house and leaped out the scenery door at the rear of the stage, but had he done so he would have been forced to take a ten foot jump into the alley, within plain view of a dozen or more persons.

The only other means of escape was by the dressing room door, on to the stairway, and down into the open lot—within eight feet of the side door of Pulford's pharmacy. From there the murderer had an easy means of escape. He could have entered any one of four stores and walked around into the alley unobserved, because persons on that side of the building had not heard the shots. Or he might have entered the side door of Pulford's drug store.

Saw Pulford Enter Store.

This is what Taylor says:

"I ran back downstairs after looking at Berry's body, and entered the drug store again. At that time I saw Pulford coming from behind the prescription counter."

Now, the prescription counter is in the northeast corner of the drug store, and the side door is in the southeast—just opposite it. In front of the side entrance is a big safe, and the view from the front part of the store is entirely cut off by the safe and the two counters.

Mrs. Benson's claim that she was talking with Pulford at the time the shots were fired has stood between him and arrest—and that alibi is backed up by Pulford's clerk, but their evidence is strongly combated by the evidence of Taylor.

The conversation between Taylor and Pulford immediately after the murder is dwelt on by the police. Here it is, according to Taylor.

"I saw Pulford coming out from behind the prescription case in the rear. I went up to him.

"'Berry is hurt, Bot,' I said to him.

"'Not badly, is he?' he replied.

"'Yes,' I said.

"'He won't die, will he?' asked Pulford.

"'He is dead,' I answered.

"'That's bad,' he returned.

"Pulford showed no trace of excitement, no sign that he had been exerting himself physically as in running. He was cool as I am now, but Pulford is a man of wonderful nerve."

Body Is Taken Home.

Tonight a crowd gathered in front of the opera house, on the second floor of which is Berry's office. In a front room a lamp burned dimly, and within the room were the remains of Daniel S. Berry, who, until Monday morning, was a man of exceptional vigor both of mind and body, a former leader in state politics, and a lawyer of recognized ability in this section of the state. A coffin was brought from the undertaker's, the body transferred to it, and then taken to the lawyer's home, where the funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon.

After the hearse drove away from the scene the crowd gradually dispersed. Sorrow was expressed for the wife and daughters of the murdered man, regret also that a man in his prime should be so stricken; but if any expressions of revenge were spoken or calls for retribution made they were soon forgotten when the mystery of the murder again superseded all other thoughts.

Ted J. Bahwell, Pulford's clerk, testified at the inquest that when the shots were fired in the hallway Pulford was in the rear part of the store waiting on Mrs. Sarah Benson.

Mrs. Benson testified Pulford was waiting on her, and that when the two reports were heard they both remarked about them.

Frank Whistler was in the store, and his testimony is said to have corroborated that of Clerk Bahwell. A Mr. and Mrs. Helsinger were in the front of the store at the time of the shooting, but testified that they did not know whether Pulford was in the store or not. There is direct testimony to the effect that Pulford was in the store when Berry was shot. There is no direct testimony that he was not. This is his alibi, and to the present moment it is unshaken.

Vernon Welch, a switchman, was passing the street entrance to the hallway leading to Berry's office when his attention was attracted by two loud reports. He glanced up and saw a man rush past the head of the stairs and through a doorway into the unfinished portion of the opera house. According to Welch, the man was without a hat, wore dark clothes, had dark hair, and was slender. Welch paid no particular attention to the noise, thinking it was merely a "rough house," such as the employés of the building sometimes indulged in. His description of the man he saw tallies, it is alleged, with Pulford's, who is slender, dark complexioned, and wears a dark suit. The circumstance of the persons being bare headed is regarded also as significant.

The inquest was held in secret and the officials are reluctant about taking the public into their confidence. The statements of testimony made in this account were based on an interview held tonight with State's Attorney F. J. Stransky. The coroner's jury has adjourned without fixing blame for the crime, and any further investigation will naturally fall upon the state's attorney.

State's Attorney Defends Pulford.

Attorney Stransky says the search for Berry's murderer will be continued, but he states positively that there are absolutely no grounds for proceeding against Pulford or anybody else. He is indignant that the press reports should connect the name of the druggist with the crime. He said last night:

"The mystery is as deep now as it was at first. It is baffling. I had a theory of my own at first that the ex-convict Wright might have settled a grudge against Berry, but I have given this up. There is nothing to show Wright's presence in Savanna on Monday. There is no evidence against anybody.

"Concerning Mr. Pulford, whose name has been dragged into the case without warrant, I will say that the testimony at the inquest proved beyond a doubt that he was in his store at the moment the murder was committed."

Asked if the relations between Mrs. Pulford and Berry had been investigated, State's Attorney Stransky said that he did not act upon village gossip and current rumors.

"There may be rumors, but I can't prosecute on them," he replied. The local police and the constable are of much the same opinion as Stransky.

The family of ex-Representative Berry are prostrated with grief. While a man of rough and brusque manners, he is said to have been a kind husband and indulgent father. The two daughters, Ethlyn and Ivy, are both college bred. It is hardly believed that the family of the deceased will attempt to prosecute the inquiry into the murder of the husband and father.

Pulford has continued at his business as coolly as if no finger of suspicion was pointed towards him, and later developments may prove that gossip has done him a terrible injustice. But he may console himself with the reflection that to all appearances his alibi is successfully established. Detectives are on the case, but are apparently as helpless as the laity.

Ladies invited to our exhibit of art goods. Golden Novelty Mfg. Co., 91 E. Madison street. Factory, 200 S. Clinton street.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 11.]

GARNETT—Amos R. Garnett, May 24, at 12:30 a. m. Remains will be taken to Baltimore for interment. Baltimore and Washington papers please copy.

ROTHSCHILD AND COMPANY
STATE AND VAN BUREN STREETS.

$20 Sharkskin Gray Suits 13.50

CLOTHING to make you enjoy a comfortable distinction

Pure Worsted Suits in Sharkskin Gray.

The fashion favored weave and color, also scores of neat and fancy patterns, serges, natural finish blue and black worsteds, exceptional hand-tailoring, custom styles, half or full lined, double or single breasted, all sizes and proportions, big $20 value, 13.50

Two and Three Piece Double or Single Breasted

Youths' Suits, ages 14 to 20 years, double or single black thibets and blue serges; assortment of stylish, nobby fancy worsteds and Scotches, really 12.50 values, at 8.75

Invitations and Announcements

For June Weddings

Perfection in all essentials and rapid execution of all orders.

Annex First Floor.

Marshall Field & Company

PURE HEALTHFUL REFRESHING Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS"

AMUSEMENTS.

ILLINOIS LAST NIGHTS.
LAST POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY
LAST TIME NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT.
Joe Weber's All-Star Stock Co. in Higgledy-Piggledy and The College Widower
Marie Dressler, Bonnie Magin, May MacKenzie and Trixie Frigana
Handsomest Chorus in the World.
SEATS ON SALE TOMORROW
GEO. M. COHAN
LITTLE JOHNNY JONES
100 PEOPLE SAME GREAT CAST AND CHORUS
MATINEE DECORATION DAY.
PRICES, 50c to $1.50—Mail Orders Now

STUDEBAKER POP. MAT. Today 25c to $1
Extra Mat. Decoration Day.
THE VIRGINIAN
With DUSTIN FARNUM.

AMUSEMENTS.

COLISEUM GARDEN
OPENS SAT. EVE., MAY 27.
WEBER'S PRIZE BAND
Catering by Edelweiss Garden Management
25c RESERVE TABLES PHONE SOUTH 792 25c

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
Last 6 Times. Bargain Mat. Today
"The Funniest Show in Town."
MRS. WIGGS OF THE CABBAGE PATCH
Next Sunday—Seats Now on Sale.
LEW FIELDS "IT HAPPENED IN NORDLAND"
The Singing Show—100 Singing Girls.
SPECIAL MATINEE MEMORIAL DAY—MAY 30
POP. MAT. TODAY.

McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Proprietor.
The Safest Theater in the World—40 Exits.
POP. MAT. TODAY.
WM. A. BRADY'S Tuneful Topsy Turvy.
ALL 'ROUND CHICAGO
EVERY NIGHT. MATS. WED. AND SAT.
HOLIDAY MAT. DECORATION DAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

POWERS'—Last 4 Nights and Sat. Mat.
Mr. F. C. WHITNEY presents Mme.
SCHUMANN-HEINK
IN "LOVE'S LOTTERY"
NEXT SUNDAY—MAIL ORDERS NOW.
SECOND EDITION THE ISLE OF BONG BONG
NEW SONGS. NEW SCENERY. NEW FACES.
EXTRA MAT. DECORATION DAY.
Matinee Prices, 25c to $1 | Night Prices, 25c to $1.50

Sans Souci Park
OPENS NEXT SATURDAY
SPECIAL COMPANY OF 60 IN
THE PARADERS
A BRIGHT MUSICAL COMEDY
HOSTRAWSER'S FAMOUS
FIRST REGIMENT BAND
DARE DEVIL CASTELLANE
IN HIS SENSATIONAL TRIPLE AERIAL GAP.
MANY OTHER NEW ATTRACTIONS.
ADMISSION
ALL TIMES 10cts. NEVER HIGHER.

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CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Sidney Dean & Co.
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WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1905.

DEATH OF MARY A. LIVERMORE.

Mary A. Livermore has passed away at the ripe age of 85. She had grown so old and had lived in virtual retirement so long that she was almost forgotten, even here in Chicago, where her public career began. Her life was an active and useful one. It was devoted not alone to the advancement and protection of her own sex but to the best interests of suffering humanity and, when the occasion required, in patriotic work for the nation.

She began her active life as a school teacher. Then she married Daniel P. Livermore, a Universalist clergyman, and came to Chicago nearly fifty years ago. She made herself prominent in the interests of that denomination by carrying more than her share in its work, both with her pen and upon the platform. Her administrative ability and unwearied industry in connection with the United States sanitary commission during the civil war brought her to the notice of the whole country and gave her a national reputation. At the outset she was active in anti-slavery work, and when that was no longer needed she took up the cause of woman suffrage, woman's legal rights, and temperance, and labored for them wisely and well not only as a lecturer but as an editor of various journals and as an author of many important books devoted to the interests of children, women, and the home.

Mrs. Livermore lived to see the practical results of much of her work. She was one of the wisest and sanest of the reformers. Her method of appeal was thoughtful and earnest rather than acrimonious or vituperative. She was diplomatic in dealing with prejudices and argumentative rather than abusive. Hence, she did not make so much stir or figure so conspicuously as some of her associates, but it must be admitted that her work was more conclusive and richer in results than theirs. During all her long life her influence and her ability to its utmost were used quietly, persistently, and effectively for the advancement of the individual and national life, and for the betterment of woman's condition. Had she done nothing more than to employ her ability in the work of the United States sanitary commission she would have deserved the thanks of the country. The story of her life is the story of unwearied, unselfish, unremitting devotion to high purposes, only allowed to cease when old age had made this devotion no longer possible. The women of the country have honored Frances Willard. Now is their opportunity to show similar honor to her associate, Mary Livermore.

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

It is estimated that 900,000 immigrants will come to the United States this year. It is the intention of the great majority to make their homes here. There is no prospect of an abatement of the flood until there is a sharp business depression in this country or until congress musters up its courage and enacts legislation calculated to exclude the undesirables, who are an increasing percentage of the arrivals.

There is no lack of plans for the regulation of immigration. It is proposed that the number to be admitted yearly shall be fixed by law, each foreign nation to be allowed its quota. That does not meet the needs of the case, for it does not provide for the exclusion of the unfit. There should be no restriction on the admission of desirables.

It is proposed that the head tax, which is now $2, be raised to $25. It is contended that this would keep out most of those whose presence is not desired. Doubtless it would keep out many, but the tax would fall upon the just as well as upon the unjust. It would bar out many Italians from the southern regions of the peninsula, whom this country could get along better without. It would also strike many Scandinavians. They are almost invariably desirable acquisitions, even those who are penniless when they arrive here. The proceeds of the $2 head tax go to defray the expense of regulating immigration and the relief of immigrants who are in distress. A heavier tax would be an unjust imposition upon desirable immigrants who were able to pay it.

It is proposed that no illiterates be admitted. That would cut down greatly the Russian, Polish, and Italian immigration. Congress went so far once as to pass a bill to exclude illiterates, but President Cleveland vetoed it. If he had signed the bill immigration would have been checked materially. Some desirable as well as some undesirable immigrants would have been kept away. The reading and writing test does not work satisfactorily in all cases.

It has been suggested that the government should have its medical inspectors at foreign ports, and that no steamship company shall be allowed to take an immigrant on board who has not a certificate from an inspector. The only place where accurate information about an immigrant can be had is the place where he was reared. Therefore it is suggested that a person wishing to emigrate shall submit to the nearest consul or other American official the best evidence he can produce that he has been a hard working, law abiding man and get a certificate to that effect. This certainly would make it much harder for undesirables to get into this country.

It has been said that there are foreign countries which would object to the last two methods of supervising immigration. If it be true that there are countries which are fostering migration to the United States and are doing what they can to ship their paupers, insane, criminals, and diseased here, there doubtless would be a protest. The governments of those countries might say that it did not comport with their dignity to allow American medical inspectors, for instance, to act within their territory.

If that were to happen, it would be in the power of the United States to protect itself. It could refuse to admit immigrants from a country whose government would not allow it to guard in the most effective way against becoming the receptacle of the social scum and refuse of other lands.

The question of railroad rates will be the one which will claim the first attention of congress. Next to that should come the immigration question. Its consideration cannot be further postponed. It is a political, social, moral, industrial question that must be handled fearlessly and at once.

ALDERMEN OF THE WHOLE CITY.

Last Saturday a meeting of citizens in Union park adopted resolutions calling for the location of the city hall on the west side. When these resolutions were presented to the council Monday night their supporters wished them to go to the mayor's special committee on city hall, three of whose five members are from the west division. It was equally proper that they should go to the standing committee on city hall, a majority of whose members are from the other two divisions of the city. A vote had to decide which committee should have them, and this vote was supposed to show the attitude of aldermen on the proposal for a west side location. The standing committee, which is opposed to such a location, won, but by a strictly sectional alignment. All of the twenty-eight west side aldermen present voted for the special committee, and all of the thirty-five aldermen from the north and south sides voted for the standing committee.

It is pleasant to know that this action was not taken overseriously by the council, and it should not be so taken by the public. It does not follow that every alderman who voted to send these resolutions to what must be regarded as a packed committee, so far as this subject is concerned, would vote to place the city hall on the west side. At the same time the alignment indicates a real danger of sectional prejudice in a matter of grave importance.

The city council of New York has for years been undergoing reductions of its authority, until now it has lost the granting of franchises. Its powers have been transferred to the mayor, the controller, the president of the council, and the borough presidents, on the theory that these officials alone represent the interests of the city as an entirety. Chicago has been illustrating and congratulating itself upon precisely an opposite development in municipal government. The city council has been growing more and the mayor less important, relatively, in city affairs. The council has taken into its own hands the appointment of its standing committees, it initiates new movements and policies, and it has become an increasingly potent factor in local government. Its progress, however, has rested upon the disposition of its members to serve the general welfare, and to represent not merely their wards or localities but the entire city in matters of general concern.

It would be a disappointing spectacle if, in a matter so directly affecting the whole city as does the city hall, all the aldermen, or all those from any particular portion of the city, should lack the ability or the courage to treat the question on its merits. Despite the river, the want of through transportation routes, and the multiplicity of taxing bodies, Chicago is not three, but one, and on Chicago questions aldermen should—and certainly may—be expected to rise above sectional prejudices or would-be local booms.

Cleveland Is Happy.

Last Saturday was a festal day in Cleveland. The citizens were radiant with joy. Business was suspended and the community put on its best clothes and its Sunday manners. According to a local chronicler, "the corner stone of the new government building was laid with the pomp and rejoicing which the occasion demanded." There was a military parade and there were distinguished speakers, who addressed a large and respectable audience. Cleveland has been fighting hard for several years to get a new postoffice and custom house to be built of the kind of material the citizens preferred. Finally the city carried its point and work on a new structure, which is to be worthy of the metropolis of Ohio, has begun. When will it be finished? One of the Cleveland papers says "there is reason to hope for and count upon steady and rapid progress henceforth in rearing an edifice of the utmost importance and value to the city. The older inhabitants of Chicago will recall the fact that encouraging remarks of that kind were made after work was begun on the local government building during the last century. Nevertheless, the building is not entirely finished today. Progress was neither steady nor rapid, and the vehement complaints of citizens did not hurry the workers. It may be that Cleveland will fare no better than Chicago. It may be that years from now the citizens will be watching with angry impatience the creeping, crawling progress of their government building—the child of so many hopes. This is a thought which should chill the spirit of mad exultation which thrills all Cleveland bosoms now.

THE SUMMER BRIDES.

St. Joseph, Mich., has long had almost a monopoly of the out of town Sunday marriage business of Chicago in summer. Week after week lake steamers touching there have been crowded with young people who were bent on getting married without parental consent or who caught the matrimonial contagion as soon as they came in sight of the Michigan Gretna Green and paid the justice's fee before they fully realized what they were about.

It has often seemed to Chicago that the Michigan town did not appreciate what a good thing it had. The same thought evidently has occurred to Michigan City, Ind., for it is to blossom out this summer as a competitor of St. Joseph. That place has let the candidates for matrimony walk from the boat to the justice's office or minister's house or get there the best way they could. Michigan City shows more enterprise. It will have all the necessary papers and both preachers and justices at the dock, so that the knot may be tied with neatness and dispatch as soon as the boat comes in. It is even proposed to send by wireless telegraph the names of the happy couples so licenses and certificates may be filled out before they arrive.

St. Joseph is stirred by the appearance of this rival and will adopt measures to protect its interests. It will not be surprising if, before summer ends, the people of one town are welcoming matrimonially inclined visitors with free carriages, free lunches, and a brass band, and those of the other arranging with steamship companies to throw in a marriage license with every ticket and going out to meet incoming boats in tugs decorated with orange blossoms and antique shoes.

The motives of the competing towns are selfish. Their officials are hungry for fees, their confectioners and hotel and restaurant proprietors want the money which bridegrooms usually throw around freely. But persons who adequately appreciate the institution of matrimony will be of one mind regarding the rivalry of the lake towns. Competition is the life of trade, and in this case stimulates marriages. The more marriages the less race suicide and the greater the number of divorce suits on the dockets of the courts. There is no great gain without some small loss.

There are several towns on the lake near Chicago. Others will doubtless enter into competition with St. Joseph. All the cities and villages toward the south end of Lake Michigan may be converted every Sunday into institutions for the promotion of matrimony.

J. Edward Addicks says that he is still in pursuit of a seat in the senate. He says "Delaware was democratic when I took hold of politics there and it is republican now. It will be democratic again if I let go." The loss to a party of a state, even though it be a small one, may be a serious matter, but the republican party could afford to pay the price of the loss of Delaware to get rid of Addicks. It is better that the Delaware electorate should be honest and democratic than that is should be converted through corruption to what Addicks calls republicanism. There are in the state many Addicks men calling themselves republicans, but there are no more genuine, decent republicans there than there were when Addicks began operations. Even if Addicks were to let go the evil he has done would endure. A considerable proportion of the voters have been taught to take money for their votes and the men who have learned that bad lesson never forget it. If they are not offered bribes for their votes they solicit bribes. The virtue of the managers of campaigns in close states is put to a test when they feel that if they do not buy the votes that are offered them the other side may. It is greatly to be feared that Delaware will be a debauched state for years whether Addicks lets go or holds on.

Addicks Will Not Let Go.

Is this lake breeze, hitherto neutral, to become involved in this strike?

Any movement for "preserving order" must be preceded, necessarily, by a movement to secure order.

In order not to become saddle sore, from the unaccustomed exercise, the Hon. Bob Burke should go slow at first.

Admiral Rojestvensky could end the terrible suspense by doing a little miscellaneous fighting.

The smoke ordinance has been upheld. Smoke up with Chicago!

East St. Louis mourns the premature cremation of over 400 choice Missouri mules.

The statisticians have estimated the average number of children in an American family to be two and three-eighths. No wonder there are so many fractious children.

From the esteemed New York Herald we learn that "the weather man does not manufacture and retail sunshine and storm. He merely gives warning." This reproof, which is given in all kindness, should be accepted in like spirit. We have all been unjust to the weather man.

Indications are that the city hall will not be removed from the spot on which it originally fell.

Philadelphia's new gas policy has a "cash surrender" value—to the gas company—of over $38,000,000.

There are several indignant persons that have not applied to Gov. Deneen for the pen with which he signed all those vetoes.

A Louisville man, it is said, not long ago drank thirty-five bottles of beer in four hours. The primary emphasis is on "Louisville." The secondary is on "beer."

The latest discovery is that Chicago citizens are acquiring the "strike face." The face needs no description. You know it when you see it.

Iowa is doing a little chortling over the adoption of its idea by the Panama canal people.

If police protection is withdrawn "thirty minutes after the strike is called off," an exceedingly lively thirty minutes may be expected to follow the withdrawal.

Do not be in a hurry to sell your radium. The price is likely to go higher still.

If Tom Lawson is a million dollars poorer than he was a year ago, as alleged, his personal frenzy needs no further explanation.

Train up a child in the way he should go and he will never have to be headed in the direction of a reform school.

If the White Sox will endeavor to be a little more active in their striking department they may count on the sympathy of all Chicago.

Kang Yu Wai, the Chinese reformer, is welcome. Start right in, Friend Kang. There is a ripe harvest here.

A New Yorker may be known by his subway face.

O. K.—Bob Burke.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Putting a Good Face on It.

Young William Makepeace Thackeray had broken his nose by jamming it carelessly against another boy's fist.

"Well," he said, as he looked at himself in the mirror, "I'd rather have a nose of that kind than one like J. Pierpont Morgan's."

At a subsequent period, however, he avenged himself by making faces at the entire aggregation of English society.

Ups and Downs.

And as the mercury aspires
To greater heights, now comes the shout:
"Huzzah! Huzzah! The furnace fires
Are down and out!"
—Indianapolis News.

But as the mercury retires
To lower depths, then comes the shout:
"Say, janitor! Coal up! The fires
Are going out!"

Self-Evident.

It was the stranger's first ride on a Halsted street car.

"Phew!" he exclaimed. "Where does that odor come from?"

"That's from the beef trust," said the man sitting next to him.

"Well, it's evident to my mind," rejoined the stranger, "that it doesn't need any investigating. What it needs is burying."

Higher Qualification.

Cutter—"Jorgins is always bragging about his wife's cookery. Is she such a famous cook?"

Dryde—"No; she's more than that. She's a hypnotist. She has Jorgins under such perfect control that he'll eat anything she cooks, no matter how bad it is."

C. W. T.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1905: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

AMBASSADOR VON MEYER'S action in sending his most important dispatches by special courier or messenger, instead of confiding them to the general postoffice at St. Petersburg for transmission in the ordinary way, seems to have excited an amount of attention which is in no sense warranted by the facts of the case. To judge from the tone of the telegraphic dispatches about the matter one would be disposed to believe that the czar's mails are the only ones that are made the subject of this manifestation of suspicion on the part of foreign governments.

The fact of the matter, is, however, that there is not a single foreign power that does not have recourse to these precautions, and I have known of quite a number of instances in which confidential communications destined for the various embassies and legations at Washington have reached the latter by means of messengers sent all the way across the Atlantic, owing to absence of adequate confidence in the integrity of officers in charge of the mail bags on board the ship, and to fear lest there might be any tampering with letters between New York and Washington. Not that I would for one moment believe that such a thing would be possible in the case of the United States mails. But unfortunately foreign governments are apt to judge the other powers by themselves, and since the so-called black cabinet exists everywhere abroad, save in England, it is only natural that they should be unwilling to grant to the American postal department a confidence which they are aware is withheld with good reason from their own mail service.

Nationalist members of parliament, especially in the days when the home rule party was still under the able and never-to-be-forgotten leadership of Parnell, were wont to insist that all their letters, especially those from America, were tampered with by the authorities at the English general postoffice at St. Martin's le Grand. And while this charge was never substantiated, yet the fact remains that large numbers of people, especially in Ireland, gave credence to the accusation. Each foreign government, with the exception of the United States, keeps a permanent staff of men, most of them retired army and navy officers, all of them of birth, breeding, and of absolutely unexceptionable antecedents, for no other purpose than that of carrying confidential dispatches to and from its embassies abroad. In England they are known by the name of king's messengers, and receive a salary of $2,000 a year, besides an allowance of $5 a day, in addition to expenses, when traveling. Their adventures in protecting their dispatches from theft or destruction have furnished the theme of a boundless number of magazine articles, and of romances, some true and others not, and when it is recalled to mind how the dispatches in connection with the Dreyfus affair, sent by the German embassy at Paris to Berlin by an imperial messenger, were surreptitiously opened and their contents photographed during the trip from Paris to the German frontier, it will be realized that the career of a bearer of government dispatches is even in these prosaic days not without an element of excitement.

The king's messengers rank as members of the English diplomatic service, and have always been welcome guests at the table of the ambassadors to whom they have carried not merely confidential dispatches in sealed bags but likewise all the latest gossip of Mayfair and of the capitals at which they have stopped off en route. They are supposed to always travel in a species of semi-military uniform, with a badge of office, consisting of a silver greyhound surmounted by an imperial crown, pendent from a ribbon around their neck. But owing to the attention which this uniform attracts, and the mark which it makes of the royal messengers for designing people, it is seldom used, except in war time, and then only within the frontiers of one or another of the belligerents.

Of course there have been quite a number of abuses in connection with this king's messenger service, and I have known, during the late reign, the messengers to bring out in sealed bags, supposed to contain dispatches, collars for Sir Andrew Buchanan, the former British ambassador at Vienna, hats and bonnets for the Grand Duchess Alice of Hesse, all sorts of English knick-knacks for the late Empress Frederick at Berlin, and even on one occasion the bag of dispatches destined for the embassy at Vienna contained a small cask of particularly fine Ostend oysters. For many years, moreover, it was the practice of these foreign office messengers to call each week on their way back to England at Brussels, where they received from the court kitchens a box of peculiarly made biscuits, of which Queen Victoria was fond, and which she believed nobody could make so well as the pastry chefs at the head of King Leopold's kitchen. This box of biscuits was carefully sealed up at the British legation with the official seal, and then conveyed across the channel via the foreign office to Windsor, under the denomination of "important confidential government dispatches."

There has been on several occasions a talk of abolishing these king's messengers, on the alleged ground that their services have become virtually superfluous with the development of telegraphic communications and cipher codes. But this argument will not hold. For there is no secret cipher code used by any power of which the other governments do not possess the key. In fact, no secret code has yet been invented which cannot be deciphered by experts, by men who devote their entire existence to this particular branch of research. This compels governments to avoid the wires in the case of communication where secrecy is a matter of vital importance. And, as I have pointed out above, the mails are equally unreliable—even more so—the art of opening and closing letters without leaving any trace having been carried to an almost phenomenal perfection. From this it will be seen that foreign service messengers will continue to remain indispensable as long as there is any necessity of the transmission of dispatches of so confidential a character that the disclosure of the secrets which they contain might bring about not merely a rupture of friendly relations but even war.

Emperor Nicholas' ukase, conceding religious freedom to those of his subjects who do not belong to the orthodox church, will vastly facilitate the appearance of the representatives of the Baptist denomination in Russia at the world's Baptist congress, which is to take place in London in July. Until the other day great difficulty was experienced by the leaders of the Baptist church in America and in Great Britain in communicating freely with their coreligionists in the dominions of the czar. But now all obstacles have been removed and hundreds of members of the Baptist faith in Russia, who had been deported on account of their religious opinions to the Caucasus and to Siberia, have been permitted to return to their homes.

King Edward has appointed Friday, June 30, for the official celebration of his birthday in London, and it is expected that not only he himself but likewise the young king of Spain will be present at the trooping of the colors on the Horse Guards parade on that occasion, the royal procession from Buckingham palace reaching the parade by the Whitehall route, past the statue of King Charles at Charing Cross. King Edward's real birthday is on Nov. 9. But, as everybody is away from London at that time of the year, scattered at the shooting lodges in Scotland, at country houses in England, or else on the continent, another date is always selected by him each year for the celebration of his birthday during the London season.

The Sultan's Wish.

[From the New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

"Some day," remarked the sultan, "I hope to read my title clear——"

"To mansions in the skies," tremblingly inquired his minister, fearing that his august master was becoming affected with Christianity.

"No, dog and son of a dog!" cried the sultan; "clear to the end!"

When one reflects that in that title he is likened to everything in the heavens and earth, and that courtly complacency is still adding to the string, we understand why the busy sovereign has not yet had time to glance through it.

In Full Dress.

It is now reported that the man who said that a woman could dress herself on $65 a year wrote his article in the Fiji islands.—Helena (Mont.) Record.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

Another Belief Shattered.

[Copyright: 1905: By Tribune Company.]

"If you would get rid of conscience and all that tommyrot you would have a solution for every problem in life."—The Rev. Hugh O. Pentecost.

Good-by, conscience; you must go—
Long you've held us in your thrall,
But at last the truth we know;
You are nothing, after all.
Nothing but a foolish myth
By which we were long pursued—
Just a thing to scare us with,
Just a mental attitude.

In the time when we were boys,
It was you who snatched each boon—
Barred that chief of longed-for joys,
Swimming Sunday afternoon.
When we robbed a melon field
With the other youthful scamps,
Was it you our guilt revealed?
You were nothing but the cramps.

Men who go to paint the town
Think next day that it is you
Who regard them with a frown.
You are but a bugaboo,
A hobgoblin built of fears,
Something on tradition based—
Though your still, small voice one hears,
You are but a dark brown taste.

Men might lie and cheat and steal
Or go gayly forth to kill
If it were not that they feel
You would make them foot the bill.
Few of us would rob a bank—
But your "influence" we mock.
'Tis not you we have to thank;
'Tis the copper on the block.

Good-by, conscience, you may go.
Men regret it when they swear—
You don't punish them. Ah, no!
Some girl hears them—then they care.
Farewell, conscience, you may leave—
You and all that tommyrot.
'Tis not you that makes us grieve—
It is simply getting caught.

W. D. N.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

MR. NEIDIG'S POETRY.

"The First Wardens," on a High Plane of Technique, Form, and Thought.

Grace of expression and clearness of thought, blent with careful, clean, poetical workmanship, are the characteristics of this little volume of poems by William J. Neidig, which takes its title, "THE FIRST WARDENS" [Macmillan Co.], from the most ambitious number in the book.

Mr. Neidig's verses are all on a high plane—the high plane of technique, form, and color, as well as of thought. "A Woman's Ring," a series of twelve sonnets, is a sequence of classically emotional compositions. In some of the poems is a touch of cynicism, such cynicism as loses much of its tartness when glossed over with words artistically grouped and aptly chosen. But "The First Wardens" has none of this. It strikes the note of pure poesy in many of its lines and is well worthy a book to itself. Unless we are far wrong, Mr. Neidig has given this poem much contemplation and much patient work—not that his other poems do not bear the hall mark of untiring polishing and pruning. The title poem is based on the legend that the true cavern of the sepulcher of Christ was occupied during the second or third century by a company of religionists; and that when Constantine usurped the tomb he raised his basilica over the rock they had guarded. The argument of the poem is that the labors of the monks who occupied the sepulcher is not ended, but that they battle still for the uplifting and betterment of men.

"O, still the flail must purge the temple mart;
He that would light this world unto his dream
Still seize the brand of battle, and depart
Upon the crowded highway with his beam!
Yea, whether poet of the burning heart
Or prophet with the truth of God in him,
He must work beauty on the world in strife,
Or pass, and yield no solace of his life.

"Ah, beauty was not dead, not dead, that day
When Pilate forced the shining chancel door,
The slender chancel door that barred his way,
Whose workmanship no Pilate could restore!
And think you 'twas not raised from where it lay
To stir men's souls by all it cost the more?
By all it cost, whose wonder will not die,
The love, the care, the travail pure and high?"

HER LETTERS TO HER SON.

Wife of a Self-Made Man Writes to Her Offspring.

When a novel or any literary production has received popular praise, it frequently happens that the author, in the hope of equally large financial turns, is lured on to attempt a sequel of some sort, without thinking whether or no it be possible for him to continue longer in that vein successfully. Every person who has read "A SELF-MADE MAN'S WIFE. HER LETTERS TO HER SON" (Putnam's Sons) must feel that Charles Eustace Merriam did not consider before he wrote.

The book opens with an apology for itself. The mother—the wife of the self-made merchant—after reading her son's letters to his father and the father's to the son, though hitherto she has written short notes only, determines to write at length. The son is off on a honeymoon and in need of motherly advice and the current gossip. Here and there are gleams of evanescent humor, here and there are stories that have before seen the light.

But all the stories are not old yet and there is a certain humor in the way the old mother stretches the context to make them pertinent, and in her garrulous admonitions to her son. She is a cheerful, likeable woman, though the mainsprings of her being are in her son's and husband's past.

AMERICAN THUMB PRINTS.

A Volume of Exceedingly Clever Sketches by Miss Kate Stephens.

In "AMERICAN THUMB PRINTS" (J. B. Lippincott company, Philadelphia) Miss Kate Stephens has written a book which seems to come from the heart of the middle west, though the writer is of New York birth and belongs to the New York literary world. Her pen is bold, tactful, and dashing. There is in her work a marvelous fitness of words, a strength and flexibility of sentences which compel the admiration and hold the mind of the reader upon whatever subject may be treated in her refreshing style.

In "Puritans of the West" there is an illuminating study of Kansas and her people, followed by a picture of a western university which is also a broad and satisfying exposition of some of the features of life in the Sunflower state, while the "Two Neighbors of St. Louis" may be commended to those who never tire of the unending study of the American in his infinite variety, and this brilliant essay is followed immediately by a study of the New England woman, that fragile in appearance but hardy flower of "way down east."

There is wit which fairly glistens in the examination of "Up to Date Misogyny," which Miss Stephens begins with the rash cry of Euripides: "I hate every woman." The old Greek might be inclined to modify his views a little, were he alive and acquainted with this exceedingly clever writer, but, maybe, they would not get along together well, with such a difference in points of view. However, Euripides, who wrote so many plays and must have been around with actors, was possibly a gourmand and, if so, he would enjoy that portion of the work which treats of "The Gullet Science," a veritable poem of the table, and alone worth the price of admittance to the pleasures of the book. One is challenged occasionally by almost a shade too much of learning in these pages but the bookishness is so unconscious and so manifestly a part of the writer's life and existence that it does not at all offend. Miss Stephens' work is a brilliant, sane piece of literature, of more than present value, as well as of present interest.

WHY DON'T PEOPLE GO TO CHURCH?

Dr. Abbott's "The Christian Ministry" Offers Some Solution to the Question.

The question is often discussed, particularly among ministers, Why do people not go to church? Dr. Lyman Abbott suggests that it is equally pertinent to ask, Why do any people ever go to church? A careful census taken in New York City last year showed that approximately half of the population above school age is accustomed to take part in some form of religious service every week.

Dr. Abbott regards this fact as typical, for in all ages of the world, among all races of mankind, attendance upon some form of religious service has been one of the most universal customs. What is the motive that brings so large a proportion of the human race each week into the various churches, temples, and synagogues?

The object of Dr. Abbott's new book, "THE CHRISTIAN MINISTRY" (Houghton, Mifflin & Co.), is to furnish some answer to this question; to indicate to priests and preachers what it is which induces half the population of New York City to lay aside their commercial pursuits and gather in their churches every seventh day; to interpret to themselves, the men and women who form these congregations, and explain to them what it is that they are often unconsciously seeking; and to indicate to those who rarely or never go to church the advantage which they might secure if they were, in this respect, to conform to the custom, not only of their fellow countrymen in America, but of their fellow men throughout the world.

RODIN AND HIS ART.

Mr. Brownell Adds a New Chapter to His Volume of Criticism.

Charles Scribner's Sons have published a new edition of W. C. Brownell's excellent "FRENCH ART," the chief feature of which is a fine additional chapter dealing with the work of Rodin, the sculptor, for whom he breaks a gallant lance in the contest with the "institute." Rodin's genius is certainly making headway in France, and his admirers are not longer confined to a small body of "revolutionaries."

Mr. Brownell compares Rodin to Michael Angelo, without implying that he is in any sense an imitator. "His temperament is in some measure analogous to that of the great Florentine, but his art is his own." As to the remark that Rodin is said to derive from the Gothic, Mr. Brownell thinks imitation of Gothic sculpture is impossible. "In a sense," he says, "Rodin's sculpture has a Gothic derivation, and in looking at it one recalls Rheims as reasonably as, on account of its grandeur of style and sentiment, he does Michael Angelo, and, on account of its plastic beauties, the antique. As to the distinction between Rodin's art and the art of the institute, he says, it can be expressed thus: One is inspired by nature and guided by tradition, and the other is inspired by tradition and guided by nature.

UNITED STATES THE DUMPING GROUND FOR THE OFFSCOURINGS OF EUROPE.

Southern Industrial Congress, Eager for Immigration, Offered a Few Facts from Official Reports—Some Alarming Figures Shown in the Records.

BY RICHARD WEIGHTMAN.

Washington, D. C., May 23.—[Special.]—The southern industrial congress opened its session here today. Washington is getting to be almost as much of a convention city as Detroit. Indeed, it may be said to take the precedence, if one considers the importance of the subjects discussed and the distinction of the individuals who assemble to discuss them. In Detroit, however, they have a convention of some sort almost every day during the heated term, and wise are they who select that beautiful and gracious city for their July and August conferences.

Meanwhile the representatives of southern industry are here in Washington and they have before them one of the greatest subjects presented by our astounding natural development. The south is growing in all material respects more rapidly and more substantially than any other section. There is much for these gentlemen to talk about. Much depends upon their wisdom and their patriotism. The secretary of the parliament, Dr. Walter C. Murphy of Alabama, is enthusiastic over the prospects and is quoted in one of the local papers as follows:

"We are anxious to have capital make investments and develop enterprises. We are anxious to have immigrants and thrifty farmers settle among them. To the worthy home seeker they extend the hand of welcome. To the capitalist these states offer special inducements for investment. The laws are favorable to the investor, and public order and private rights are firmly upheld and maintained. The south is bounding forward. It is the field in which the immediate future will unfold the most marvelous development of the century. In the south capital is to find its most tempting and profitable field for investment."

Evils of Immigration.

There is more of it. In a general way, of course, one knows without being told what the south needs and what those interested in its prosperity are anxious to secure for it. But I think Dr. Murphy will find a conservative and deliberate policy firmly lodged in many leading minds when the discussion gets around to the subject of "Immigration."

It is all well enough for railroad and steamship managers to proclaim the beauty and efficacy of immigration on a large scale, for they get the job of hauling and transportation and have no subsequent trouble with the social problems that follow the infusion of a vast foreign element. In a less degree, also, the mining and manufacturing interests are well disposed to an unlimited supply of cheap labor, for that will give them the opportunity to pick and choose, at the same time removing the menace of the labor famine we hear so much about in the south.

But the country has been startled within the immediate past by disclosures in connection with the appalling influx of foreign population, and the south, which has so far known the evil and the danger chiefly by hearsay, will hesitate seriously before consenting to such an invasion as it now appears the north has been suffering for some years past.

Europe's Conspiracy Uncovered.

I do not myself see the occasion for astonishment over recent publications which set forth the abhorrent facts. It has long been notorious that no European governments are encouraging the emigration of the desirable and worthy classes—which is natural enough—whereas certain of those governments are only too glad to get rid of their criminals, paupers, and degenerates.

It is now openly asserted, indeed, and through the medium of the public prints, that there is a species of conspiracy in active operation throughout southeastern Europe the effect of which has been to flood this country with hundreds of thousands of the most degraded creatures to be found abroad—the offscourings and garbage of the European population.

We know that there has been a vast traffic in fraudulent certificates and forged naturalization papers, for Secretary Hay has laid the facts before congress. It is not difficult to believe that the alleged conspiracy exists, for its fruits are manifest in the official tables of immigration for the year 1904.

Figures Tell Alarming Story.

Reference to the figures shows that out of the 812,870 foreigners who gained admission to the United States last year the bulk of them—only two-thirds—came from Italy, Poland, Russia, and the Danubian provinces.

Special significance, moreover, resides in the fact that of the 193,528 Italians 120,826 were from the Mediterranean districts and only a small fraction from northern, or agricultural Italy. This item alone tells an alarming story in itself. It enables us to believe without great effort that some powerful machinery is at work—whether governmental, or semi-official, or purely volunteer—to send to America the human sewage and refuse of Europe and to keep at home all that is wholesome, worthy, and desirable. In the New York World of Sunday last appeared nearly six columns of literature and statistics on this subject, and among other things it was asserted that a recent report of one of our secret agents in Europe contains this information:

"Tens of thousands of foreigners are permitted to emigrate to this country without the fumigation of their baggage, as provided by law.

"The organized gangs of crooks who connive at this evasion stamp the emigrants' belongings with counterfeit government labels and a counterfeit United States consular stamp, indicating that their baggage has been properly fumigated.

"These counterfeits are accepted at Ellis Island without question, and luggage from European centers scourged with bubonic plague, cholera, trachoma, smallpox, and the germs of deadly fevers are permitted to enter our ports daily.

"For this counterfeiting service the Italian gangs, in particular, charge 5 lire, or $1.

"In several of the European countries it is the custom to promise convicted criminals immunity from punishment if they will emigrate to this country or if their relatives will send them here."

Steamer Loads of Riffraff.

This agent, Mr. Braun, is the same I understand, who not long ago notified the government of the remarkable compact between the Hungarian authorities and the Cunard (English) steamship line, according to the terms of which Hungary was to deliver to the Cunard company at the port of Fiume certain thousands of the Danubian riffraff annually, 30,000 the first year, 100,000 the next year, and so on. The Cunard company was to have the monopoly of the particular trade at a fixed price.

All of this however, has been in print before—on the installment plan, though—and it is only by putting the pieces together in this ominous mosaic that I seek to attract public attention. It is clear to me, and I have reason to believe, that it is giving President Roosevelt a great deal of concern at this time, that Europe is using the United States as a dumping ground for its offal and that unless we adopt some more intelligent methods than seem to be in vogue at present we shall continue to serve Europe's purposes in the future as obligingly as we have served it in the past.

Effect on the South.

Meanwhile I am anxious to see what position the representatives of southern industry will take in this respect of immigration. The Italian ambassador has been making a tour of that section looking for good locations for colonies. Everywhere he has been received with courtesy, frequently with enthusiasm.

The steamship and railway companies are naturally interested in the success of the enterprise. So, also, may be certain concerns and individuals engaged in mining and manufacturing, and perhaps here and there in extensive agriculture. But what will the southerners as a whole think of the prospect suggested by these recent sidelights on our immigration machinery and its fruits? Do they hanker for the Hungarian refuse from Fiume, or the Greek and Phœnician degenerates from southern Italy, the Poles, the Slavs, "the Goth and the shameless Hun"?

It will be interesting to observe the controversy when it comes along.

ON TYBEE KNOLL.

Mr. Connolly's Story of a Young Contractor on the Georgia Coast.

In his new book, "ON TYBEE KNOLL," Mr. James B. Connolly is some distance away from his Gloucester fisher folk, but the people he now portrays are quite as sturdy, brave, and honest as the others. The new story deals with work along the Georgia coast, and it has as its hero and chief character one Tom Charlton.

He becomes a partner in a contracting firm which is helping the government improve the mouth of the Savannah river. The firm's bid is accepted, and then trouble comes from rival contractors, who do all they can think of to injure the firm and its employés, and then hire others to do still meaner things. Tom has many adventures, but he comes out ahead, as heroes should.

Oliver Optic wrote such stories once. (A. S. Barnes & Co., New York.)

MANUAL OF STATISTICS.

Compilation of Corporation and Other Figures for 1905.

The twenty-seventh annual issue of "THE MANUAL OF STATISTICS" has just been published by the Manual of Statistics company, 25 West Broadway, New York. It is a bulky volume of over 1,000 pages. This collection of tabulated matter concerning the financial features of railroads and industrial concerns, the government securities, grain, provisions, cotton, and mines, etc., has long since earned a place of authority with all who have need of full and accurate statistical information upon these and kindred subjects.

The matter has been thoroughly revised and the information is set forth with a brevity and a plainness which make it available at once.

New Life of Wellington.

The duke of Wellington used to lament that he was "so much exposed to authors." But few men as he there is no escape, and so in the Putnam's "Heroes of the Nations" series William O'Connor Morris writes of that prodigiously masterful soldier and statesman, the great Englishman who overmatched and subjugated Napoleon himself.

ROUND ... EUROPE.

... a Few Facts from ... the Records.

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...e Sunset Trail."

...Lewis would better let the ...erial alone. His exaggerated ...re tolerated, for they were ...es at that time, but we see ...The Sunset Trail." (A. S. ...York). The book is dedicated ..., but we doubt if the newly ...tial of New York will stand ...nts. Mr. Lewis can do better ...he knows it.

CHURCH CLINGS TO ITS OLD CREED

Presbyterian Assembly Refuses to Renounce the Westminster Confession.

PROPOSED UNION FAILS.

Preacher Advises Care Lest Workingmen Repudiate Religion for Socialism.

Winona Lake, Ind., May 23.—[Special.]—The "Nassau overture," which asked the Presbyterian general assembly to make its "brief statement, the creed of the church," was knocked out this morning by a unanimous negative vote, without discussion. Simultaneously the Westminster overture, which wanted the Nassau presbytery censured for harboring the Rev. Samuel Carter, who renounced the Westminster standards, was voted down.

The Rev. Dr. Duncan J. McMillan of New York introduced strong resolutions against Mormonism and Senator Reed Smoot, which were adopted unanimously amid great applause.

A careful canvass of opinion shows that the general conviction is, that now that the subject has been postponed for a year, union with the Cumberland Presbyterian church will not be accomplished. A message was sent to the Cumberland assembly, announcing that the meeting had "taken every step now possible to complete organic union," and postponed further action for a year.

Postpone Negro Problem.

The matter of union with the Colored Cumberland Presbyterian church was placed in the hands of the committee on church union and coöperation, which will report next year.

The project of Justice John M. Harlan to build a great Presbyterian church in Washington, D. C., of the nature of a cathedral, had its first inning. The committee on the proposition recommended the appointment of a delegation to confer with the presbytery of Washington "to which the business properly belongs," and Chancellor Henry M. McCracken approved the plan in an address. Opposition developed, and the report was docketed for another discussion tomorrow morning.

The elaborate ritual of forms and ceremonies, containing scores of prepared prayers, has been distributed through the assembly, and when it comes up for discussion there will be warm opposition.

The boards of home missions and aid for colleges had their annual hearing today. The Rev. Dr. John Dixon, speaking for the former, and the new secretary, the Rev. Dr. James Stewart Dickson, appearing in the interest of the latter.

Must Propitiate Unions.

The Rev. Charles Stelzle, labor representative of the church, spoke on the report of the home mission board. He said socialism and trade unionism are questions which Presbyterians must consider in dealing with workingmen. Socialism, he said, is becoming a substitute for the church with thousands.

"We should indicate to workingmen," he said, "that we are not offering them the gospel as a sop, but are offering the same to their employers. The labor union has come to stay and that fact had better be recognized. We should insist that the church does not stand for the present system of society if it is wrong. It is now simply a question as to whether it shall be a good or bad unionism.

"If employers discourage their good men from becoming members it will be a bad unionism. If you drive the workingman out of his union you drive him into socialism. Between a grossly materialistic socialism and a conservative unionism, give me unionism. If good men go into the union they will fight out in secret meetings battles which are now being fought out in streets with bullet and bludgeons."

Opposes Undue Breadth.

Mr. Dixon outlined a work of great breadth for the new college board, but Moderator Moffat created a sensation when he warned the assembly that breadth at the sacrifice of concentration would kill any board. Dr. Moffat held that if the new board is to be only a general committee on Christian education, with it should be united the board of education, Sunday school work, and the evangelistic movement.

CAN'T WED GUILTY DIVORCEES.

New Constitution Adopted by Reformed Church Orders Preachers to Bar the Party at Fault.

Allentown, Pa., May 23.—In the new constitution adopted by the general synod of the Reformed church is a provision that "a minister shall not unite in marriage a divorced person who is known to have been the guilty party in a divorce decreed on the ground of adultery, which is the only biblical ground."

PICK SUNDAY SCHOOL OFFICERS.

Delegates to Illinois Convention Elect on Opening Day of Gathering.

Clinton, Ill., May 23.—The Illinois state Sunday school convention opened today with an unusually large attendance. The following officers were elected: The Rev. Henry Moser, Geneseo, president; W. B. Rundle, Clinton, vice president.

PATTERSON THE CHIEF GUEST.

Reception to Commissioner of Public Works Will Be Held at the Municipal Museum.

A reception for Commissioner of Public Works Patterson will be held this afternoon at the Municipal museum under the auspices of the directors of the museum and of the Neighborhood Improvement League of Cook County.

The relation of the Neighborhood Improvement association to the municipality will be discussed by Charles H. Wacker, president Merchants' club; E. C. Wentworth, president Neighborhood Improvement League of Cook County; Mrs. John O'Connor, chairman Neighborhood Center committee of the Chicago Woman's club; and Commissioner Patterson.

Commissioner Patterson will voice the desire of the city administration to coöperate with the various neighborhood groups, which are increasing in number and efficiency in Chicago.

This reception will be the formal opening of the fourth of the series of special exhibitions offered by the Municipal museum for the enlightenment of the public, including the plans of the commission for the improvement of the city of New York and designs by Messrs. Daniel H. Burnham, Frederick Law Olmsted, Dwight H. Perkins, N. S. Patton, and others for the improvement of Chicago.

PAY OF 370 CLERKS RAISED.

Salaries of Chicago Postoffice Employes Under the $1,200 Grade Advanced $100 a Year.

An advance in the salaries of 370 Chicago postoffice clerks will begin with the fiscal year next July, according to advices received by Postmaster Coyne yesterday from the department at Washington. The department acting on the recommendations made by Mr. Coyne two weeks ago has allotted an increase of $37,000 in the salary lists of the local office.

The advance will be $100 a year to each clerk, but only those below the grade of $1,200 will be included. A majority of those benefited will be from the class drawing from $600 to $900.

Postmaster Coyne at the same time recommended an increase for 200 other clerks. The department will act on this next month.

Chinese Reformer Visiting Chicago.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MISS HELEN BRYANT TO WED MR. DUDLEY PUTNAM ON JUNE 20.

Ceremony to Take Place at Residence of Bride's Parents in Schuyler, Neb. —Ladies of North Shore Making Extensive Preparations for the Country Fair at Ravinia Park—Attendants Selected for Marriage of Miss Florence Flannery.

A wedding which will hold considerable interest to Chicagoans will take place in Schuyler, Neb., on June 20, when Mr. Dudley Putnam, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Putnam, 586 Dearborn avenue, will marry Miss Helen Bryant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bryant. It will be a noon wedding at the residence of the bride's parents, and few except members of the family will be present. Mr. and Mrs. Putnam will go west for the wedding and will be accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Putnam and several Chicago friends. The bride and groom will reside in Chicago. They have taken an apartment in the Brewster, 1868 Diversey boulevard, where they will be at home after Aug. 15.

Miss Bryant is a graduate of Miss Scoville's school in New York, and is well known to many Chicago girls who received their educations there. Mr. Putnam is a Yale man, class of '02.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold A. Howard, 572 Division street, have gone to Hot Springs, Va., for a short stay. Miss Marjorie Burnes, who has been staying with Mrs. Howard since returning from California, will leave tomorrow for Hartford, Conn., to visit Mrs. Richard Bissell.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick C. Austin, 189 Lincoln Park boulevard, have taken a cottage at Paul Smith's, in the Adirondacks, for the summer, and will leave the city about June 15.

The women of the north shore are making many elaborate plans for the country fair to take place at Ravinia park on June 9 and 10 for the benefit of Gads Hill settlement. There are to be a number of features which heretofore have not been a part of similar affairs, and the treatment of each will be novel and entertaining. Highland Park is to have a peasant town, in which many nations will be represented, and which will be under the direction of Mrs. Edward F. Carry as chairman. Mrs. Marshall E. Sampsell will have charge of an American colony, and Mrs. James Prindiville will conduct a Latin quarter. There is to be a great American circus in charge of Mrs. Charles O. Buckley, and another attraction will be the Italian street singers, in charge of Mrs. Charles Everett and Mrs. W. A. Alexander. Mrs. Samuel Slade will preside at Ye Olde English village, and there will be a Spanish plaza under the direction of Mrs. Frank Partridge.

There will be a number of oriental attractions, which will be in charge of Mrs. Walter E. Carr, and there will be a Japanese tea garden and bazaar conducted by Miss Chandler and Mrs. Charles S. Diehl. The German coffee house will be made a charming spot, under the management of Mrs. George Plumer Everhart, and there is to be a needle work booth presided over by Mrs. John Class and a number of assistants.

The children will have a special attraction called the Wind Fairies, in charge of Mrs. N. T. Underwood, and there will also be a Maypole dance by children in peasant costume, in charge of Mrs. Henry N. Bacon and Mrs. Frank H. Anderson. What will be called the doll house will be in charge of Mrs. John Morgan and Mrs. E. J. Nally. Mrs. Henry Doty will have a restful place called Rest Lodge.

The wedding party which will attend Miss Florence Flannery and Mr. Howard Arthur Woolverton at the marriage on June 10 will be a large one. Mrs. John L. Flannery Jr., sister-in-law of the bride, will be the matron of honor, and attending as maids will be Miss Letitia Kee, Miss Dorothy Wrigley, Miss Alice Hauttan of South Bend, Ind., and Miss Dorothy Alnell of St. Paul, Minn. Mr. Earl Woolverton will act as best man for his brother, and the ushers will be Mr. John L. Flannery Jr., Mr. Harry Johnson of South Bend, and Mr. Ezra Taylor of Chicago, while Mr. Nelson Wiley of South Bend will be master of ceremonies. Little Roy Flannery will be ring bearer. Miss Flannery is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Flannery of Wheaton, but the marriage is to take place in Edgewater in the Church of the Atonement, and will be followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Flannery, in Edgewater. It is to be an evening wedding, at 8:30 o'clock, the ceremony to be performed by the Rev. Charles E. Duell.

SCIENTISTS TO GO TO AFRICA.

Collectors and Curators of Field Museum Will Seek Specimens in the Tropics.

Collectors and curators of the Field Columbian museum are preparing for a trip to central Africa to secure specimens of rare animals for the museum. Under the direction of Prof. Carl E. Akely the hunters will leave Chicago early in the summer. With them will go Vernon Shaw Kennedy and his brother, who is now in England.

The party will land at Mobassa, East Africa. Rhinoceros, lion African leopard, and giraffe hides will be sought particularly.

Mr. Akely will be the main white guide. He is not new to tropical big game hunting.

SAYS EMPRESS TOOK BRIBE

CHINESE REFORMER KANG YU WEI THINKS THIS CAUSED WAR.

Believes Russia Paid Sovereign Personally and Secretly for Concessions in Manchuria That Have Led to Struggle Between Muscovites and Japanese—Former Prime Minister to Remain in Chicago a Week Studying Its Industries.

Had not the dowager empress of China been bribed to grant Russia concessions in Manchuria war would not have been declared by Japan upon the government of the czar, according to his excellency Kang Yu Wei, former prime minister of the Celestial empire and now president of the Chinese Empire Reform association.

Kang Yu Wei arrived in Chicago yesterday morning and will spend a week in the city as the guest of his countrymen.

"We, in China, feel that there was a secret agreement between the empress dowager and the Russian government," said his excellency through his secretary, Chew Kok Hean. "Had the emperor been ruling the concessions would never have been granted and the dreadful war in the far east would have been averted."

Surrounded by Retinue.

Surrounded by a retinue of servants, a military and civil staff, he received visitors in the afternoon in his apartments at the Auditorium Annex. Early in the day he was the guest of honor at a Chinese reception at 345 Clark street, the Chicago headquarters of the Chinese Reform association.

"America is making a great mistake in adopting such stringent laws to exclude the Chinese," said he. "Of course, these laws are passed to keep out our lower class of cheap labor. However, their rigid enforcement is excluding a desirable class of Chinese.

"As a consequence Europe is the goal of our students, merchants, and travelers. In all the large cities of Europe can be found colonies of wealthy and educated Chinese, who are making a study of western civilization.

"America suffers when these visitors return to China. The material development of China is just beginning. Vast amounts of machinery are to be purchased. The orders or a large part of them should go to American manufacturers. As it is, Europeans get the bulk of them.

"When we begin to build railroads and to develop a manufacturing industry we want to buy from America, for in mechanical appliances the United States leads the world."

Met by 400 Chinese.

When Kang Yu Wei arrived at the Polk street station yesterday morning from St. Louis he was met by 400 Chicago Chinese. He was driven from the station to the headquarters of the Reform association in a carriage drawn by four white horses. At the headquarters he made a short speech. He then was escorted to his apartment in the hotel.

At 4 o'clock he took a drive about Chicago and at 6 o'clock there was a banquet in his honor at Joy Yet Lo's restaurant, 298 Clark street.

KEEP UP CONCERT HALL FIGHT.

More Indictments Are Voted and Michael Fewer's Case Is on Trial in Court.

Three additional indictments were returned against Michael Fewer, owner of a concert hall at Halsted and Adams streets, yesterday by the grand jury. At the same time Fewer was resorting to an unusual defense in Judge McEwen's court, where he was on trial under an earlier indictment. He called several policemen and detectives to testify in his behalf.

The policemen from the Desplaines street station admitted that they never had heard of complaint being made against Fewer's concert hall. They said women patronized the place and drank at the tables.

John Flagherty, one of the concert hall owners under indictment, failed to appear in Judge Barnes' court and his bonds of $500, signed by Ald. Michael Conlon, were declared forfeited. Judge Barnes ordered a capias issued for the arrest of Flagherty, whose saloon is at Halsted and Monroe streets.

The grand jury also returned three additional indictments against O. L. Wodack, who is under conviction, and two against John Carroll, owner of a place in West Madison street.

Concert hall owners in Chicago and Cook county will be indicted every day they conduct such places until they are driven out of business, according to State's Attorney John J. Healy.

NEWS PURELY PERSONAL.

PROF. E. B. McGILVARY has resigned from the faculty of Cornell university, to take effect next year, when he will accept the chair of philosophy at the University of Wisconsin.

UNITED STATES SENATORS Bard of California and Quarles of Wisconsin were passengers on the steamer Republic, which arrived at New York from Mediterranean ports.

ADMIRAL DEWEY, who has been suffering from a severe cold which he contracted on his visit to New York, has recovered.

SECRETARY TAFT left Washington for Columbus, O., to attend the Ohio state convention.

School of Domestic Science, 39 State street. Miss Bullard and Miss Connor, directors.

FISHER TO BUILD ADDITION

HIS BLOCK ON DEARBORN STREET TO BE ENLARGED.

Structure Similar to Present One and Half as Big Going Up on North—Caissons to Replace Floating Foundation Under Present Building—Charles E. Rector Files Trust Deed on Northwest Corner of State and Twenty-second Streets.

The Fisher building at the northeast corner of Dearborn and Van Buren streets is to be enlarged with an addition costing $300,000. It will occupy the ground adjoining the present Fisher building on the north, will have a frontage of fifty feet on Dearborn street and Plymouth place, with a depth of seventy feet between the two streets, and will be eighteen stories high, like the Fisher building.

In conformity with this purpose, Lucius G. Fisher closed yesterday the purchase from Owen F. Aldis of the leasehold of the property at 273-275 Dearborn street which was purchased last week by Mr. Aldis from Charles C. Heisen. In the assignment of the lease only a nominal consideration was named, but it is understood that the price paid by Mr. Fisher was around $95,000, $50,000 being cash and a mortgage running one year at 5 per cent being given for the remainder.

It is understood to be the purpose of Mr. Fisher to begin the construction of the new building at once, or as soon as he can get possession of the property. The longest lease on the property is said to have only sixty days to run.

The present Fisher building has a frontage of approximately 100 feet on Dearborn street and Plymouth place and seventy feet on Van Buren, so that the completed structure will have a ground area of 150x70 feet, an addition of 50 per cent of space.

Caissons Under Old Building.

In connection with the construction of the addition, it is said an exceedingly interesting piece of work will be undertaken involving the present building, and that is the sinking of caissons underneath it 100 feet to the solid rock. The building, like many others of the most valuable structures in the central business district, has what is termed a floating foundation, and while it has thoroughly performed the work for which it was intended, it is said to be Mr. Fisher's desire to remove the possibility of any further settling of the structure by placing it upon caissons.

It will take several months to complete the work, and the cost will approximate $100,000.

Congressman Buys Flat Building.

Congressman T. E. Burton of Cleveland invested yesterday in apartment house property in Chicago. He purchased for $100,000 the eighteen flat building at the northwest corner of Jackson Park avenue and Sixty-third street, a property which yields an income of $12,000 a year rent.

As part payment for the property Representative Burton traded the property at the northeast corner of Michigan and Market streets. The former owner of the apartment property was Frank E. Blain. W. K. Young & Bro. conducted the negotiations for the purchase.

C. E. Rector Files Trust Deed.

A trust deed executed by Charles E. Rector to the Chicago Title and Trust company, trustee, for $120,000, was filed for record yesterday. It secures two notes for $33,000 each and one for $54,000, all due Jan. 1, 1908, and bearing 6 per cent. It is secured on the property at the northwest corner of State and Twenty-second streets, and, it is understood, merely takes the place of a loan for a similar amount made on the property last October. It is subject to a prior loan of $50,000.

The conveyance of the property at the northwest corner of Franklin and Washington streets by Walter H. Wilson and others to Joseph Downey was filed for record. The property is 80x80 feet and is improved with a four story manufacturing building. A nominal consideration was named in the deed. The board of review valued it at $197,600.

PROTESTS AGAINST THEFTS OF CATS FOR DISSECTION.

Women Complain That Scientists in Chicago University Hinder Development of Manly Traits in Boys.

The advance in prices offered by the medical department of the University of Chicago for cats, dogs, and rabbits for dissecting purposes is having a bad effect on the morals of the youth of Chicago, according to a committee of the Woman's club, which has addressed letters of protest to Judge Mack of the Juvenile court and to President Harper of the university.

The committee is headed by Mrs. Copeland Schumann, 1693 Kenmore avenue, whose boys' club, "The Chapter of Vigilance," endeavors to foster among children a humane feeling toward animals. Mrs. Schumann has several cats, the most famous one being the imported Prince of Persia, which already has killed two bulldogs.

"It is not for a selfish motive that I have protested against the university's barter in dumb animals," said Mrs. Schumann. "My cats are all able to take care of themselves, but other persons have pets that are not so fortunate.

"A boy who steals animals for dissecting purposes cannot be manly. It is impossible to steal dogs, cats, or rabbits in an honorable manner. Our committee has presented the facts to Judge Mack and President Harper, and we trust that they will see matters as we do."

Besides Mrs. Schumann, the committee consists of Mrs. Robert Gifford, Miss Jennie Stern, Mrs. Emily Keene, and Mrs. Harriet Whitmarsh.

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With Ammonia (5c)

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Miller's Powerine is the quick method of getting back to first principles—restoring the new look to household appurtenances. *Miller's Powerine* is granulated soap containing ammonia—you have doubtless used ammonia and know its worth. It's worth more in *Miller's Powerine* than in any other form.

When *Miller's Powerine* is sprinkled in your pan or bucket you have the immediate power to change all dirt and grease. It does not require the labor of hard rubbing and scrubbing. The action of *Miller's Powerine* is instantly apparent and needs only a slight help from your dish-cloth or brush to achieve cleanliness that is impossible in any other way.

The kitchen with bright clean floors, tables, sinks, pots, kettles and pans is the kitchen of *Miller's Powerine*. To all housekeepers we say:

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The big box—5 cents—lasts a long while.

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SAYS HUSBAND WAS CRUEL FOR TWENTY-FOUR YEARS.

Mrs. Nellie Marshall Gets Divorce from Albert E., Her Two Grown Sons Taking Stand for Their Mother.

A decree of divorce and $10,000 alimony was granted by Judge Brentano yesterday to Mrs. Nellie M. Marshall, 1353 Sheridan road, from Albert E. M. Marshall, a traveling salesman for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine company. Mrs. Marshall accused her husband of cruelty during the entire course of the married life.

James Moore Marshall and Frank D. Marshall, 19 and 21 years old, were witnesses for their mother and told of acts of cruelty which they had witnessed.

The former told how his father had threatened to "get a gun."

"I remember when I was a small boy," said he, "that mother would ask me to stand in front of the house when father was expected home to see if he had a gun."

"Did you ever hear your father call Mrs. Marshall any names?" asked the lawyer.

"O, yes," replied the witness, "he called her nearly everything he could think of. There wasn't anything that he missed, hardly."

The Marshalls were married in Brantford, Ont., in 1881, and came to Chicago several years later. Five years ago they moved to Oak Park, where they resided until May 2, when Mrs. Marshall and her sons took an apartment at 1353 Sheridan road.

After being married only twenty-four days, Mrs. Pearl J. White has asked the courts to grant her a divorce from Clarence A. White, whom she accuses of cruelty. The complaint asks permission to resume her maiden name, Pearl J. Thompson.

Mrs. Ada May Van Houten asks in the Superior court that she may be divorced from Jerome Taylor Van Houten, to whom she was married on Dec. 1, 1900, at Troy, N. Y. On April 19, 1902, the complainant declares her husband deserted her.

DETERMINED TO LIVE LONGER.

Man Who Gave Away Mementos, Believing He Was Dying, Quits Hospital Convalescent.

William O'Flaherty, proprietor of a restaurant in Evanston, believing he was about to die, called his intimate friends to his bedside three weeks ago, and disposed of his personal effects, giving each friend a memento.

O'Flaherty has been a favorite with the Northwestern university students for years and his restaurant has been a popular resort. He was seized with inflammatory rheumatism recently and was taken to St. Francis' hospital. He gradually grew worse until his life was despaired of.

His health began to improve a few days ago and yesterday he was seen on the streets for the first time since his illness. His friends will give him a banquet and return his gifts.

THE NORTH SHORE SPECIAL

The Chicago & North-Western Railway operates a tram for almost every hour of the day between Chicago and Milwaukee. Twenty-one trains per day between the two cities via the double track, block signal route along the beautiful north shore.

THE NORTH SHORE SPECIAL

is a new train leaving Chicago 6.00 p. m. except Sunday, arriving Milwaukee 7.55 p. m. and leaving Milwaukee 7.15 a. m. except Sunday, arriving Chicago 9.10 a. m. It is a beautiful train, with equipment of buffet smoking and library car, Booklovers library, magnificent dining car service, including table d'hote dinner leaving Chicago and a la carte breakfast leaving Milwaukee, handsome parlor cars and standard vestibuled day coaches.

Attention is also called to new trains leaving Chicago 8.00 a. m. northbound, and leaving Milwaukee 5.45 p. m. and 6.00 p. m. southbound.

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The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world, is, because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it. Take no substitute. Sold in W. L. Douglas exclusive Men's and Boys' Shoe Stores in the principal cities and by shoe dealers everywhere.

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The Philadelphia
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Fast Color Eyelets will not Wear Brassy.

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Write for Illustrated Catalog of Spring Styles. Shoes by mail or express prepaid for 25 cents extra.
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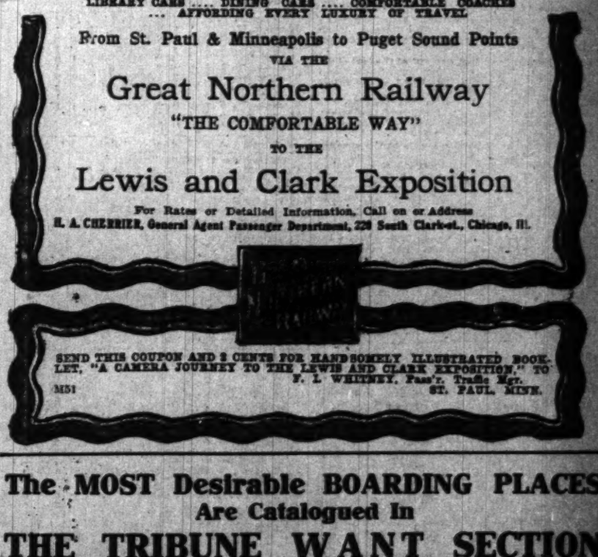

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M51

The MOST Desirable BOARDING PLACES Are Catalogued in THE TRIBUNE WANT SECTION

WHITE SOX LEAD IN PENNANT RACE.

Comiskey's Men Defeat Washington 3 to 2, but the Finish Is Close.

OWEN TURNS THE TRICK.

Holds Senators in Check for Eight Innings, but Has Narrow Escape in the Ninth.

The White Stockings completed their dash to the top of the pennant pole yesterday by winning their fourth straight victory, three of them from Washington, but not until after those Senators had thrown an awful scare into everybody. With the score 2 to 0 against them, Stahl's men went into the ninth inning and gave the Chicagoans the first proof that they have a right to be in the thick of the battle this year.

Four stinging swats would have tied up the game if Manager Jones, playing in just the right spot for Hill, had not intercepted one of them on the fly. As it was they scored two runs and there were Senators at third and first with two out and one run needed to tie. The crowd was rooting frankly and hotly for the visitors to tie it up, although a victory would put the Sox on top, so great is the sympathy felt for Stahl's team here. But little Hill was not equal to the task. A high fly to Holmes ended the game just short of the dead line.

Holmes Wins the Game.

"Ducky" broke back into the game because Callahan, who has been complaining of lameness for a couple of days, did not feel equal to the job. And "Ducky" also broke up the game with that two bagger of his in the third, which was chiefly responsible for every run the White Sox scored. He completed the circuit on that hit because of a wild throw to the plate to stop Jones from scoring. Holmes ripped off another double in the eighth, showing that his rest has put him back in his stride again, his wife's serious sickness with typhoid fever having been the cause of his falling off.

Because the Senators are all righthanded batters, Manager Jones thought best not to send a southpaw against them, so pitched Owen out of his turn. It proved a wise choice, although there were some moments in the last round when the manager seemed to regret his selection. Up to that time the visitors had made only four singles off Owen and Sullivan, killjoy of every runner who dared try to advance, it looked like another shutout for the stalwarts.

Two Senators Score.

Mullen was sent to bat for Townsend in the ninth and popped out. That helped a lot later on. Charley Jones smashed a hit to left and Hill lined one to short right center, but Manager Jones had called the turn and was on the spot to kill it off. Then Stahl, who already had two hits in his bat bag, tore off a two bagger to deep left, near the foul line. Charley Jones was stopped at third. Dave Owen passed Huelsman, filling the bases. That looked like good judgment, for if Huelsman hits at all he hits hard enough to open up. But when Owen gave Casidy two wide balls in succession Manager Jones thought it time to interfere. He came in and held a conference with Frank, who insisted he could deliver the game all right. He put one across the plate, then another, and Cassidy swatted it safely to right field, scoring two men and driving big Huelsman to third.

The crowd, which had been filing out of the park, blockaded the entrances to watch the "Garrison finish," but when Hill pumped a high one into the left suburb it was all over, for Holmes never squeezed a ball harder than he did that one.

Lucky Breaks Help Sox.

Things broke badly for the White Sox in every inning except the third, when they won out on lucky breaks. Dundon started the trouble with a Texas leaguer close to the left foul line, on which he made two corners. Owen popped to Townsend, trying to sacrifice. Manager Jones beat out a fast bounder, which Hill coppered brilliantly close to second base. Holmes won the game, as events proved, with a drive through left center for two bases. The visitors had a chance to cut Fielder Jones off at the plate on it, but Hill relayed the ball to the bag and it missed Kittredge, who tried to smother it, and before he could recover the ball "Ducky" scored the third and winning run.

The second was a promising round for the Sox. Davis opened with a safety and reached second on Donohue's out, only to be cut down at third on Sullivan's sharp hit to Cassidy. In the fourth Donohue led off with a walk. Sullivan banged a single to right, but "Jiggs" was cut off at third on a rattling throw by Knoll, spoiling another good opening. Green opened the sixth with a pass, and was sacrificed ahead, but Donohue and Sullivan failed to score him. In the eighth Holmes made his second clean double with one out. Green popped out, but Davis hit one on the nose straight into Cassidy's hands, otherwise it would have sent Holmes home. Score:

WASHINGTON.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
C. Jones, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Hill, 3b	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	1
Stahl, 1b	4	1	3	4	0	0	0	10	1	0
Huelsman, l	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cassidy, ss	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	5	0
Hill, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
Knoll, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
Kittredge, c	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0
Townsend, p	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	0
*Mullen	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	2	7	8	3	0	0	24	12	1

*Batted for Townsend in ninth.

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Holmes, lf	4	1	2	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Green, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Davis, ss	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	4	0
Donohue, 1b	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	1	0
Sullivan, c	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	3	0
Tannehill, 2b	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	3	0
Dundon, 2b	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	3	3	0
Owen, p	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	27	2	6	9	3	1	0	27	13	1

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1

Two base hits—Holmes (2), Dundon, Stahl. Struck out—By Owen, Hill, Townsend, Stahl, Cassidy; by Townsend, Owen (2). Double plays—Dundon-Davis-Donohue (2); Stahl to Hill to Huelsman. Time—1:30. Umpire—O'Laughlin. Attendance, 4,340.

Notes of the White Sox Game.

Last game of the Washington series today.

Hill walloped a fly almost to the bleachers in the fourth, but it fell foul by a small margin. Then the batter swatted one to the other side of Holmes, but he nailed it.

The White Sox have lost one out of the last eight games played. They have won six of them and tied the other, the one defeat being at the hands of "Rube" Waddell.

The White Stockings are in the lead for the second time this year. St. Louis and Boston are the only clubs which have not enjoyed undisputed possession of the honors this season.

Tannehill was robbed of a single in the seventh by a horseshoe. Hill grabbed for the ball and missed it, but diverted its course just enough so that Cassidy could reach it and retire "Tanny."

After Sullivan had killed off three would-be thieves at second they stopped trying to steal. In the third he beat Cassidy to second so far that the runner turned back toward first but was run down.

The students of the De La Salle institute were guests of President Comiskey, and they were pretty nearly the only spectators who did not have any sympathy for the visitors. They could see nothing but the White Sox.

Manager Jones probably will send Frank Smith to the slab today in an effort to make it four straight. With eight righthanded batters in a row—nine, except when Patten pitches—the senators are a hard proposition for a lefthanded pitcher.

MAY STOP SUNDAY BASEBALL.

Corporation Counsel Delaney Decides That "Score Card" Games at Brooklyn Violate the Law.

New York, May 23.—An opinion given by Corporation Counsel Delaney to Police Commissioner McAdoo today may put an end to Sunday baseball by professional teams in greater New York. The corporation counsel finds that Sunday baseball playing by professionals is illegal and that any professionals taking part in such a game should be arrested and tried for violation of the Sunday law. Regarding baseball games where no admission is charged but where programs are sold the opinion says that arrests must be made there the same as if admission were charged.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.	NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
CHICAGO	16	11	.593	New York	23	6	.793
Cleveland	14	11	.560	Pittsburg	18	14	.562
Philadelphia	15	12	.556	Philadelphia	15	14	.517
Detroit	14	13	.519	CHICAGO	17	18	.515
Washington	14	16	.467	Cincinnati	13	17	.433
St. Louis	12	16	.448	St. Louis	12	18	.400
New York	13	16	.448	Boston	12	18	.400
Boston	12	16	.429	Brooklyn	12	22	.371

AMERICAN ASSN.	W.	L.	Pct.	THREE EYE LEAGUE	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	21	8	.724	Dubuque	11	5	.687
Milwaukee	19	9	.679	Peoria	10	6	.667
Minneapolis	15	13	.536	Springfield	8	9	.571
Indianap's	12	13	.480	Bloomingt'n	9	7	.562
St. Paul	12	16	.448	Davenport	8	8	.533
Kan. City	12	16	.448	Rock Island	8	9	.400
Louisville	10	18	.357	Decatur	8	10	.375
Toledo	9	19	.321	Ced. Rapids	3	12	.200

CENTRAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.	WESTERN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Wheeling	17	8	.680	Sioux City	13	8	.619
Grd. Rapids	13	8	.619	Des Moines	14	9	.609
South Bend	13	9	.606	Omaha	12	11	.522
Dayton	12	10	.545	Denver	11	12	.478
Evansville	13	13	.500	St. Joseph	9	12	.429
Fort Wayne	10	16	.385	Colo. Springs	7	14	.333
Terre Haute	7	13	.350				
Springfield	7	16	.304				

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 3; Washington, 2.
Boston, 5; St. Louis, 3.
Detroit, 5; New York, 4.
Philadelphia, 7; Cleveland, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 5.
Boston, 1; Pittsburg, 0.
St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
New York, 7; Cincinnati, 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis, 10; Toledo, 1.
Milwaukee, 5; Louisville, 0.
Columbus, 5; Kansas City, 3 (eleven innings).
Kansas City, 13; Indianapolis, 3.

THREE EYES LEAGUE.

Bloomington, 5; Springfield, 4.
Dubuque, 7; Rock Island, 0.
Peoria, 11; Decatur, 2.
Davenport, 6; Cedar Rapids, 2.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Montgomery, 4; Memphis, 2.
New Orleans, 5; Birmingham, 1.
Shreveport, 7; Nashville, 1.
Little Rock, 4; Atlanta, 3.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Evansville, 1; Ft. Wayne, 0.
Springfield, 6; Terre Haute, 1.
South Bend, 10; Dayton, 4.
Wheeling, 13; Grand Rapids, 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Omaha, 4; Colorado Springs, 1.
Des Moines, 12; St. Joseph, 4.
Sioux City, 9; Denver, 2.

K. I. I. LEAGUE.

Hopkinsville, 4; Cairo, 3.
Princeton, 5; Paducah, 2.
Vincennes, 5; Henderson, 0.

IOWA LEAGUE.

Fort Dodge, 4; Burlington, 3.
Boone, 11; Oskaloosa, 4.
Ottumwa, 1; Marshalltown, 0.
Keokuk, 8; Waterloo, 5.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington at Chicago.
Boston at St. Louis.
New York at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at Boston.
Cincinnati at New York.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.

HOT ON M'GRAW'S TRAIL.

PULLIAM TAKES MEASURES TO PUNISH GIANTS' LEADER.

New York Manager Not Eligible to Dispute Umpire's Decisions, According to Ruling, Because Not an Active Player — Charges Made by Dreyfuss of Pittsburg Against "Muggsy" to Be Considered at Special Meeting Next Week.

New York, May 23.—President Pulliam of the National league has sent to his umpires an order to enforce the two league rules which provide that only captains of teams shall have the right to protest against a decision of the umpire, and that the accuracy of the umpire's judgment shall not be disputed.

Pulliam also warns the umpire to recognize no one as captain unless he is a player actively engaged in the game, and declares that the manager will not be allowed to question a construction of the rules unless he be also captain and playing in the game.

President Pulliam today called a meeting of the board of directors of the National league to be held in Boston on June 1 to consider the charges filed with him by President Dreyfuss of the Pittsburg club against Manager McGraw of the New York club. He has sent the directors a copy of the charges and in a letter to the directors accompanying them writes:

"That portion of the charges relating to McGraw's alleged misconduct on the ball field on May 19, consisting of using offensive language to the president of the visiting club, will be considered by me under the authority of the Fleischmann resolution for the maintenance of decency on the ball field.

"That portion of the charges in which President Dreyfuss alleges that Manager McGraw openly accused him of being crooked and controlling the league umpires is of such vital importance, representing, as it does, a crisis in the National league, that I have this day called a meeting of the board of directors to pass upon these charges."

GRIFFITH BATTED OUT OF BOX.

Detroit Hammers the Ball Hard in the Eighth Inning and Defeats Highlanders, Five to Four.

Detroit, Mich., May 23.—After denying Detroit a run for seven innings, Griffith lost his cunning in the eighth, when three singles and a double forced him to the bench. Errors, coupled with the hitting, gave Detroit the game right there. Killian pitched well and was cleverly supported. The fielding of Yeager and the batting of Keeler and Coughlin were features. Score:

Detroit.	R	H	P	A	E	New York.	R	H	P	A	E
Schaefer, 2b	0	1	4	2	0	D'herty, lf	2	1	1	0	0
Cooley, cf	0	2	4	0	0	Keeler, 3b	1	3	2	0	1
McIntyre, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Fultz, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Crford, 1b	1	1	5	1	0	Williams, 2b	0	0	4	2	1
Coghlin, 3b	1	2	3	3	1	And'son, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Hickman, rf	1	0	1	0	0	Chase, 1b	1	7	11	0	0
O'Leary, ss	1	2	1	5	1	Yeager, ss	0	0	3	9	0
Doran, c	0	0	8	2	0	McGuire, c	0	1	5	1	1
Killian, p	0	0	0	0	0	Griffith, p	0	0	1	2	0
						Powell, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	5	10	27	12	1	Totals	4	7	24	14	4

Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	—5
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	—4

Hits—Off Griffith, 10, 7 1-3 innings. Two base hits—Coughlin, Hickman. Chase. Sacrifice hit—Fultz. Stolen bases—Cooley, Anderson, Chase, Killian. Bases on balls—Off Killian, 3; off Griffith, 2; off Powell, 1. Struck out—By Killian, 2; by Griffith, 1. Time—2:05. Umpire—Kelly. Attendance—2,500.

Philadelphia, 7; Cleveland, 4.

Cleveland, O., May 23.—Cleveland lost first place today after holding it two weeks. Philadelphia knocked Donahue out of the box in two innings, scoring enough runs right there to win the game. Moore was a puzzle except in the eighth. Cleveland got four of its hits and scored three runs in the second. Waddell was then warmed up, but Plank settled down and no change was made. Both teams made numerous errors. Score:

Cleveland.	R	H	P	A	E	Philadel	R	H	P	A	E
Jackson, lf	0	0	1	1	0	Hartsel, lf	2	1	4	0	0
Bay, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Knight, ss	2	2	2	0	2
Flick, rf	1	1	1	0	0	Davis, 3b	0	1	10	1	2
Lajoie, 2b	1	1	3	3	0	Crosh'n, 2b	1	1	2	3	0
Bradley, 3b	1	0	0	1	0	Seybold, rf	1	1	3	0	1
Turner, ss	1	0	2	1	1	Murphy, 2b	0	2	1	3	0
Stovall, 1b	1	0	12	1	0	Powers, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Buelow, c	0	1	5	1	1	Powers, c	0	1	4	1	2
Donahue, p	0	0	0	2	0	Plank, p	0	1	1	2	0
Moore, p	0	0	0	1	0						
*Kahl	0	0	1	0	0						
Totals	4	5	27	16	4	Totals	7	11	27	13	7

*Batted for Donahue in second.

Cleveland	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4
Philadelphia	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	—7

Hits—Off Donahue, 4 in 2 innings. Two base hits—Lajoie, Seybold, Murphy, Plank, Knight. Davis. Three base hit—Knight. Sacrifice hits—Knight, Hartsel, Murphy. Stolen bases—Flick, Hoffman, Hartsel. Bases on balls—Off Donahue, 2; off Moore, 4; off Plank, 1. Struck out—By Moore, 4; by Plank, 4. Time, 2:10. Umpires—McCarthy and Sheridan. Attendance—2,562.

Boston, 5; St. Louis, 3.

St. Louis, Mo., May 23.—A costly error by Rockenfield practically lost the game for the local Americans today in the fifth inning. Boston winning by a score of 5 to 3. The misplay netted the visitors three runs. Score:

St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E	Boston.	R	H	P	A	E
Stone, lf	1	1	2	0	0	Burkett, lf	1	1	0	0	0
Koehler, cf	1	2	1	1	0	Parent, ss	0	0	1	3	1
Prisk, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Freeman, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Jones, 1b	0	2	9	2	0	Selbach, cf	1	2	2	0	0
Wallace, ss	0	0	5	2	0	Collins, 3b	1	0	3	1	1
Rock'fd, 2b	0	0	2	3	0	Criger, c	0	0	3	3	0
Gleason, 3b	0	0	0	2	0	Grimsh'w, 1b	0	2	15	0	0
Bugden, c	1	1	6	0	0	Ferris, 2b	0	0	3	9	0
Morgan, p	0	0	0	1	0	Young, p	1	0	0	2	0
*Van Zant	0	1	0	0	0	Winters, p	1	1	2	1	0
Totals	3	7	27	16	2	Totals	5	8	27	19	2

*Batted for Morgan in ninth.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	—5

Two base hits—Van Zant. Sacrifice hits—Ferris, Parent. Double plays—Morgan-Wallace-Jones; Ferris-Grimshaw. Passed ball—Criger. Stolen bases—Stone, Selbach (2), Collins. Hit by pitcher—By Morgan, Parent. Bases on balls—Off Morgan, 9; off Winters, 3. Struck out—By Morgan, 5; by Winters, 1. Time—2:00. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance, 3,700.

	AB	R	BH	TB	BB	SH	SB	PO	A	E
Detroit	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Holmes, lf	4	1	2	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Green, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Davis, ss	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	4	0
Donohue, 1b	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	8	1	0
Sullivan, c	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	3	0
Tannehill, 2b	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	3	0
Dundon, 2b	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	3	3	0
Owen, p	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	27	2	6	9	3	1	0	27	13	1

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1

Two base hits—Holmes (2), Dundon, Stahl. Struck out—By Owen, Hill, Townsend, Stahl, Cassidy; by Townsend, Owen (2). Double plays—Dundon-Davis-Donohue (2); Stahl to Hill to Huelsman. Time—1:30. Umpire—O'Laughlin. Attendance, 4,340.

Notes of the White Sox Game.

Last game of the Washington series today.

Hill walloped a fly almost to the bleachers in the fourth, but it fell foul by a small margin. Then the batter swatted one to the other side of Holmes, but he nailed it.

The White Sox have lost one out of the last eight games played. They have won six of them and tied the other, the one defeat being at the hands of "Rube" Waddell.

The White Stockings are in the lead for the second time this year. St. Louis and Boston are the only clubs which have not enjoyed undisputed possession of the honors this season.

Tannehill was robbed of a single in the seventh by a horseshoe. Hill grabbed for the ball and missed it, but diverted its course just enough so that Cassidy could reach it and retire "Tanny."

After Sullivan had killed off three would-be thieves at second they stopped trying to steal. In the third he beat Cassidy to second so far that the runner turned back toward first but was run down.

The students of the De La Salle institute were guests of President Comiskey, and they were pretty nearly the only spectators who did not have any sympathy for the visitors. They could see nothing but the White Sox.

Manager Jones probably will send Frank Smith to the slab today in an effort to make it four straight. With eight righthanded batters in a row—nine, except when Patten pitches—the senators are a hard proposition for a lefthanded pitcher.

ZEPHYRS LOSE IN BATTING MATCH.

Philadelphia Comes from Behind and Wins Game by a Score of 8 to 5.

BROWN AN EASY VICTIM.

Sun Field Bothers Maloney and Titus and Increases the Run Columns.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 23.—(Special.)—Just to show what a different team they are this year, the Phillies handed Chicago a lead of three runs in today's game, then turned around and beat the Zephyrs out easily. The final score was 8 to 5, and it was a game which pleased the spectators to a dot, for there was plenty doing at all times.

Base hits were scattered plentifully through the nine innings, but the Phillies had all the best of the batting, for they connected with Brown's curves for extra bases five times and besides that they rapped out eight singles. Pittinger had poor support part of the distance, but the Zephyrs touched him up for only one less than an even dozen hits, only one of which was longer than a single.

As a result of winning today the Phillies climbed up to the third perch in the pennant race, dropping Chicago to fourth. The weather was cool, with a stiff breeze blowing from the north, but the sun beat down into right field so brightly that Maloney was unable to judge the ball correctly and two of the doubles which scored runs for the locals would have been reached easily but for the sun.

Titus Loses One in Sun.

Titus was accustomed to playing the sun field and pulled down all except one of those which came his way. One long fly by Tinker Titus caught under the right field balcony, but another in the third inning dropped from his hands after he apparently had caught it.

Slagle led off for the visitors with a base on balls and stole second before Gleason got his bearings. Schulte sacrificed him to third, from where he came home on Maloney's fly.

In the third round Slagle came to bat first again and worked another base out of Pittinger, but was doubled up with Schulte. The play cost a run, for Maloney walked and Chance pushed a grounder to Doolin which went through his legs. Then Titus dropped Tinker's long fly and Maloney and Chance scored.

In their half the Phillies more than made up for their bad work in the first half by nearly driving Brown to the clubhouse. He all but ran up the white flag. Pittinger started the batting rally with a single to center, but was forced by Thomas. Gleason hit over Maloney's head for two bases. Thomas and Gleason scored on Courtney's sharp rap. Titus doubled and then two more runs counted on Magee's single to left.

Brown Needs an Anchor.

Brown had considerable trouble getting back to earth, for they started after him again in the next inning. Abbott led off with a double and scored later. Each side scored one in the fifth. Tinker got around for the visitors on two hits and an error and Magee counted on one hit and a wide throw.

Three hits in the sixth scored Brown with the last tally for Chicago, but Courtney added one in the seventh and Doolin made the circuit in the eigth for the Phillies. Score:

Chicago.	R	H	P	A	E	Philadel.	R	H	P	A	E
Slagle, cf	1	1	0	0	0	Thomas, ss	1	0	0	4	1
Schulte, lf	0	0	4	0	0	Gleason, 2b	1	1	0	4	0
Maloney, rf	1	1	0	0	0	Courtney, 3b	2	3	2	2	1
Chance, 1b	0	1	9	0	0	Magee, lf	1	1	3	0	0
Tinker, ss	1	1	0	5	1	Magee, rf	1	1	3	0	0
Evers, 2b	0	2	3	2	0	Br'sfield, 1b	0	0	10	0	0
Casey, 3b	0	0	0	2	0	Doolin, c	1	1	5	0	0
Kling, c	0	0	2	1	0	Abbott, c	0	1	1	5	0
Brown, p	1	2	0	1	0	Pittinger, p	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	5	11	24	12	1	Totals	8	12	27	18	3

Chicago	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	—5
Philadelphia	0	0	4	1	1	0	1	0	0	—8

Two base hits—Chance, Magee, Gleason, Titus, Abbott, Courtney. Sacrifice hits—Schulte, Brandfield, Pittinger, Abbott. Stolen bases—Slagle, Casey, Chance, Brandfield, Maloney. Struck out—By Pittinger, 3; by Brown, 1. Double plays—Courtney-Gleason-Brandfield. Bases on balls—Off Pittinger, 5. Left on bases—Chicago, 10; Philadelphia, 6. Time—1:55. Umpire—Johnstone. Attendance—2,638.

Notes of the Zephyrs' Game.

Two more games here in this series.

Corridon and Pfeffer or Weimer will pitch tomorrow.

Duffy was well pleased with his team as a batting proposition today.

Brown made two hits, but Slagle did the best work for the Zephyrs with three bases on balls and two hits.

Tinker fell as he passed first in the fifth inning or he would have been able to reach third on Courtney's wild throw.

Magee's double in the second went for nothing. He was sent to third on Bransfield's sacrifice, but Doolin sent a short grounder to Evers and Abbott was out to Chance.

FOUR HOME RUNS BY THE GIANTS

Long Hits by New York Players Cause Defeat of Cincinnati Reds by a Score of Seven to Nothing.

New York, May 23.—Home runs, two of which were made by Dahlen, and the other two by Donlin and Mathewson, made the New York champions easy winners over Cincinnati today. Mathewson was practically invincible, as the visitors could not find him to any advantage. Score:

Cincinnati.	R	H	P	A	E	New York.	R	H	P	A	E
Bridwell, 2b	0	0	1	5	0	Donlin, cf	1	1	4	0	0
Corcoran, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Browne, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Seymour, cf	0	1	1	0	0	McGann, 1b	2	2	11	0	0
Sebring, rf	0	0	3	0	1	Mertes, lf	0	0	0	0	0
Barry, 1b	0	1	11	0	0	Dahlen, 3b	2	2	1	2	0
Stenfeldt, 3b	0	0	1	2	0	Devlin, 3b	1	0	1	2	0
Kelly, lf	0	1	0	0	0	Gilbert, 2b	0	0	3	2	0
Phelps, c	0	0	7	1	0	Bowerman, c	0	1	7	1	0
Overall, p	0	0	0	1	1	Mathewson, p	1	2	0	5	0
Totals	0	3	24	11	2	Totals	7	8	27	12	0

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	—1

Bases on balls—Off Mathewson, 1; off Overall, 3. Struck out—By Mathewson, 8; by Overall, 4. Home runs—Donlin 2, Dahlen 2. Sacrifice hits—Mertes, Phelps. Stolen base—McGann. Sacrifice hit—Gilbert. Double play—Bridwell-Corcoran-Barry. Wild pitch—Overall. Umpire—Bauswine. Time—1:40. Attendance—6,000.

St. Louis, 5; Brooklyn, 4.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 23.—St. Louis defeated the home club today at Washington park by a score of 5 to 4. Up to the eighth inning Thielman, the St. Louis pitcher, had the Superbas at his mercy. In the eighth and ninth innings, however, the Brooklyn batters cut loose and came close to batting out a victory. Score:

Brooklyn.	R	H	P	A	E	St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E
Gessler, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Shaw, ss	0	0	0	4	1
Lumbley, rf	1	2	3	0	1	Shannon, lf	1	2	2	0	0
Batch, 3b	1	2	1	1	1	Arndt, 2b	1	2	2	2	0
Owens, 2b	1	1	2	2	0	Beckley, 1b	1	1	10	1	0
Lewis, ss	0	0	3	3	0	Boone, c	0	0	4	0	0
Dobbs, cf	0	0	1	0	1	Dunleavy, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Babb, 1b	0	0	11	0	0	Burke, 3b	0	0	0	0	0
Hitt, c	1	0	3	0	0	Thielman, p	1	0	1	3	0
Eason, p	0	0	0	2	0						
Doescher, p	0	0	0	2	0						
Totals	4	10	27	16	3	Totals	5	8	27	12	2

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	—4
St. Louis	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—5

Two base hits—Ritter, Smoot. Home run—Owens. Sacrifice hit—Dobbs. Stolen bases—Arndt, Burke, Owens. Hits—Off Eason, 6 in five innings. Bases on balls—Off Eason, 3; off Thielman, 3. Struck out—By Thielman, 1; by Doescher, 2. Wild pitch—Thielman. Time—2:00. Umpires—Emslie and Klem. Attendance—1,800.

at Boston, 1; Pittsburg, 0.

Boston, Mass., May 22.—Boston won a light hitting contest from Pittsburg today, two hits and a wild pitch in the fourth inning sending in the only run of the game. Score:

Boston.	R	H	P	A	E	Pittsburg.	R	H	P	A	E
Cannell, cf	0	0	3	0	0	Clarke, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Tenney, 1f	0	0	1	0	0	Leach, cf	0	0	2	0	0
Abbat'hio, ss	0	2	1	3	2	Howard, rf	0	0	1	1	0
Delehanty, 1f	0	0	3	0	0	Wagner, ss	0	0	3	4	0
Wolv'rt'n, 3b	0	0	1	0	0	Clancy, 3b

FICIALS ONFIDENT.

ition to Holding
arlem Track Is
moved.

EAKER COMING

lbaum Says Village
t Unsanctioned
vent.

of the Chicago Automo-
confidently last night
meeting set to commence
Harlem racetrack would
duled, Trustee William
Harlem board declared
ight to prohibit certain
its limits and would take
to prevent any that were

onse of " to be, or not to
ghers " taking the nega-
nouncement yesterday
on taken by the village
on Monday night caused
ple in local automobile
ht the officials of the C.
cent mood and said they
bout the outcome.
resident Ira M. Cobe of
ference with some of the
d seemed satisfied that
existed could be satis-
Just what action the
blematical, but it seems
will be run, even if fines

cing board were pleased
pt of a telegram from
f New York that he had
ety horse power racer
d of :52 4-5 at the Morris
ay. The machine he had
nas cup race broke down,
to be deterred, at once
ord breaker and secured
ructed the local officials
the $1,000 race and an-
driven by Louis Chevro-
wheel when the record
park.
e machine and the noted
ld much to the interest
ation trials will be held
k today.

S AT LINCOLN.

Illinois Sportsmen's
ens—John Boa of
s High Gun.

23.—[Special.]—Seventy-five
t of the best known pro-
mateurs from all over the
the opening events of the
ns' annual tournament.
Shooting at the second con-
has been held in Lincoln.
were ideal for the marks-
uited.
was high gun among the
345 out of a possible 150.
Lake was second, with 147.
Fallon third, with 144 to his
class Fuller of Chicago was
. Powers of Decatur was
ckoff of Morrissonville third
of Chicago won the L. C.

furnished a fine match be-
rs, the former finally win-
ing 90 out of a possible 95.
e first 50 birds, tied on the
inal shooted at 25 birds
nd missed an easy one, los-
Parker Gun trophy shoot
e was first, Lawrence of
ulford of Mason City third.
of present was Mark King
some fine shooting and won

ERS BEGIN PLAY.

n Opening Event at
tch Contest at the
ountry Club.

ted in the opening event
ohian Country club yester-
alified for match play in the
follows:

Second flight.
Mrs. G. G. Harvey...139
Mrs. T. W. Gilson...151
Mrs. Morton D. Hull..158
Mrs. Stanley Mrs. Dom-
rde; Miss Hunt, Mrs. Ed-
Mrs. Harvey and Mrs. Gil-
Mrs. Hull.
team match of the season at
club Miss E. Templeton's
tained by Mrs. J. G. Allyn.
Play was over the ridge
the regular course being too
h leaders played creditable
ge 56, 51, 101; and Miss Tem-
ores:

Mrs. J. G. Allyn.....1
Mrs. J. L. Parkins.....2
Mrs. F. W. Rueckheim..1
Miss F. Ellis.....0

Total.....4

t set a new amateur record
ther with the prize points
held by G. Turple, who
A six at the ninth hole pre-
Chollar the record, per-
3, 2, 4, 3, 3, 5, 5, 4, 6—35.
W. Higgins of the West-
ecord of 36 at the second
of the U. S. G. A. that that
decision in the case of Otto
ouis, who now ranks again

BEATS BOGEY.

ampion Lowers Rec-
f Cromer Course
o Strokes.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
the New York Herald.]
—Miss Bishop, champion
rica, today made a record
links, where she and the
ers are playing the second
ot of practice. Bogey for
romer is 38. Miss Bishop
to 36. She had a 5 at the
e sixth, and a perfect 3 at

a Miss Bishop gave for the
before was associated with
romer links. Miss Bishop's
oles was spoiled by a bit of
enth. The long game of all
a capital.
husiasts followed a mixed
noon. In this the British
Dod, and Miss Bishop op-
er and Miss Griscom, the
pion. After an interesting
Griscom won. There was a
ing championship competi-
rything was overshadowed
laying.

the Golfers.

for the club cup at Wheaton
nday.
tinnati golf club will play
3.
ey handicap is set for to-
ntry club.
will formally open its new
and Ridgeland avenues on

en for the qualifying round
onship at the Auburn park
ds will be on Sept. 6, 12.

t Club's Fixtures.

23.—[Special.]—The Fox
ued its program of events
The weekly regattas for
B and catboats will begin
on June 24. July 8, 15,
ept. 2. A special handicap
ded for July 4. Regatta
The annual yacht parade
lub will attend the inland
, Wis., from Aug. 14 to

Out McClain.

23.—" Kid " Gilbert to-
McClain before the Non-
he first round, after one
ds of fighting.

illiard Halls.

defeated Tredick [30] at

from Minor at pool, 100
tonight.
Dethke at balk line, 200
ey tonight.
w defeated Redleigh at
Embleton and Berg te-

NERVOUS TONE IN STOCKS.

UNCERTAINTY IS SHOWN ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE.

Feeling Is General, but Does Not Increase Selling Largely Nor Decrease Buying — Collapse of Merchants' Trust Company Causes No Great Flurry, as Rumors Had Predicted Difficulties—Money Remains Easy and Sterling Continues Advances.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, May 23.—[Special.]—Uncertainty marked the stock market today, but not so as to lessen buying or hasten selling. The announcement of the failure of the Merchants' Trust company did not cause nearly the excitement expected. There was some short covering by the bear traders, however, following the announcement.

The uncertainty had to do with the nature of today's buying and the question of its substantial motive. It became evident quickly today that neither the impairment of margins nor the nervous feeling aroused by yesterday's weakness had resulted in any considerable accession of the selling pressure.

There was a general opinion that if the trouble of the Merchants' Trust company was the inducement to the selling of yesterday, the process had been considerably overdone, so that it behooved the sellers to retrace their course. The second upward movement was due to a feeling of reassurance that the pressure to sell did not develop the urgency. Covering of short contracts put out during the decline yesterday undoubtedly played a considerable part in the wide recovery on the second movement. When the urgent demand from the shorts had been satisfied the scarcity of any other buying became conspicuous and hesitation and uncertainty overcame the speculative mind. Immediate news of the day had little to do with the course of prices. An easier tone in the grain markets gave an admonition that yesterday's crop scare was probably overdone.

The ease of money was unaltered, but sterling exchange continued to advance. The market was practically in a torpor during the latter part of the day and practically all of the day's gains were yielded under light pressure of selling. The closing was easy and some of the market leaders were below last night. Bonds were irregular. Total sales par value, $2,980,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on call.

Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 487.20@487.25 for demand, and at 483.20@485.50 for 60 day bills; posted rates, 485¼@486 and 487½@488; commercial bills, 485. Bar silver, 55¾c; Mexican dollars, 45c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular. Money on call, easy, 2@2½ per cent; closing bid, 2; offered at 2¼; time money, easy and unchanged; 60 days, 3 per cent; 90 days, 3¼; six months, 3½@3¾ per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close—May 23.	Close—May 24.
Allis-Chal.	200	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Am. B. Sugar pfd	300	82	82	80	80	.....
Am. Cop.	37,900	76¾	77⅝	76	76¾	76¾
Am. Agr.	100	23	23	23	23	23
Am. Car & Fdy.	3,000	31½	32¾	31¼	31½	32¼
Do pfd	400	98	98	95	93	94½
Am. Cot. Oil	400	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Am. Ice Sec.	1,400	40¾	41¾	40	40¾	41¾
Am. Ice pfd ctfs.	700	35	35	34	34	35
Am. Linseed	200	17¾	17¾	17	17	18
Am. Locomotive	12,900	44⅝	45⅜	44⅜	44⅝	45¾
Do pfd	800	108½	109½	108½	108½	109
Am. Malt pfd	700	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
Am. Smelting	65,800	114⅝	117¾	114⅝	117¼	117¾
Do pfd	100	116	116	116	116	116
Am. Snuff	100	165	165	162	162	.....
Am. Steel Fdy.	1,000	12¼	12¾	12¼	12¾	12
Do pfd	1,500	51¼	52	50	51	50¾
Am. Sugar	4,500	130¾	132⅝	130¾	130⅝	130⅝
Do pfd	300	133	133	133	133	.....
Am. Tel. & Tel.	1,100	147	147	146	146	147
Am. Woolen	5,300	29½	31½	28½	30½	30¾
Do pfd	300	102¾	102¾	102	102	102
Anaconda	300	103	103	102¾	102¾	103½
Atchison	8,200	78	78⅝	77⅞	78	78⅝
Do pfd	900	101¼	101½	101¼	101½	101½
A. C. Line	200	146½	146½	146	146	147
B. & O.	9,500	106⅜	107½	106	106⅜	106
Do pfd	100	96½	96¾	96¼	96¼	96¾
B. R. T.	17,300	56	56¾	56⅜	57⅜	56
Brk. & S. pfd	100	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼
Can. Pac.	5,600	142¾	145¾	141¾	143	143
C. & N. W.	300	190	190	190	190	.....
C. & O.	1,000	46¼	46¾	46	46¼	46½
C. & Alton	300	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼
Do com.	400	31	32	31	32	31
C. G. W.	6,200	17¾	18¾	17¾	18¾	17¾
Do pfd	700	29	30	28	30	29
C. M. & St. P.	53,200	170¼	172	168¾	170⅝	169¼
C. & E. I.	3,600	203	208	203	207	203½
Chi. Term. pfd.	5,000	31¼	31¾	31¼	31¾	31¾
Chi. Union Trac.	400	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
C. C. C. & St. L.	300	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼
C. P. U.	3,200	39	40	39	40	40
Colo. Southern	1,600	25¾	26¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Do 1st pfd	300	53	53	52	52	53½
Do 2d pfd	100	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	.....
C. H. C. & D.	500	12⅜	12⅜	12	12	12
Con. Gas	1,300	186	188	186	186	186½
Del. & Hud.	900	114¼	114¾	113¾	114¾	114¾
D. & R. G.	1,500	179	181	179	179	179
Do pfd	300	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼
D. & R. G. W.	400	84	84	84	84	84
Det. United	200	85½	88¼	85½	85½	85½
Dis. Sec.	2,100	40¾	41	40¾	41	40¾
D. S. S. & A.	400	12	12¼	11¾	11¾	12
Do pfd	2,500	17	17¼	16¾	17	17
Do pfd ctfs.	100	106	106	106	106	106
Erie	18,900	37⅞	38½	37½	37½	38
Do 1st pfd	4,500	73¾	75¼	73¾	75¼	75¼
Do 2d pfd	400	62¾	62¾	62	62	61
Gen. Elec.	1,000	170	170¾	169	169	169
Gt. N. pfd	2,900	265¾	269	265¼	268	265¾
Hock. Valley pfd	500	97	97	96	96	96
Ill. Cent.	1,700	156¾	157½	156¾	156¾	155¾
Int. Paper	1,400	18	18	18	18	19
Do pfd	100	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼
Int. Pump	100	28	28	28	28	28
Do pfd	300	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼
K. C. F. S. & M. pf	200	82	82	82	82	82½
K. C. South.	600	24	24	24	24	24
Do pfd	1,000	58	58	57	57¾	57
Kings. Ice	1,000	18	18	18	18	19
L. & N.	6,900	140¾	142	140¼	141¾	140¾
Manhattan	500	162¾	163¾	162	162	162
Do pfd	1,800	115¼	116	114¾	114¾	115¼
Met. St. Ry.	1,400	155	156	154	154	154
M. St. P. & S. S. M.	4,000	188¾	189	188	188¾	188¾
Do pfd	300	112	112	112	112	111¾
Mex. Cent.	19,100	23¾	24¼	23¾	23¾	23¾
Mo. Pac.	4,200	94⅜	94⅞	94¼	94⅜	94⅜
M. K. & T.	1,500	24⅜	24⅜	24	24	24⅜
Do pfd	2,100	61¾	62¼	61¾	61¾	62
Nat. Enamel.	600	25⅞	26⅜	25⅞	26⅜	27
Do pfd	200	90½	91	90½	91	90¾
Nat. Lead	1,000	38	39	38	38¾	39
Do pfd	1,000	89	89	88¾	89	88¾
N. R. R. M. pfd	200	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
N. Y. Air Brake.	2,800	142	142¾	142	142¾	143
N. Y. Central.	24,400	134¾	136¼	134¾	137¾	136¾
N. Y. C. & St. L.	600	43¾	45⅜	43¾	44¾	44¾
Do 1st pfd	100	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼
N. Y. Dock pfd	100	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼
Nor. Pac.	10,900	175	179½	174	176	176½
N. Y. C. & W.	6,000	44⅞	46¾	44⅝	45¾	45¾
Nor. & W.	2,500	76¾	77¼	76	76¾	76¾
Nor. Am.	2,700	59	59	57¾	58	57¾
Pac. Mail	1,300	34	35¼	34	35¼	34
Penn.	39,700	131¾	133¾	131¾	132	131¾
Peo. Gas	1,800	99¼	100¾	99¼	100¼	100¼
P. & East.	100	35	35	33	33	.....
Pitts. & F. W.	100	124	124	124	124	.....
Pitts. Coal	100	16	16	16	16	.....
Do pfd	200	76	76	75¾	75¾	75¾
P. C. C. & St. L.	100	70	70	70	70	.....
Pressed Steel	2,300	34	36	34	35¾	34¾
Pull. P. Car.	100	190	190	190	190	.....
Ry. Steel Spg.	1,000	30	32	30	31	.....
Do pfd	300	95¾	96¾	95¾	96¾	95¾
Reading	65,300	87½	89¾	84¾	87¾	87¾
Do 1st pfd	2,200	90	90	90	90	90
Do 2d pfd	1,400	16	16¼	16	16	16
Rep. I. & S.	2,900	69½	70⅝	69¼	70	69¼
Do pfd	1,000	94¾	95¼	94¾	95¼	95¼
Rock Island	2,600	25¾	26¾	25¾	26¾	25¾
Do pfd	400	72¼	72¼	72	72	71¾
Rubber Goods	400	33¾	34¾	33¾	34¾	33¾
Do pfd	300	103	103	102	103	102
St. L. & S. F. 2d.	100	67	67	67	67	67
St. L. & S. F. 2d.	100	22	22	22	22	22
St. L. & S. W.	1,100	32	32	32	32	32
Do pfd	300	59½	59¾	59¼	59¾	59¾
Sloss Sheff.	1,000	68¾	70¼	68¾	70	70
Do pfd	1,000	69¾	70¼	69¾	70	70
South. Pac.	24,000	59	60	58¾	59	58¾
South. Ry.	500	118	118¾	118	118¾	118
Do pfd	3,100	28¾	29¾	28¾	29	29¾
Tenn. Coal	1,400	95¾	95¾	95	95	95¾
Tex. Pac.	1,500	74	76	73	73	73
Third Ave.	4,100	30¾	31¼	30¾	31¾	30¾
Tol. St. L. & W.	100	125	125	125	125	125
Do pfd	2,000	54¾	55¼	54¾	55¼	54¾
Twin City	400	94	94¼	94	94¼	94¾
Union Pac.	1,900	106	110	106	109¾	109¾
Union Bag	200	10	10	10	10	10
Do pfd	117,700	115¾	117¾	115¼	115¾	116
U. S. Cast I. P.	1,000	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	36
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	300	39¾	40	39¾	40	40¼
Do pfd	100	79	79	79	79	79
U. S. Leather	4,300	8¾	9¼	8¾	9	9
Do pfd	200	90	90	90	90	90
U. S. Rubber	100	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
Do 1st pfd	2,500	11	11¼	10¾	11	11
Do pfd ctfs.	100	106	106	106	106	106
U. S. Realty.	1,000	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼
U. S. Rubber.	2,000	35¾	37½	35¾	37	36¼
Do 1st pfd	1,500	104¼	104¾	104¼	104¾	104¾
U. S. Reduction.	400	26¼	26½	26¼	26¼	26¼
U. S. Steel.	113,700	25¾	26¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Do pfd.	100,600	91¾	93¾	91¾	93¼	93¼
Va. Car. Chem.	500	31¾	32¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
Wabash	1,500	17¾	18	17¾	18	17¾
Do pfd	2,100	37¾	38¼	37¾	37¾	37¾
W. Union	400	97¾	97¾	97¼	97¼	97¾
Westinghouse	1,000	159	159	157¾	159	157
W. L. E.	200	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Do 1st pfd	200	37	37	36¾	36¾	36¾
Wis. Cent.	400	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Do pfd	100	50	50	50	50	46

Total sales, 950,200 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	243	250	United States	122
American	228	240	Wells Fargo	240

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 2s, reg.	104½	104¾
U. S. 2s, coup.	104½	106
U. S. 3s, reg.	103¾	104¾
U. S. 3s, coup.	104	104¾
U. S. 3s, small.	.....	103¾
U. S. 4s, reg.	104¾	106
U. S. 4s, coup.	104¾	106
U. S. 4s, new, reg.	132½	133
U. S. 4s, new, coup.	132½	133
D. C. 3.65s.	.....	116
Phil. 4s	.....	106

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$6000 Am Hide 6s.90¾-⅞
$8000 Am Tob 6s. 111@112
$6000 Am Tob 4s..72⅝-¾
$2000 A Arb 1st 4s.100
$19000 Atch 4s ..102¼@¾
$6000 do w 1st pfd.101½
$3000 do adj 4s 96¾
$9000 M Cent 1st Inc 4s.19@20
$10000 do 2d Inc 11¼
$2000 M-St L 1st 4s.115
$2000 Mo P 3d 7s 104
$1000 Nat R R M 4s 70⅜
$24000 N Y C deb 4s.100⅜
$6000 do stamp..94¼@⅝
$4000 A Chas 4s.74@⅞
$2000 B-O 4s ..... 104@⅝
$7000 do 3½s 90¾
$7000 do S W 3½s.84@⅝
$3000 B R T 4s.86@87
$2000 B U El 1st....104¾
$1000 C B-N conv. 115
$10000 Can Sc 1st....104½
$11000 C of Ga con 5s ..... 118¼@⅝
$5000 do 2d ..... 77@78
$5000 do 3d inc..... 62
$2000 C I P 1st....114¾
$3000 C-S 1st....120¾@⅝
$2000 C-A 5½s ..... 97@⅞
$22000 C B-Q 4s 101¾-⅞
$1000 do Ill 3½s.... 87¼
$2000 C P 1 4s 119
$3000 C-E 1st....120¾@⅝
$1000 C M-St P C-P W 7s 119¾
$7000 R I 5s ...90¾@91⅛
$4000 do 4s 82
$15000 do ref 4s 90
$6000 C R I-P ry 4s ..... 79@⅝
$5000 C C C-St L 3s 1st div 4s..... 101⅜
$8000 Colo Mid 5s 75
$34000 do do B..67@68
$2000 Colo So 4s 83¾
$6000 Cuba 5s 103
$3000 D-R G imp 5s.109¾
$5000 Dis Sec 5s..... 79¾@79⅝
$1000 Erie Pa Coal 1st 6s 106
$6000 do gm 4s 93
$11000 H Val 4½s.111¾@¾
$5000 H-T C 1st 112
$2000 Imp Jap 6s.86¼@¾
$1000 do ctfs ..... 85¼@⅝
$69000 do 4½s ctfs ..... 85¾@⅞
$1000 I-G N 1st 120
$19000 do 5ds ....70@⅝
$1000 Int P conv 6s.94
$2000 Ia Cent 1st 115
$1000 K C F S-M 4s 88¾
$7000 K C So 3s.71¼@¾
$5000 Kings Co. 4s stamp 93¾
$2000 L S-M S 4s....111¾
$4000 Lehigh 4½s..111¾
$2000 L-N 5s 111¾
$11000 do col 4s 95¾
$5000 Man Ry 4s ...104¾
Total sales. $2,980,500.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, May 23.—Rates for money were easy in the market today and the demand was fair. Discounts were easier. Trading on the stock exchange was moderately active and prices were steady. The feature was the renewed decline in Americans. Consols and other gilt edged securities were strengthened by the cheapness of money, but eased toward the close. Americans opened weak. Later there was some small buying at a lower level, which hardened on the quotations temporarily. The market closed weak. Japanese had a declining tendency except the 6s. Imperial Japanese government 6s of 1944 were quoted at 101¾.

PARIS, May 23.—Prices on the bourse today were firm at first, but became weak on the decline of Americans in London. Rentes were of a ministerial crisis in England. At the close the market was heavy. Russian imperial 4s were quoted at 89.00 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 501. The private rate of discount was 1¾ per cent.

BERLIN, May 23.—Trading on the bourse today was adversely affected by the tone of the New York market. Transactions were limited.

Closing quotations of American securities in London:

	Monday, 4 p. m.	Tuesday, 4 p. m.	Monday's N. Y. equiv.	N. Y. close.
Atchison	80⅝	80⅝	78⅞	78⅞
Do pfd	104	104	101⅜	101⅜
Balt. & Ohio	106½	106¾	106⅜	106⅜
Can. Pac.	145⅞	146⅜	142⅜	144⅜
Ches. & Ohio	46¾	46¾	46¼	46¼
Chi. Gt. Western	19¼	19⅜	17⅞	18⅜
C. M. & St. P.	176	175¾	170¾	171
Erie	40	39⅝	37¾	38¼
Do 1st pfd	79	78	76	76¾
Do 2d pfd	65	64	63	61⅝
Illinois Central	160¼	160	156	155
Louis. & Nash.	145	145	142	142
M., K. & T.	25⅝	24¾	24¼	24¾
N. Y. Central	142¾	141	137¾	138½
Nor. & West.	78	78	76	76½
Ont. & West.	47¾	46¼	45	45½
Pennsylvania	68¾	67¾	132¾	132¾
Reading	31¾	30¾	87¾	88¾
Do 1st pfd	46¼	46	89¾	85½
Do 2d pfd	43¾	43¾	84¾	84½
Southern Ry.	29¾	28¾	27¾	28¾
Do pfd	66	66	64¾	64¾
Southern Pacific	62	60¾	59¼	59¾
Union Pacific	121¾	119¾	116	117
Do pfd	93	93	90¾	90¾
U. S. Steel	27¾	26¾	25⅞	25⅞
Do pfd	95¾	94¼	91¾	92¾
Wabash	19	18¾	17¾	18
Do pfd	40	38¾	37¾	37¾

Consols, 90 5-16; New York equivalent, 90⅝.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Decrees.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Brentano—Chancery, 1339. Zerfass vs. Zerfass; dec.

Judge Kavanagh—2068. Miller vs. Techentine; report of sale confirmed and def. dec. 4776. Ely vs. Kauffman; dec. appointing comr.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Healy—13444. O'Connor vs. O'Connor; dec. divorce. 13595. Sproule vs. Sproule; dec. divorce. 13903. Riley vs. Riley; dec. divorce. 13975. Peck vs. Schneider; final dec. 12700. Foote vs. Lemer; order amending dec.

Judge Mack—13357. Malleck vs. Malleck; dec. divorce.

Judge Windes—13191. Lange vs. Lange; dec. divorce.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Chytraus—240811 — Peter Ritzema vs. Winthrop Harbor and Dock co.; by defft., $2,579.40. 240915—Frances (Gallagher vs. West Coast co.; on ver., $651.81; appl.

Judge Dupuy—230785—John Remekies vs. L. S. and M. S. ry. co.; on findg., $50; satisfied.

Judge Gary—232471—Alice T. Goodlander vs. C. C. ry. co.; on ver., $250; satisfied.

Judge Holdom—215036—John Gobal vs. city; on ver., $1,250.

Judge Wright—216248—Henry Sedlock vs. city; on ver., $1,250.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Honoré—233514—Antone Pappageorge vs. Commercial Loan and Guaranty co. et al.; on findg., $4250; satisfied — 233515—Frank W. Baker vs. Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine co.; on findg., $15; satisfied—231823—James M. Driver vs. Monarch Book co.; on findg., $75; satisfied.

Judge Windes—228319—Ill. Custom Tailoring co. vs. U. S. Express co.; on ver., $83.15; appl.

Court Calls for Today.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Brentano—Motions of course and set matters.

Judge Kavanagh—Motions of course.—General call, 301 to 1,000 inc.—Chancery calendar, call, 6140, 6234, 6254, 5880, 5968.

Judge Gary—On trial, 241710.

Judge Holdom—Trial call, 8623, 8576, 9480, 8744, 8739, 8677, 8803, 5563½, 8642, 9380, 7321, 7378, 2087, 7663, 7464, 6126, 6790, 8471, 5138, 6832, 8836, 16241, 9188. On trial, 14545.

Judge Chytraus—Law motions of course and law contested motions.—Trial call, 6012, 6642, 7871, 7873, 7968, 6512, 6490, 7954, 7955, 7877½, 8038, 5175, 6450, 7967, 6847, 8294, 7972, 16608.

Judge Chetlain—Trial call, 8428, 2683, 8496, 8506, 8095, 8703, 8704, 8791, 8792, 6146, 6903, 5582, 5866, 6589, 5712. On trial, 8056.

Judge Dupuy—Trial call, 7805, 7975, 7977, 7207, 7484, 6323, 7205, 6514, 6531, 6277, 5689, 5889. On trial, 4662.

Judge Wright—City cases, 2541, 2542, 2547, 2549, 2605, 2462, 2463, 2394, 2476. On trial, 2583.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Law trial calendar, 11829, 12139, 12176, 12177, 12224, 6092, 9015, 11907, 10971, 11975, 9157, 11293, 11908, 11844, 6636, 10528, 8259, 1129, 9464, 873, 5421, 12717, 12638, 7650, 9252, 10147, 12172, 12239, 12265, 12285, 12286, 12280, 12281, 12282, 12284, 12287, 12289, 12293, 2284, 11827, 1764, 471, 12267, 11780, 252356.

Judge Tuley—Chancery calendar, 10689, 1825, 3467, 233, 12275, 11367, 12135. On hearing, 11277.

Judge Healy—On hearing, 8424.

Judge Thompson—City cases, 7783, 7797, 7813, 7816, 7935, 7536, 7824, 2945. On trial, 7832.

Judge Abbott—Assigned cases. On trial, 10317.

Judge Clifford—Assigned cases. On trial, 3765.

Judge Honoré—Law motions of course; law contested motions, 6419, 262631.

Judge Mack—Set cases, 10185. Cases under advisement.

Judge Walker—Set cases, 2510.

Judge Windes—258758; 10 a. m., 260150. Assigned cases.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Carter—City special 29318. Legal objections and benefits. City special assessment calendar, 129. Legal objections only in 29031, 29730, 29814, 29847, 29849. 12 m. In re petition of Crane.

Judge Clarity—Trial call, 2093, 21785, 21794, 21800, 21801, 21802, 21804, 21814, 21816, 21822, 21827, 21828, 21845, 21846. On trial, 21266.

PROBATE COURT.

Judge Cutting—Set case, estate of Thomas F. Donoghue, 10 a. m.—Motions, 10:30 a. m.—Set cases, estate of Henry Willard, James Warner, Herman Maus et al., Henrietta Radatz, Edward Logan, Edward Goodman, Patrick Fitzgerald, Annie J. Kelly. 2:15 p. m.—Tax matters. Estates of Wm. T. Baker, Mary Whitlet, Frank S. Riordan, John Benoit, H. E. Von Host, John Campbell, Abbie X. Kendig, Florence W. Hunt, Chas. Chapin, Daniel McIntyre, Hiram Holmes, Fred'k Helling, G. B. Cuneo, Mrs. I. Hitchcock.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Barnes—1650 to 1655, 4684, 3968, 3889, 3817, 3947, 3718, 3714, 3632, 3608, 3533, 2927, 2278, 2240, 2247.

Judge Kersten—Call not extended.

Judge McEwen—Call not extended.

Judge Tuthill—Call not extended.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Kohlsaat—27249.

Judge Landis—Law trial calendar.

Judge Bethea—27319.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Judge Bethea—Motions and 10646, 27319, 12043.

Appellate Court, Third District.

Springfield, Ill., May 23.—[Special.]—Appellate court, Third district:

Bartlow vs. Bartlow; motion by defendant for rule on plaintiff to show security for costs; defendant submits demurrer to replication to plea of release error.

Finn vs. Ritchie et al.; motion by defendant to dismiss writ of error of Samuel Ritchie and Clara Ritchie.

Bowser vs. Mosier; motion by appellee for extension of time ten days to file briefs, and for leave to assign errors on record.

Central Accident Insurance co. vs. Wembe et al.; motion by appellee for leave to file additional abstract of record.

Baker et al. vs. Bear; motion by appellee to dismiss appeal.

Wabash railroad company vs. Warren; suggestion by appellee diminution of record and motion for certiorari; motion for certiorari overruled; leave given to file additional transcript of record instanter.

Big Four vs. Huston; stipulation by the parties for extension of time to file briefs.

McLean et al. vs. Gillespie et al.; suggestion by appellee diminution of record and motion for leave to file supplemental transcript of the record instanter.

Chester vs. Glasscock; motion by appellee to dismiss appeal.

Taken on call, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27. Court adjourned until 10 a. m. tomorrow.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

SOUTH CHICAGO.

Butler-st., 3154, Sixty-first, April 21 [Frank Cap to Rosalie Florian et al.]..... $ 2,300

34th-pl., 104 w of Halsted-st., s f, 25x145.8, May 18 [estate P. Farrell to John R. O'Neill]..... 1,582

Washington-st., n w cor Franklin, s f, 80x80, May 8 [Walter H. Wilson, Robinson Locke of Toledo, O., and Charlotte A. Secor, widow of James Secor, and Jay R. Secor, son of James Secor, individually and and as executors of the last] will of James Secor, to Joseph Downey, subject to a mortgage dated June 22, 1894, made by Walter H. Wilson et al to the N. W. Mutual Life Ins. Co., to secure a bond for $100,000]..... 1

NORTH CHICAGO.

Bloomingdale-av., 72 w of Marshfield, s f, 24x125, May 16 [R. Kennedy to Adam Parnicka]..... 1,500

Clybourn-av., n e cor Halsted, w f and s w f, 63x58x79, April 15 [Peter C. Peterson to Alexander Kieland]..

DAMAGE REPORTS ADVANCE WHEAT.

Energy on the Part of Crop Killers Adds Two Cents to the July Price.

SOME HEAVY COVERING.

Shorts Doubt but Fear the Claims —Liberal Deliveries of May Corn.

With crop experts roaming about the country, presumably looking for damage and certainly reporting it, and with farmers and grain men in the southwest becoming more and more positive in their assertions that the growing crop is deteriorating, in some cases it was claimed as much as 50 per cent since May 1, there seemed nothing a self-respecting wheat market could do but go up. And up the market went under the stimulus of buying by shorts, who professed to believe the crop damage claims were fakes, but did not like to run the risk involved in waiting to make sure how much truth there might be in them.

There was little inclination to sell until July wheat had scored an advance of over a cent and then the buying was so much more urgent than the selling for a time that the price moved up a cent more quite as easily, reaching 90¾c. On this bulge there was a good deal of profit taking by local and northwestern holders and the market lost nearly half its gain, closing at 89⅝c, a net gain of 1⅛c from the previous close and 1½c above the early low point. The urgent covering was all in the July, the September gaining only 1⅛c at best and closing ½c higher for the day at 82½c. There was not much trade in May, but enough buying by cash houses to advance the price 2½c to $1.03½, with the close at $1.02¾.

Inglis Is Gloomy.

Crop complaints were the main consideration in the making of the price. Claims from Kansas City that there had been losses of 50 per cent in some counties of Kansas since May 1, and that the state promised now no larger a crop than that of last year, were all effective market factors. So were some gloomy reports from Inglis as to the appearance of the plant in sections of Illinois and Indiana. The weather was favorable, warmer, with little rain in the important wheat sections, but there were predictions of more showers for both southwest and northwest today.

The cash situation continued strong, brokers still finding it harder to buy wheat than to sell it. There were milling sales of 60,000 bu here. Minneapolis messages reported a good demand there. Local millers, however, report that flour buyers refuse to follow the last advance of 20c a brl in flour necessitated by the upturn in wheat. Minneapolis stocks decreased 250,000 bu for two days. Northwestern elevator interests reported good acceptances in the country and predicted liberal receipts for two weeks. There were 185 cars at that market, compared with 85 cars a year ago, while primary points had 287,000 bu, compared with 262,000 bu last year. Clearances were 44,000 bu, all flour. Liverpool prices were ½d@¾d lower on cheaper and freer Indian offerings. The estimated yield of two provinces in India, however, was reported as 37,000,000 bu under last year.

Opening prices here were a little easier on the Liverpool weakness, but rallied promptly. July moved up to 90c on scattered buying with a light trade, southwestern shorts doing some covering, and Armour an open but moderate seller just under that figure. There was a sharp advance from that point on buying of about 750,000 bu by Kneeland-Clement-Curtis and nearly as much by Love. The market broke off from the top price on selling by Bartlett-Frazier, Wrenn and Valentine. Scott-Monahan was an early buyer of July. Updike, Friedman, and Logan-Bryan bought September. Lake sold it.

Corn Shorts Still Covering.

There was a liberal demand for May corn by shorts, but concentrated selling held the market around 57c for most of the session, although toward the close, on this supply giving out, there was a little bulge on a small trade which carried the price to 58½c, with the close at 57¾c, a net gain of ⅞c. Some of the May selling was supposed to be against a line of cash corn taken in last December and carried ever since, and deliveries of about 900,000 bu in the afternoon seemed to confirm this theory. There was a big trade in July and September, with the main feature the buying of nearly 2,000,000 bu by the May longs, who were supposed to be taking off hedges against their May holdings. There were gains of ½@¾c in the deferred months. Cash prices were about 1c higher for good corn, but the only demand seemed to be for corn of contract grade, or good enough to be made contract by drying, to deliver to the May longs. Of 449 cars inspected in there were 155 grading No. 2 and about 80,000 bu more out of private houses, against 78,000 bu shipped from store. Estimated receipts for the day were only 190 cars, but they are expected to run heavier the rest of the week. There were 435,000 bu at primary points, compared with 593,000 bu a year ago. Shipping sales of 250,000 bu were claimed. Seaboard clearances were 78,000 bu and export sales 88,000 bu. Liverpool prices were unchanged. It was warm and clear through the corn belt, favorable for both planting and movement. The selling of May was led by Knight-Donnelley, about 400,000 bu, with Harris-Scotten and Wrenn doing some. The buying was largely by country shorts, who had been unable to secure No. 2 corn to fill advance sales. Bridge-Leonard and the Merchants' Grain company were buyers. Bartlett-Frazier bought July and September and Comstock bought September. The selling was scattered.

Shippers Take Oats.

Strength in wheat and corn and a liberal cash demand contributed to moderate advances in oats of ⅜c in May, ¼c in July, and ⅛c in September. The fact that bids sent to the country on the May basis for twenty day shipment are not bringing out sales and that sales for shipment east of 700,000 bu have been made in the last two days brought in a fair demand for July, but it was for sale on a moderate advance by the northwest. There were 244 cars in, with 77 of standard grade from all sources and 140 cars estimated as the day's arrivals. Cash prices were ¼c higher, the shipping sales 375,000 bu. Clearances were 20,000 bu, seaboard sales for export 150,000 bu. Deliveries of oats on May contracts were 160,000 bu.

Packers Sell Provisions.

Selling of provisions by the packers, combined with a slow speculative trade, created an easy tone in the market, and final losses of 2½@5c were scored in pork, a like amount in lard, and ribs finished steady to 2½c lower. On the decline there was buying of ribs and pork by Boyd-Lunham. The selling was by Wolff, Heimhois, Weil, and stockyards houses, and some of it was credited to Cudahy Packing company and J. Cudahy. Local hog receipts were 35,000 head, and 33,000 are estimated for today. Prices at the yards advanced 5c early, but lost part of the gain later. At all the western packing points receipts were 76,800 head, against 67,500 last week and 68,500 last year. Cash demand was slow. Liverpool quoted short clears and hams 6d lower.

Small Markets Are Dull.

Rye was steady, May 78c asked, July 60c bid, and September 60c asked. Carlots were held from 78@82c f. o. b. Receipts were 2 cars.

Barley sales ranged from 38@50c for malting grades and 24@38c for screenings. Receipts were 31 cars.

Flaxseed ruled steady, No. 1 northwestern $1.42 and No. 1 spot and May $1.26. Receipts were 2 cars each at Minneapolis and Duluth and 1 car here.

Timothy seed was steady, May $2.90 and September $3.15. Bag lots sold from $2.25 for common to $3.10 for choice. May clover seed $11.75@12.25 and country lots $8.00@11.75.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing May 23.	Closing May 22.
May	1.01	1.03¾	1.01	1.02¾	1.00
July	88⅝-89⅛	90⅝	88⅝	89⅞	88⅝
Sept	82-81⅞	83⅛	81⅝	82½	82-82¼
Dec	82¼	82½	82¼	82½	.....

CORN.

May	57-57⅛	58⅛	56⅛	57⅝	56⅞
†July	48-48⅛	49¼-¼	48	48⅝	48¼-¼
†July	47⅜-48	48⅛	47⅜	48	47⅝
†Sept	47⅜-48	48¼	47¾-¾	48⅛-⅜	47⅝
*Sept	47⅜-48	48¼-¼	47¼	47⅝-48	47⅛

†Old. *New.

OATS.

May	30¼	30¼	30¼	30⅜	30⅛
July	29¼	29¼	28⅞	29⅛	29⅛
Sept	28¼-¾	28-28½		28¼	28¼

MESS PORK.

May	.....	.....	.....	12.45	12.50
July	12.55	12.60	12.55	12.57½	12.60
Sept	12.77½	12.85	12.77½	12.82½	12.87½

LARD.

May	.....	.....	.....	7.17½	7.22½
July	7.32½	7.32½	7.27½	7.30	7.35
Sept	7.50	7.50	7.45	7.47½	7.52½

SHORT RIBS.

May	7.07½	7.10	7.07½	7.10	7.10
July	7.25	7.27½	7.22½	7.27½	7.27½
Sept	7.50	7.52½	7.47½	7.50	7.52½

Movement of Produce.

Receipts and shipments of produce for the last twenty-four hours, compared with last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1905.	Receipts 1904.	Shipments 1905.	Shipments 1904.
Flour, brls	19,146	31,910	8,628	27,130
Wheat, bu	14,763	16,000	26,763	28,222
Corn, bu	272,300	268,400	82,981	291,698
Oats, bu	207,292	246,300	502,175	144,635
Rye, bu	.....	2,000	2,000	1,028
Barley, bu	42,900	54,100	5,125	9,740
T. seed, lbs	86,300	102,000	650	2,680
C. seed, lbs	.....	.....	240	14,750
C. seed, lbs	600	26,000	3,320	41,630
F. seed, bu	.....	5,780	1,037	.....
tc. meats, lbs	714,795	776,625	2,255,892	2,395,510
C. meats, lbs	.....	514,480	1,458,092	4,791
D. beef, lbs	949,175	686,318	3,519,177	4,871,471
Pork, brls	12	370	241	300
Lard, lbs	678,452	370,970	485,763	908,153

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3 grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	.....	1	2	3
Spring wheat	.....	.....	1	1
Corn	155	181	113	449
Oats	44	55	115	30	244
Rye	1	.....	1	2
Barley	1	19	11	31
Totals	201	55	317	157	730

Inspected out: Wheat—No. 1 northern, 6,850 bu. Corn—No. 3 white, 3,350 bu; No. 2, 77,900 bu; No. 3, 11,850 bu. Oats—No. 3 white, 26,250 bu; standard, 66,750 bu. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Wheat—Winter, 11 cars. No. 2 hard, 7 cars. No. 3 red; spring, 2 cars. No. 4. Corn—8 cars and 41,400 bu No. 3 yellow, 35 cars and 36,300 bu No. 2, 2 cars No. 3, 3 cars No. 4. Oats—22 cars standard, 4 cars No. 2 white clipped, 16 cars No. 3 white clipped. Rye—1 car No. 2.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Firm. Hard spring [favorite brands], $3.60@4.20; hard patents [in wood], $4.90@5.00; straight [export bags], $4.00@4.70; clear [export bags], $3.60@3.70; soft winter patents [export bags], $4.70@4.80; straight, $4.50@4.60; hard winter patents [export bags], $4.60; clear [export bags], $3.70@4.20; rye flour, brls, $4.00@4.35; sacks, $3.80@4.10.

WINTER WHEAT—Strong. Sales in store and to go: 60,000 bu mixed lots on p. t.; Free on board, switched, and delivered: No. 4 red, 94c; No. 3 red, 2,000 bu from store at $1.03; No. 2 hard, 1,000 bu from store at May price.

SPRING WHEAT—Strong. Sales in store and to go: 15,000 bu No. 1 northern. Sales free on board: No. 4 spring, 80@95c.

CORN—Steady to 1c higher, except for No. 4, which declined 1c. Sales in store and to go: 250,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 46@52c; No. 3, 53@54c; No. 3 yellow, 54@55c; No. 2 yellow, 57@57½c; No. 3 white, 53@54c; No. 2 white, 57@57¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 49c; No. 3, 52½@53½c; No. 3 yellow, 52½@53½c; No. 2, 55¼@56c; No. 2 yellow, 55½@56c; No. 3 white, 51½@53½c; No. 2 white, 55½@56c.

OATS—Steady. Sales in store and to go: 375,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 28½c; No. 4 white, 30½@31½c; No. 3 white, 31½@32½c; standard, 31½@32½c; No. 2, 30¾c; No. 2 white, 32½c. Billed through: No. 4, 31½c; No. 4 white, 30½@30¾c; No. 3 white, 31½c; standard, 31½@32½c; No. 2, 30¾@30½c; No. 2 white, 32½@32¾c.

RYE—Steady to firm. Sales free on board: No. 2, 75c.

BARLEY—Sales free on board or switched, by sample; Screenings, 31@40c; barley, 45½@48½c. To arrive, by sample: 5,000 bu at 48c.

PROVISIONS—Cash lots: Pork, $12.45@12.50; lard, $7.15@7.17½; ribs, $7.05@7.12.

COOPERAGE—Offerings fair. Ash pork brls, 85@87½c; oak pork brls, 95@97½c; lard tierces, $1.20@1.22½.

WHISKY—Steady on basis of $1.26 for finished goods.

HAY—Dull. Receipts, 774 tons; shipments, 22 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $9.50@11.50; not graded prairie, Nebraska, $8.50. Free on board and switched: Not graded timothy, $10.00@12.00.

STRAW—Rye straw quotable at $10.00@11.00; wheat straw, $6.50@7.00; and oat straw, $6.50@7.00. Sales on track: Tangled rye, $10.50; oat, $6.75.

INTERESTING TRADE GOSSIP ON 'CHANGE.

A fair sample of some of the crop damage reports from Kansas was the following from the Washington Grain company of Atchison to Love: "We had eight reports from reliable dealers on the Central Branch railroad, which parallels the northern boundary of Kansas for about 300 miles west of us, who advised that 75 per cent of a crop was the best they could expect, and about half of the reports indicated rain." A Kansas City message to Pringle-Pitch-Rankin said: "In Ottawa and adjoining counties the condition is 50 per cent lower than on May 1. Thousands of acres are and will be plowed up." Houston of Kansas City wired Shearson-Hamill: "Best posted grain men here now estimate Kansas wheat crop at not over 75,000,000 bu, a reduction of 20,000,000 bu since May 4, with condition still going down. Many are inclined to opinion that present prospects point to smaller crop than last year or below 65,000,000 bu. No adequate explanation is yet given for rapid decline, but it is probably rust. One place in central Kansas yesterday claimed black rust had been found in the wheat."

Cash wheat continued to be harder to buy than to sell, and prices of the choice grades kept pace with futures. There were total sales of 80,000 bu mixed lots, including 15,000 bu No. 1 northern, which was quoted at 22½c over f. o. b. July; 3,000 bu No. 3 red at $1.03 f. o. b.; a small lot of No. 2 hard at May price f. o. b., and 25,000 bu of that grade on p. t., and 10,000 bu western wheat. Low grades, while they were supposed to be dragging, were offered sparingly. One broker having a bid on a lot of No. 4 spring tried to get four samples, and was unable to secure any offers. Bids came from a wide territory, with local millers indifferent, presumably because they were good buyers before the advance got well under way. At Minneapolis there was an advance of 1¾c to $1.17¾ for No. 1 northern in store, and Duluth gained ½c, closing $1.06¾ bid. At Kansas City No. 2 hard was firm at $1.01@1.05 f. o. b., and No. 3 hard 93c@$1.02, and St. Louis quoted No. 2 red at $1.09@1.12 f. o. b., and No. 3 red $1.05@1.10.

Broomhall's weekly foreign crop summary says: "United kingdom, France—Cold winds are checking growth of wheat, but otherwise conditions are satisfactory. Supplies of home grown wheat are satisfactory. Germany—Some rain has fallen, but more is wanted. Supplies of native wheat are now small. Russia—Although the droughty sections have received some rain, more is desired. Some reports claim the crops are all right, while others contend there has been considerable deterioration. The strike of the bargemen at the sea of Azov ports is likely to hinder shipments. Hungary—Crops are now developing satisfactorily under the influence of present favorable weather. Spain—Further unfavorable weather has prevailed. Italy—Crop prospects fair. India—The wheat crop of the united provinces of Agra and Oudh is officially estimated at 59,104,000 bu, against 98,320,000 bu last year. This is the most important wheat growing province."

The second petition to declare the receipts of South Chicago Elevator C irregular was voted down unanimously by the directors. It was shown in the hearing that the slowness of the out inspection of the corn which Bartlett-Frazier complained of was due to the changing of the superintendent of the elevator on Friday. Only 8 cars were turned out of the elevator on Saturday, but on Monday 31 cars came out, grading No. 2, and yesterday 40 cars were loaded. The point was made that the new superintendent was delayed by not knowing his men and his elevator, and the decision of the directors was that the holders of the receipts were amply protected. The corn sent to Waukegan was said to have become damp in transit, and was accepted by the glucose people yesterday. The South Chicago elevator has 277,062 bu No. 2 corn in it, and 311,891 bu all grades of corn.

If it were not for an occasional optimist who has the temerity to contradict some of the extravagant crop damage claims, wheat traders would be looking for a smaller crop than that of last year. Francis of St. Louis wired Slaughter: "Damage reports are coming in, but I think they are sectional and believe we will raise a bumper wheat crop." An agent of the J. Rosenbaum Grain company, just back from a trip to all of the company's stations in the northern half of Kansas, also refuses to admit that the crop in that state has gone altogether to the bad, wiring from Kansas City: "With favorable weather from now on we will have 20 bu to the acre in northern Kansas and a yield in the rest of the state of 10 to 20 bu. The weather has been wet and cold, but it is now fine."

The board of directors has sent a request to all other exchanges in the country to join in a fight to a finish to suppress bucket shops. Favorable replies have been received from a number of exchanges, but a few have not been heard from, including the New York stock exchange. The market report committee, headed by John Hill Jr., has been authorized to continue its fight against bucket shops, and it is expected while the Supreme court decision will reduce the legal cost of the fight the new methods to be inaugurated in suppressing the evil will go far toward making up the difference.

Some of the heavy players in wheat refuse to be stampeded by the crop damage claims. J. Herbert Ware says: "Crop experts for bull interests have been busy finding all damage possible in the southwest and every one seems to overlook crop conditions in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, and Kentucky, which are almost perfect. Last year these states had a crop calamity and drew heavily for wheat not only on the southwest, but the Pacific coast, whereas this year they will be sellers of wheat instead of importers."

Cash corn offerings were smaller, as is usually the case on Tuesday, the receipts about 200 cars, and prices for No. 2 and No. 3 followed the May, with the demand practically all from the houses with drying plants. Low grades sold slowly, prices averaging 1c lower. Shipping demand was fair, with sales 250,000 bu, including 100,000 bu No. 2 white sold to South Africa, and 50,000 bu No. 2. Oats sales were 375,000 bu, including 50,000 bu standard.

"There will be practically no old wheat left in July," said J. P. Hobbs, "and there are four or five chances to one against there being any new wheat of contract grade, a condition which is certainly bullish on July wheat. It takes ten days or two weeks of dry weather at harvest for winter wheat to grade contract without going through a sweat, and such conditions do not happen once in ten or fifteen years."

Deliveries of corn were large, the total 865,000 bu, of which Wrenn put out 830,000 bu. Bartlett-Frazier took in all of it. In addition there were deliveries of 35,000 bu wheat, 25,000 bu put out by Sickel-Roberts, and 10,000 bu by Barrell; and 160,000 bu oats, 100,000 bu put out by Bartlett-Frazier, and 35,000 bu by Buckley, some of which was stopped by Calumet Grain.

Inglis, who is covering wheat states east of Mississippi, wires: "Danville, Ill., to Vincennes, Ind., wheat poor, heading promises 5 to 15 bu. Don't like the looks of wheat. Something the matter. Weather good. Along the Wabash bottoms on the Illinois side wheat promises 10 to 25 bu, but I do not like looks of it there. Something wrong with it."

There were charters for 25,000 bu wheat, 130,000 bu corn, including 80,000 bu to Montreal, and 360,000 bu oats to Buffalo on line boats. The Munsey finished loading 262,000 bu oats and the Binghamton loads 100,000 bu at Armour today. The Pueblo is to take 80,000 bu oats also, and two boats were loading out at South Chicago.

Bradstreet's report of the available supply shows the following changes for the week:

	1905. bu.	1904. bu.
Wheat e. of Rockies	Dec. 2,323,000	Dec. 2,545,000
Europe and afloat	Inc. 200,000	Inc. 1,700,000
Total	Dec. 2,123,000	Dec. 845,000
Corn	Dec. 1,564,000	Dec. 1,734,000
Oats	Dec. 1,160,000	Dec. 1,465,000

July wheat is again drawing away from the September, selling at 7⅞c premium for an instant on yesterday's bulge and closing at 7¼-⅝c premium. A 10c premium would not surprise any one, and if predictions as to the exhaustion of old wheat come true it might easily become much larger.

Willis D. Hillabrant, an old member of the board, died at his home, 2343 Calumet avenue, Monday. Mr. Hillabrant was 50 years old and had been a member for twenty years.

Flour prices were advanced 20c a brl after the Monday bulge in wheat, and local millers say buyers absolutely refuse to show any interest in the market at the advance.

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 12 cars; corn, 190 cars; oats, 140 cars; rye, none; barley, 41 cars; hogs, 33,000 head.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Wheat—Receipts, 63,000 bu; spot, firm; No. 2 red, $1.06¾ nominal elevator, and $1.07¾ nominal f. o. b. afloat. An opening decline of ½@¾c was immediately followed by a strong advance that carried July up 1¾c a bu. May was also strong on manipulation, closing 5¼c net higher, whereas other months reacted partially and closed ¾c net higher.

Corn—Exports, 1,960 bu; spot, firm; No. 2, 58¼c nominal elevator, and 57¾c nominal f. o. b. afloat. The option market was more active and generally firmer until near the close, when July was ¾c net higher.

Oats—Receipts, 91,500 bu; spot, steady; mixed oats, 26 to 32 lbs, 33@35½c.

Cotton seed oil—Firmer; prime yellow, 28@28½c.

Sugar—Raw, steady; fair refining, 3 11-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-16c; molasses sugar, 3 7-16c; refined, steady.

Quotations on Cotton.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 10 points higher; middling uplands, 8.55c; middling gulf, 8.80c; sales, 925 bales. Futures opened firm and closed firm.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous close.
May	8.14	8.16	8.04	8.13	8.04
June	7.85	7.88	7.83	7.87	7.79
July	7.94	7.96	7.84	7.93	7.88
August	7.97	7.97	7.83	7.97	7.88
September	8.00	8.00	7.87	7.98	7.91
October	8.02	8.06	7.92	8.06	7.97

Quotations on Coffee.

Coffee—Spot Rio quiet; mild dull. Futures opened dull at unchanged prices in response to featureless early cables. Later the French market declined ¼ franc and prices here sagged off under moderate liquidation, closing steady, net unchanged to 5 points lower. Sales, 10,750 bags.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous close.
May	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.55	
July	6.55	6.70	6.55	6.65	
September	6.85	6.90	6.85	6.85	6.80
October	6.90	6.95	6.90	6.95	6.90
December	7.15	7.15	7.10	7.10	7.05

Foreign Produce Market.

LIVERPOOL, May 23.—Wheat—Spot quiet; No. 1 California, 6s 9d; futures steady; May nominal; July, 6s 9d; September, 6s 7¾d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 4¼d; futures quiet; May, 4s 3¾d; July, 4s 4¼d.

Cotton in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, May 23.—Cotton—Spot in moderate demand; prices four points higher; American middling fair, 5d; good middling, 4.68d; middling, 4.50d; low middling, 4.34d. Sales, 8,000 bales. Receipts, 15,900 bales, all American. Futures opened steady and closed steady.

Western Grain Markets.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 23.—The market advanced sharply and maintained values throughout the early session. July was 2¼c higher than Monday's close. The close saw a reaction from the high point, but there was no evidence of weakness. Cash wheat was strong. Flax—Lower, but demand was good; closing price was $1.40⅝. Bran—In bulk, $13.00@13.50.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 23.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, $1.00@1.01; track, $1.09@1.12; No. 2 hard, $1.08@1.10. Corn—Higher; No. 2, cash, 51c; track, 52¼@52½c. Oats—Firm; No. 2, cash, 30½c; track, 31@31¾c; No. 2 white, 33@33½c.

DULUTH, Minn., May 23.—Close: Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.06¾; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.05¾. Flax—To arrive, $1.43½; on track, $1.43½. Oats—To arrive, 30¾c; on track, 30¾c. Rye—To arrive, 75c; on track, 75c. Barley—39½@41c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 23.—Close: Wheat—Firm; May, 96¼c; cash No. 2 hard, $1.01@1.06; No. 2 red, $1.01@1.05. Corn—Firm; May, 47¾c; cash No. 2 mixed, 46c; No. 2 white, 48½c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 32½@33¼c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 23.—Wheat—Ic higher; No. 1 northern, $1.16. Rye—1c higher; No. 1, 82c. Barley—Steady; No. 2, 51c. Oats—Firm; standard, 33½c. Corn—Dull; No. 3, 52@53½c.

PEORIA, Ill., May 23.—Corn—Cash, steady; No. 3 yellow, 51½c; No. 3, 51½c; No. 4, 50½c; no grade, 48@49c. Oats—Steady; No. 3 white, 30¾@30¾c; No. 4 white, 29½@30c.

TOLEDO, O., May 23.—Clover seed—Cash, $7.00 asked; October, $5.70; prime alsike, $7.45; prime timothy, $1.82½.

Naval Stores.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 23.—Turpentine firm, 69c. Resin firm.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 23.—Turpentine steady; 69½c. Resin—A, B, C, $2.85.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Resin—Steady; strained, common to good, $3.75@3.80. Turpentine—Steady; 71¼@72c.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 23.—Spirits turpentine, firm, 65½c. Resin, firm, $2.35 bid. Tar firm, $1.80. Crude turpentine, firm, $2.50, $4.50 and $5.00.

UNANIMOUS TO JOIN BANKS

STOCKHOLDERS OF FEDERAL AND AMERICAN ACCEPT PLAN.

Business of Former to Be Turned Over to Latter Next Saturday Noon—Output of Gold in Transvaal Grows—American Shipbuilding Company to Resume Dividends on Common, Report Says—Railway Earnings Reported—Local Market Irregular.

Stockholders of the American Trust and Savings bank and the Federal Trust and Savings bank voted yesterday to consolidate the two institutions. The vote was unanimous. Of the 20,000 shares of the American Trust and Savings bank, 19,852 were cast in favor of the proposition. The Federal Trust stockholders were not quite so well represented, there being 17,000 out of the 20,000 shares present.

The business of the Federal Trust will be turned over to the American at the close of business next Saturday, May 27, and the consolidated institution will be opened the following Monday morning.

The stockholders of the Federal Trust voted to retire $1,000,000 of their capital stock. For this they will be paid $1,250,000 in cash. The other $1,000,000 capital will be exchanged share for share for a like amount of American Trust and Savings bank stock. For this purpose the shareholders of the latter yesterday voted to issue $1,000,000.

The membership of the board of directors of the American Trust has not yet been determined. About one-third will be accorded the stockholders of the Federal Trust, and this will involve the retirement of a number of present members of the American Trust board. All the officers of the Federal Trust will be taken over in some capacity by the American Trust, with T. P. Phillips as vice president.

The consolidated bank will have about $30,000,000 deposits, $3,000,000 capital stock, $1,500,000 surplus, and $380,000 undivided profits. The Federal Trust has been earning approximately 8 per cent and paying 4, while the American Trust is earning 16 per cent and paying 8. President E. A. Potter of the American will remain as the head of the enlarged institution.

Output of the Rand.

The net output of gold of the Transvaal for April was a little less than the month of March, being 399,166 ounces, against 399,829 for the preceding month. The London Economist prints the following table, showing the gradual increase in output since the conclusion of the Boer war:

	1905. ozs.	1904. ozs.	1903. ozs.	1902. ozs.
January	369,258	288,224	199,279	70,540
February	399,511	289,511	201,495	91,606
March	399,823	308,942	217,465	104,127
April	399,166	305,946	227,871	119,588
May	.....	314,480	233,052	134,782
June	.....	308,219	258,320	142,780
July	.....	307,840	251,643	149,179
August	.....	312,277	271,018	162,750
Sept.	.....	312,280	276,197	170,502
Oct.	.....	325,025	284,344	181,439
Nov.	.....	336,167	276,515	187,375
Dec.	.....	362,264	288,061	196,023
Totals	1,568,058	3,779,621	2,963,749	1,704,410

Shipbuilding Common.

While nothing official can be announced as yet, it seems probable that the American Shipbuilding company will resume dividends on its common stock beginning probably next August. The disposition is to declare a full year's dividend of 4 per cent out of earnings of the current year, to be made payable in quarterly installments running over one year from the date of the resumption.

The company has orders booked to such an extent that no question remains about the propriety of making a distribution on the common shares.

Dividends Declared.

The Chicago and Northwestern railway company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on preferred stock and regular semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent on its common stock, both payable July 1. Transfer books close June 1. Reopen July 1.

The American Sugar Refining company has declared the usual quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent on preferred and common stock, payable July 3. Books close May 31.

The directors of the Kansas City railway and Light company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent, payable June 1. Books are now closed.

The Diamond Match company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on its capital stock, payable June 18 to stockholders of record May 31. Books do not close.

The United States Leather company has declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on preferred stock, payable July 1, to stockholders of record June 15.

Railway Earnings.

CENTRAL RAILROAD CO. OF NEW JERSEY.

	Earnings.	
April gross	$1,968,155	$ 28,843
Operating expenses	1,020,983	*5,609
Net	941,173	34,457
Renewals, additions, and improvements	80,652	32,904
Fixed charges and taxes	553,185	*2,920
Total charges	613,837	20,978
Surplus	327,335	4,479
From July 1—		
Gross	18,560,235	680,470
Operating expenses	9,701,295	*275,068
Net	8,858,940	964,538
Renewals, additions, and improvements	1,360,806	817,204
Fixed charges and taxes	4,711,203	44,154
Total charges	6,072,009	861,358
Surplus	2,786,841	103,180

* Decrease.

New York Curb Transactions.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	1,200	10⅝	11	10⅝	11
Do pfd	4,100	66⅛	67¼	66	66½
Amn. W. Paper	300	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
Do pfd	700	26⅛	26⅞	26½	26⅝
Beth. Steel	440	30	30	28½	28⅞
B. C. Copper	615	6	6	6	6
Chicago Subway	800	61	61⅜	61	61¼
Greene Copper	5,500	25⅛	25¾	24⅝	25⅜
Greene Gold	3,000	5⅝	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜
Int. Marine pfd	25	26¾	26¾	26¼	26¼
Interboro	1,100	199	199½	198½	199¼
Mackay Co	800	39	39	38¾	38¾
Do pfd	100	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾
M. & B.	1,000	17-32	17-32	.....	½
Nor. Securities	12,900	156	158⅜	155¾	157¼
Standard Oil	25	611	611	610	610
United Copper	7,900	25¾	25¾	24½	25
Do pfd	200	74	74¾	74	74¼
U. S. Leather, w. i.	100	38	38	38	38
Do pfd	100	97	97	97	97

BONDS.

$2000 U S Lea 5s, w i	.....	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾

*And int.

CLOSING BID AND ASKED PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bay State Gas	⅝	¾
Compressed Air	.....	.....
Electric Boat	33	36
Do pfd	73	78
Electro Pneumatic	¾	⅞
Electric Vehicle	10	14
Do pfd	18	21
Havana Tobacco	24	26
Do pfd	24	25
Int. Mercantile Marine, common	10⅜	11
K. C. Ry. & Light, common	39	40
Do pfd	87	89¼
Manhattan Transit	2⅝	.....
N. Y. El. Vehicle Trans	6¾	7¼
Otis Elevator	48	51
Do pfd	103	106
Pittsburg and Bessemer	33	38
Do pfd	90	95
Royal Baking Powder pfd	109	110
Seaboard Air Line	17½	18¼
Do pfd	34	38
Standard Coupler	30	39
Do pfd	120	135
Term. Copper	23	24
Do pfd	87	90
Safety Car	250	260
American Tobacco	268	285

Foreign Exchange.

Heavier inquiries for remittances with small supply caused a sharp advance in quotations. Sterling opened 20 points and continentals about 1-32 higher. The entire list was strong at the close. Actual sterling rates for bankers' 60 day bills were 4.8465@4.8475; demand, 4.8720@4.8730; cable transfers, 4.8750@4.8770; sight francs, 5.16¾@5.16⅞ plus 1-32; short marks, 95 3-16 less 1-32@95 3-16.

Following are the posted rates of the principal drawers of foreign exchange:

Sterling	4.88
Paris, francs	5.15¾
Berlin, reichsmarks	95¾
Amsterdam, florins	40⅛
Zurich, francs	5.16¾
Genoa, lire	5.16¾
Antwerp, francs	5.16¾
Stockholm, kroners	26⅞
St. Petersburg, rubles	51¾
Vienna, kronen	20¾

Approximate rates for demand drafts on the orient:

Hongkong	47
Manila	50¼
Shanghai	66
Yokohama	50
Singapore	50¼

General Financial News.

According to officials of the Republic Iron and Steel company, the directors are scheduled to meet in New York in a few days. The question of dividends may be taken up, but there is not much to warrant the suggestion that anything will be done.

The New York subtreasury since last Friday has gained $400,000 from the banks. It was the debtor at the clearing house yesterday morning to the extent of $544,104.

The $344,000 San Francisco 3½ per cent semi-annual sewer bonds and the $377,000 3½ per cent semi-annual 6½ year school bonds were awarded at par and interest and a bonus of $100.

Officials of the People's Gas company are said to have in contemplation plans for improvements in gas making which will reduce the cost of manufacture.

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DEATHS.

TAYLOR—Entered into rest, Ann, widow of Alfred, at 153 E. 53d-st.; formerly of 4618 Dearborn-st. Funeral Wednesday, 9 a. m., to Oakridge.

TROEMEL—Ernest, aged 17 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard, nee Rosenfeld. Funeral at 1 p. m. Thursday, May 25, from 893 W. Fullerton-av.

ULRICH—Bartow A., age 33 years, passed away at 2:30 p. m., May 22. Funeral services will be held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Ulrich, 2068 Magnolia-av., Edgewater, at 8 p. m., on Wednesday, May 24.

WEBER—Otto, husband of Mary. Funeral May 25, at 1 p. m., from 195 Larrabee-st. to Montrose cemetery. Milwaukee papers please copy.

WITTMAN—Lillian, aged 21 years, 9 months, Sunday, May 21, at 11:45 p. m., beloved daughter of William and Adelheid Wittman, nee Rumsfeld, and sister of Otto Sommerfeld. Funeral Thursday, May 25, 1905, at 12:30 p. m., from residence, 940 W. Huron-st., to St. Peter's church, Chicago-av. and Noble-st., thence to Forrest Home.

FUNERAL TRAINS.

MOUNT HOPE CEMETERY FUNERAL TRAIN by Grand Trunk R. R. leaves Polk-st. depot [Polk and Dearborn-sts.] daily at 12 m.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair Wednesday, warmer in extreme north portion; Thursday, showers and thunderstorms, increasing south winds.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Wednesday; Thursday, increasing cloudiness, variable winds becoming fresh south.

Upper Michigan and Lower Michigan—Fair and warmer Wednesday; Thursday, showers and thunderstorms, increasing south winds.

North Dakota—Fair in west, showers and cooler in east portion Wednesday; Thursday, fair and warmer.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Showers and thunderstorms Wednesday, and in east portion Thursday.

Minnesota—Showers and thunderstorms Wednesday and Thursday; fresh south winds, shifting to west.

Wisconsin—Fair in east, showers and thunderstorms in west portion Wednesday; Thursday, showers, fresh south winds.

Missouri—Fair Wednesday; Thursday, showers.

Iowa—Fair in east, showers and thunderstorms in west portion Wednesday; Thursday, showers.

Place of observation. Time taken: May 23, 7 p. m.

	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	66	78	S.	1.66	Clo'dy
Albany	50	66	N.		Fair
Alpena	54	64	N.E.		Clear
Atlanta	64	70	S.E.	.34	Clo'dy
Amarillo	66	72	S.E.	.20	Clo'dy
Battleford	52	68	S.W.	1.00	Rain
Bismarck	62	72	Calm	.08	Rain
Buffalo	52	54	W.		Clear
Boston	52	58	W.		Clear
Cairo	70	74	S.		Clear
Calgary	54	60	N.E.	.08	Clo'dy
Charles City	64	70	S.E.		Clo'dy
Charlotte	64	68	S.E.	.08	Clear
Cheyenne	62	70	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Chicago	52	56	N.E.		Fair
Cincinnati	64	68	N.E.		Clear
Cleveland	54	56	N.W.		Clear
Concordia	74	78	S.E.		Clear
Davenport	64	70	S.E.		Fair
Denver	70	70	S.E.	Tr.	Fair
Des Moines	68	72	S.E.		Fair
Detroit	52	54	S.E.		Clear
Devils Lake	62	80	S.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Dodge City	70	74	S.E.	Tr.	Fair
Dubuque	62	70	S.		Clear
Duluth	54	63	S.		
El Paso	84	88	W.		Clear
Edmonton	46	52	N.W.	.12	Rain
Galveston	82	88	S.W.		Clear
Grand Rapids	60	68	N.W.	.10	Clear
Green Bay	54	62	N.W.		Clear
Havre	56	60	N.W.	.01	Clo'dy
Helena	54	58	W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Huron	64	68	N.W.	.06	Rain
Indianapolis	66	68	N.E.		Clear
Jacksonville	72	78	N.E.	.22	Clo'dy
Kansas City	72	76	S.E.		Clear
Lander	54	64	N.W.		Clear
Little Rock	76	76	N.E.	.02	Fair
Los Angeles	64	70	S.W.		Clear
Madison	60	70	S.E.		Fair
Marquette	52	56	N.		Clear
Memphis	74	76	N.E.		Fair
Medicine Hat	54	64	W.		Clo'dy
Milwaukee	48	60	S.E.		Clear
Minnedosa	58	68	E.	.06	Rain
Monterey	72	74	S.W.	.16	Fair
Montreal	50	54	S.E.		Clear
Moorhead	64	76	W.	.04	Rain
Nashville	68	74	N.W.	2.42	Clear
New Orleans	84	90	N.E.		Clear
New York City	60	70	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Norfolk	64	68	N.		Clear
North Platte	68	74	S.E.		Clo'dy
Oklahoma	70	78	S.E.		Fair
Omaha	72	76	S.E.		Fair
Oswego	52	54	S.E.		Clear
Palestine	78	86	N.		Clo'dy
Parkersburg	62	68	W.		Clear
Philadelphia	60	70	N.	.06	Clear
Pittsburg	58	66	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Pueblo	70	84	N.E.		Clear
Qu'Appelle	50	64	N.W.	.10	Rain
Rapid City	62	74	N.	.06	Clear
San Francisco	52	68	W.		Clear
St. Louis	66	70	S.		Fair
St. Paul	68	70	S.		Clear
Salt Lake City	64	64	N.W.		Clear
San Antonio	84	86	E.		Clo'dy
San Diego	64	66	W.		Clear
Sault Ste. Marie	54	64	W.		Fair
Springfield, Ill.	72	74	N.E.		Fair
Springfield, Mo.	72	74	N.E.	.02	Clear
Vicksburg	74	76	N.	Tr.	Clear
Washington	60	70	N.		Clear
White River	68	68	W.		Clear
Wichita	72	76	S.E.		Clear
Williston	46	70	W.	.10	Rain
Winnipeg	70	78	S.	.07	Fair

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 Madison street, Tribune building, was as follows: Thermometer—7 a. m., 56; 9 a. m., 56; 10 a. m., 56; 11 a. m., 57; 12 m., 58; 1 p. m., 59; 3 p. m., 68; 6 p. m., 58. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.65; 6 p. m., 29.68.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Anderson, Ester A., 4 months; 247 W. 23d-st., May 22.

Alexander, Sarah, 22; 2821 Armour-av., May 22.

Blinn, Bertha, 50; 416 Walnut-st., May 21.

Burns, Bridget, 72; 4414 Wallace-st., May 20.

Beard, John R., 29; 6346 Union-av., May 20.

Chase, P. F., 61; 201 La Salle-st., May 21.

Coffey, Patrick, 34; 1311 W. 47th-st., May 22.

Dvorak, Anna, 43; 506 S. Ashland-av., May 22.

Eustace, P. F., 42; 588 W. 12th-st., May 21.

Frotz, Margareta, 22; 58 Perry-st., May 23.

Gorchewsa, Frank, 37; 6012 Loomis-st., May 22.

Grannan, Martin, 34; 730 Blat-st., May 20.

Giebel, Nicholas, 44; 1852 N. Ashland-av., May 20.

Gill, Alice, 27; 3012 Wallace-st., May 22.

Hassett, James, 57; 329 Troy-st., May 19.

Hapman, Cornelius, 14; Alexian Brothers hospital, May 14.

Hinkenberger, John, 1 day; 1112 E. Ravenswood-park., May 21.

Hillebrandt, Wm. D., 2348 Calumet-av., May 22.

Huebsch, Lillian, 3 months; 4626 Wallace-st., May 21.

Hensch, H. M., 17; 89 Clara-pl., May 21.

Hoyt, George W., 62; 2259 Madison-av., May 20.

Johnson, Violet, 7 months; 1023 Armitage-av., May 20.

Jackson, Albert, 4; 406 Clinton-st., May 22.

Johnston, John, 65; 818 Flournoy-st., May 20.

Johnson, Carl, 48; 812 48th-st., May 21.

Johnson, Gustaf, 73; 251 Blue Island-av., May 21.

Juranek, John, 6 days; 1044 S. Troy-st., May 21.

Konzen, Maria, 76; 869 Lincoln-av., May 23.

Kiefer, Fredk., 65 days; 1 Mohawk-ct., May 23.

Koller, Henry F., 60; 518 W. Lake-st., May 21.

Kleker, Jerry, 4 days; 326 W. 30th-st., May 20.

Kerns, Grace M., 24; 2062 Wilcox-av., May 20.

Le Quesne, Adolphus, 43; 6704 Parnell-av., May 21.

Laube, Prakseda, 15; 1002 N. Hoyne-av., May 22.

Mazurowski, Frank, 6 months; 1078 Sacramento-av., May 23.

Mensel, John F., 42; Auditorium hotel, May 21.

Moran, Michael, 31; 242 31st-st., May 21.

Morgan, Isabel, 45; 3222 Washington-av., May 21.

Munson, John, 64; Presbyterian hospital, May 22.

McNamara, A. P., 8 months; 1234 Wilcox-av., May 20.

Nedvorge, Annie, 6 months; 4508 Hermitage-av., May 22.

Novljke, Leo, 1; 10143 Elizabeth-st., May 21.

Palmer, Harry, 4 days; 11321 Loomis-st., May 20.

Porter, Abe J., 49; 1531 State-st., May 23.

Ranowski, Jan, 6 months; 1083 S. Albany-av., May 22.

Racine, Mary A., 28; Hahnemann hospital, May 22.

Ruh, Anthony F., 57; 2236 Hudson-av., May 21.

Summerfield, John, 70; 2411 S. Park-av., May 20.

Somerfield, Lilly, 21; 340 W. Huron-st., May 21.

Swercka, Anton, 71; 984 Blue Island-av., May 20.

Swanson, Agnes F., 9; 204 Townsend-st., May 21.

Schmitt, Margurite, 36; 628 Southport-av., May 21.

Stanton, Elizabeth, 56; 134 S. Sangamon-st., May 22.

Struma, Mary, 21 days; 830 18th-st., May 21.

Sandbora, Henry, 3 months; 879 Osgood-st., May 22.

Soran, Christina, 70; 28 Temple-st., May 19.

Trunsberg, Dagmer, 22; 2106 N. 53d-av., May 21.

Trunsberg, Clara E., 17; 2106 N. 53d-av., May 21.

Troemel, Ernst, 19; 893 W. Fullerton-av., May 22.

Tuttle, Catherine, 65; 74 W. 46th-st., May 22.

Taussig, Simon, 85; 225 42d-pl., May 21.

Ulrich, Bartowa, 33; 108 Dearborn-st., May 22.

Van Scoy, Elizabeth, 67; 279 S. California-av., May 21.

Wilbrat, Johanna, 16; 1934 Central Park-av., May 22.

Welsh, Peter, 19; 52 91st-st., May 22.

Walls, Mary E., 83; 6529 Kimbark-av., May 23.

Wolters, Frank, 38; 645 Wolfram-st., May 22.

Wesely, Josef, 24; 3154 W. 40th-st., May 21.

Yucius, Justin, 5 months; 4600 Wentworth-av., May 21.

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FREE—2 WEEKS' SEWING; ALL STARTING now; Valentine's self-calculating system cutting and designing; will save time and trouble; patterns cut to order. School, 753 Wells-st.

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CHAS G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE, reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE FOLLOWING INCORPORATIONS HAVE been chartered by the secretary of state at Springfield:

Roodhouse and Virden railway company, with the principal office at Roodhouse; capital stock, $2,500; to be constructed from Roodhouse, Ill., through Scottville and Modesto, Ill., to Virden, Ill.; incorporators and first board of directors, Charles W. Payne, Roodhouse, Ill.; James Walker, Scottville, Ill.; James A. Fletcher, Modesto, Ill.; Henry C. Simmons, Virden, Ill.; Burke Vancil, Springfield, Ill.

Cowden Mutual Telephone company, Cowden; capital, $2,500; incorporators, Seachary Hodson, Frank B. Bunn, James C. Hodson.

Dean-Marlin company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; photographers' supplies; incorporators, Franklin P. Dean, Harry T. Marlin, D. A. Pennington.

Peking cafe, Chicago; capital stock, $2,500; incorporators, Wm. McKinley, Chas. S. Miller, Edward E. Gross.

Dr. C. Pusheck, Chicago; capital, $25,000; sanitarium; incorporators, Otto Hoi, August Velsen, Charles A. Pusheck.

Jefferson Democracy of the Twenty-seventh ward, Chicago; not for profit, social and political; incorporators, C. A. Windle, Harry N. Miller, Patrick J. Moloney.

Sidney Grain company, Sidney; capital stock increased from $4,000 to $10,000.

Davis Mercantile company, Mills Shoals; capital stock increased from $5,000 to $6,000.

Little Chronicle Publishing company, Chicago; capital stock increased from $250,000 to $300,000.

Lord & Thomas Publishing house, Chicago; number of directors increased from five to six.

Chicago Celso Drink company, Chicago, name changed to Thomas Sebastian Medical dispensary.

D. D. Richardson Medical association, Chicago, name changed to D. D. Richardson sanitarium.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.

Gamewell Fire Alarm Telegraph company, New York City; capital stock, $750,000; capital in Illinois, $7,900.

American Silica company, Washington, D. C.; capital stock, $300,000; capital in Illinois, $5,000.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—MONDAY, SMALL BLACK LEATHER purse, containing small sum, pin, four rings, and small change. Return and receive reward. MRS. J. J. KUGLER, 440 W. 64th-st.

LOST—BELT AND BUCKLE, MONDAY ON Grand-blvd., between 47th and 51st. Suitable reward. Return to 54 flat, 5057 Grand-blvd.

LOST—AUTOMOBILE LICENSE TAG NO. 1,442. W. J. MOORE, 209-214 Tacoma Bldg. Telephone Main 3461.

STOLEN—BICYCLE, FROM GREENWOOD school; blue and black enamel; coaster brake; reward. 5039 Greenwood-av.

LOST—BOSTON BULL TERRIER; AGE FOUR months; reward; no collar on. 53 Bellevue-pl.

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PERSONAL—SO CONSTANT AND TRUE. I almost imagined I saw you with—but the unworthy, jealous thought was cast away immediately. N.

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PERSONAL—FREDERICK KALTHOFF DESIRES to announce the opening of his new cafe and restaurant at 1285-1287 North Clark-st., "Old Camp Fry." Telephone Lake View 251. Formerly at southeast corner Sedgwick-st. and Clybourn-av.

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PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS EXTERminated from your premises under guaranteed contract; 25 years' experience. Write or phone Wabash 1218.
FREDERICK'S CO., 227 Dearborn-st.

PERSONAL—PRIVATE AND CLASS LESSONS, day or evening, Chicago Institute of Astrology, 70 Dearborn-st. Send data of birth and $1. Special 6 page reading equivalent to X ray examination.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMAnently and painlessly removed by the electric needle; scientific facial treatment.
E. BURNHAM, 70 and 72 State-st.

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PERSONAL—HAIR, MOLES, RED NOSE, PIMples, scars, etc., destroyed by electrolysis. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 59 State-st., city.

PERSONAL—SHOES FOR THE LAME. DOCtors recommend them. Send for catalogue. 64 Fifth-av., Chicago.

PERSONAL—DR. D. DUNCAN, HOMEOPATHIC physician and surgeon, has removed to 180 Dearborn-st., cor. Madison, 2d floor.

PERSONAL—REWARD, REASONABLE, FOR address of Mrs. Florence Thompson, lately of 3217 Ellis-av. Address F K 494, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—ECZEMA AND DANDRUFF cured by lady in her private home on North Side 10 yrs.' exp.; satisfaction guar. S 326, Tribune.

PERSONAL—WILL FURNISH VIAVI AND give treatment; your own home; $1.10; appointments Cadby main. 4227 Cottage Grove-av.

PERSONAL — WICKS. PRIVATE DETECTIVE. 1890 Wabash-av. Phone 614 South. Estab. 1871.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY competent bookkeeper and stenographer, age 27; good appearance; 5 yrs.' exp.; familiar with opening and closing books or will file letters, with or without dictation; salary reasonable. Address N 498, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS bookkeeper; 10 years' experience; rapid, and accurate; excellent penman; clean habits; energetic and trustworthy; want position where promotion is in sight. Best of references given and refs.; salary $11. Address O 95, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY THOROUGHLY EXperienced BOOKKEEPER AND CORRESPONDENT; HIGHLY TRUSTWORTHY, ENERGETIC AND POSSESSING EXECUTIVE ABILITY AND TACT. ADDRESS S 156, TRIBUNE OFFICE.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HEAD BOOKKEEPer or position of trust; young man with 18 years' experience large concerns. Address J 170, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, GERman, 23 yrs. old; has had 3 yrs.' experience importing concern in New York; address MOCHES, care of Dwyer, 171 Monticello-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED man; no children; good driver, good worker; established in Chicago; will work in house; best city refs. Address S 121, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN AND gardener; German; single; long experience; good references. Address N 497, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT MARried coachman; city refs. Address LAMELL, 20 Almond-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT MARried coachman; sober, steady, industrious, willing, and obliging; best city refs. F 255, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; SINgle; thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; best of ref. S 256, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. YOUNG MAN, TIMEkeeper or stock clerk; exp.; A1 refs. Address S 241, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. SHIPPING AND receiving clerk; willing to do anything. Address S 242, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT BOOKkeeper, any business; moderate salary. S 186, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED wine and liquor man; good salesman; on the road or in the store; best of references. Address P 129, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, born in city, as city salesman; can furnish good city reference. Address O 200, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED, practical man, superintendent of building construction, as assistant with architect; or owner, either town or country. Address J S 176, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ELECTRICIAN, EXperienced on electrical and mechanical repairing of dynamos, motors, arc lamps, winding, etc.; references. CHAS. KARWELLIES, 4036 Prairie.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG DANE, newcomer, as blacksmith helper; 3 yrs. exp. Address S 230, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOY; EXP. COATMAKer; newcomer; Norwegian. H., 20 Attrill-st.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BUTLER, BY AN exper. young colored man, priv. family; with first class ref. Address 2025 Wabash-av. Phone 7313 Calumet. E. J., S.

SITUATION WANTED—A MIDDLE AGED German-American man, position as houseman in private family; good horseman; A1 ref. Address S 245, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ASSISTANT BUTLER or general housework; experienced; references. Address S 180, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED MAN, 22, as butler or houseman; city or country. Address 3723 Wentworth-av., 1st flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED BUTLER and houseman in private family. Address S 235, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HOUSEMAN; ALL round man; refs. Walter Fox, 435 Washington-bd.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BUTLER OR YARDman by Japanese. S 284, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED coachman; thoroughly versed in the care and drive electric auto; also the driving and driving gasoline machine; best of references from present employer. Address N 507, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED coachman; no children; good driver, good worker; established in Chicago; will work in house; best city refs. Address S 121, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN AND gardener; German; single; long experience; good references. Address N 497, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT MARried coachman; city refs. Address LAMELL, 20 Almond-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT MARried coachman; sober, steady, industrious, willing, and obliging; best city refs. F 255, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; SINgle; thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; best of ref. S 256, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. YOUNG MAN; stenographer; rapid and punctuate properly; good education; moderate salary. O 86, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — RAPID AND ACCURate stenographer; experienced as secretary and correspondent; not afraid of work. O 407, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, COMPEtent stenographer and able correspondent. Highest references. Address S 256, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY 1ST CLASS STENOG. to do letter copying evenings. J 406, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—HAVING RECENTLY relinquished the management of 7 states for a large eastern company with whom I have been for 8 years, I desire an opening with some reliable firm; am thoroughly experienced in accounting, credits, directing salesmen, etc.; can furnish best of references; age 35, married; no soliciting, insurance, or books. Address J 346, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN ADVERTISING line; young man, 22, capable of writing strong copy and supervising engraving and printing; experienced and practical. Address P 182, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ADVERTISING MAN, thoroughly experienced, young, energetic, down to date; capable of producing results, either as manager or assistant; A1 refs. K 74, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—WHERE FUTURE IS possible, by an energetic, reliable young man, 27; A1 character and references; 5 years' retail office experience. Address S 182, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CHAUFFEUR-MAchinist; can do own repairs; 4 years' workshop experience. Address G. O., care of T. ROTH, 19 N. Faulina-st., 3d floor.

SITUATION WANTED—AS TURKISH BATH rubber; about 14 years' experience; can furnish reference. Address F 356, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF commercial ability; a hustler when placed right; outside work preferred. Address S 165, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—WELL EDUCATED young man desires extra work evenings, Saturday afternoons, or at home. J 415, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OUTSIDE WORK, BY quiet, steady young man, at fair salary. Address S 174, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, AS valet; good reference; wages, $50 per month. Address S 109, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG FRENCHMAN of refinement, desires a position in private family as tutor of children. S 248, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS PORTER; BEST OF refs.; colored. 607 E. 50th-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST CLASS washer; good references. 1317 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED — WANT NIGHT AND morning porter work. O 347, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—CHAUFFEUR; COMpetent, aged 27, and single. S 322, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—A LADY BOOKKEEPer with knowledge of Swedish, Finnish, German, and English; six years' experience; desires position. Address O 196, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER WITH experience; young lady; good penman and accurate worker; city references. O 50, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, CASHier, or gen. office work. Address J 335, Tribune.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS colored cook in a restaurant or club; no Sunday work. Address N 119, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SECOND GIRL; best references; English. Call or write Miss SCOTT, 4826 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXCELLENT COOK in private family only; with kitchen maid or assistance; Swedish. Address S 272, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT COOK and laundress; American family. 47 E. 29th-pl., rear.

SITUATIONS WANTED—SECOND MAID AND cook. Swedish, city, country. 636 E. 43d-st.

SITUATION WANTED — COOK AND HOUSEwork; 5 years last place. Call 3003 Calumet-av.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK, HIGH GRADE hotel or resort; best ref. N 448, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. GIRL FOR SECond or general work; N. S. 8 245, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A FINE COOK, COMpetent woman; refs.; suburb. 2721 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT COOK; no washing; city refs. 4402 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WOMAN AS COOK and laundress or housework. 247 41st-st., 2d fl.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER, hotel or private home; refined widow; references exchanged. Address O 365, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER, by young lady, 20 yrs. of age. Call 2354 S. State-st., flat 3, 4th floor.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER BY refined woman of 35 years, in city or suburb. Address S 294, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS FRENCH dressmaker, formerly Worth's; perfect fitter; latest styles (also made gowns; shirtwaist suits; by day or home. Best of references. WM. E. MARVIEN, 3615 Ellis-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS seamstress as lady's maid with family going south. Address O 230, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS MILLIner and dressmaker, by day; reasonable. 4120 Drexel-blvd.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MODISTE, IN FAMilies; quick worker; $3. Drexel 13764.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED — AS CHILD'S NURSE by exp. young colored woman; can take entire charge of child; best city refs. Address S 278, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. NURSE, SICK or babies. F. N., 353 Orleans-st.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—LAUNDRESS, DAY work or to take home. IDA WASHINGTON, 2952 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED — DAY WORK. F. BROWN, 2718 Dearborn. Phone Brown 1522.

SITUATION WANTED—LAUNDRESS, BY DAY, or housecleaning. Phone Oakland 1554.

SITUATION WANTED—LAUNDRESS, CLEANing, by day. 2507 Wabash-av. Phone 372 Brown.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO LAUNDRY work to take home. 88C E. 35th-st., flat 2.

Stenographers.

S

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Domestics.

MAID—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply 3617 Madison-av.

WAITRESS—RESTAURANT. 1910 ARCHER-av.

WOMAN—TO WORK BY THE DAY. 1120 Chase-av., Rogers Park.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER—EXP., FOR HOTEL RICHmond, 276 S. State-st.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER — UNDER 35, TO take permanent position Oct. 1, in private family, residing in Kenwood winters, Lake Geneva summers. Address, stating age, nationality, experience, references, salary expected, S 344, Tribune.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

ALTERATION HANDS—EXPERIENCED. Apply at once to the WILLIAMS CO., 191-193 State-st.

OPERATORS ON CANVAS COATS—SECTION work; easy to learn. E. C. COOK & BRO., 49 E. Kinzie-st.

Nurses.

ELDERLY WOMAN—TO TAKE CARE OF 2 children; good home; small wages. Address S 290, Tribune office.

NURSE—YOUNG GIRL TO LOOK AFTER TWO walking children; can go home nights. 1465 Edgecomb-pl., Buena Park, 1st flat.

NURSE GIRL—ASSIST LIGHT HOUSEWORK; go home nights. BEHR, 1223 Wabash-av.

NURSE—FOR BABY; NORTH SHORE; STATE nationality. Address S 299, Tribune office.

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COMPETENT LADY STENOGRAPHER—TO OPerate Chicago typewriter. C. B. HULL, 151 Wabash-av.

STENOGRAPHER — TYPEWRITER—$15; 115 Dearborn. L. S. SMITH.

STENOGRAPHER — YOUNG LADY, EXPERIenced, quick, accurate, neat, well educated, living on North or West Side; $17; fine chance to advance. Address L D 452, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER — COMPETENT LADY, TO operate Chicago typewriter. C. B. HULL, 151 Wabash-av.

STENOGRAPHER—GIRL; UNDERWOOD MAchine; references; need apply; $9; give phone. Address S 264, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY, EXPERIenced and well educated; give phone; $8. Address S 255, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—CAPABLE WOMAN; SALary $12 to start. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENO.—REM., A1; LUMBER EXP.; $10. 505, 171 Washington-st.

TYPEWRITER BILL CLERK—EXPERIENCED young lady; $9. 854, 225 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER—FOR LOCAL fire insurance office; give full reference, experience, and salary expected, or no attention will be given. Address S 296, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

A1 LADY CHECKER FOR HIGH CLASS restaurant. Germania Catering Co., 645 N. Clark-st. Apply in person.

BINDERY GIRLS—EXPERIENCED IN FOLDing, SEWING, STITCHING. 346 S. Dearborn-st.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO POSE IN COStume, those having evening dress preferred. Call after 2. 824 Dearborn-st., Room 450.

LADY DEMONSTRATOR—STATE EXPERIence. Address S 220, Tribune office.

NEAT YOUNG PARLOR GIRL—MOLLAN'S confectionery store, 59 E. Madison-st.

WAITRESS—RESTAURANT. 1910 ARCHER-AV.

WE WANT A BRIGHT, ENERGETIC LADY who is enterprising and ambitious to make money; will raise wages each month if competent; $10 weekly to start. Address S 254, Tribune office.

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STENOGRAPHERS—4 PLACES OPEN TODAY. MORRELL VACATIONS, 45 S. Clark-st.

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Bargains in Second Hand Cars.

Loco surrey, seats 4	$200
Gasoline runabout	250
Gasoline runabout, leather top	400
Electric runabout	75
American runabout	100
Rambler, seats 5, fine condition	350
National electric, seats 4	175

Clincher and Dunlop tires, all sizes, in stock. Storage and repairs on all kinds of cars. Touring cars for rent.

AUTOMOBILE AUCTION SALE—At 10 o'clock Tuesday, May 31st, at 3311 Cottage Grove-av., we will offer for sale to the highest bidder 25 automobiles ranging in price from $150 to $2,000. We would advise every one interested in getting an automobile at a bargain to attend this sale. These cars have been placed in our hands for sale by some of those who have purchased them new. H. A. COREY & COMPANY.

FOR SALE—A REAL BARGAIN; POPE TOLEDO four cylinder tonneau car, 1903 model, with canopy top, glass rear and sides, three baskets; first class condition; 32 inch rear tires; price $1,500. Chicago Little Giant Storage Battery Company, Chicago, 1255 Michigan-av.

THE GUARANTEED YALE—16 H. P. LIGHT touring car, carrying 4 passengers, $1,100; speed 35 miles per hour; 16 h. p. motor; $500 of it is guaranteed during summer season, against all repairs. Cars rented. Yale Automobile Co., 1414 Michigan-av. Tel. Harrison 5727.

OBSERVATION CARS. FREIGHT TRUCKS. DELIVERY WAGONS. FOR SALE, RENT. CARS STORED.
CHICAGO AUTO SERVICE CO.,
252-254 EAST OHIO-ST.

FOR SALE—OUTSIDE OPERATED WOODS brougham, morocco trimmed; very fine; reason for selling, owner abroad. Apply Little Giant Storage Battery Co., 1255 Michigan-av., Chicago.

FOR SALE—WINTON TOURING CAR, 1904; IN good order and complete, with all extras; may be seen at Winton Co.'s warerooms. L. H. PRENtiss, 24 Dearborn-st., Room 1000. Tel. Main 3080.

FOR SALE—AT LIBERAL DISCOUNT; A NEW Franklin tonneau car, used a few times. Address S 270, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—4 PASSENGER WATERLESS Knox in elegant condition; full equipment. 1414 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—$700; 2 CYLINDER UPRIGHT 16 H. p. tonneau; fine condition. MEARS, Telephone Hyde Park 8413; can be seen 5208 Lake-av.

FOR SALE — SET OF AUTOMOBILE WIRE wheels, one set heavy steering knuckles and yoke; cheap. Address S 297, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WOODS STANHOPE, IN GOOD condition, 1904 model, new batteries; will sell at bargain. Address B E 210, Tribune office.

AUTO SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES OF every description. The Automobile Supply Co., 1339 Michigan-av.

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AUTOS TO RENT
H. G. McGAUGHY.
Phone Har. 5196. 540 Wabash-av.

WILL BUY ELECTRIC STANHOPE FOR CASH if a bargain. Address D 434, Tribune office.

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WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 185-187 Wabash-av., general auction store every Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2109 Cent.

ACCOUNTANTS.

H. F. SPENGLER, 1461 MONADNOCK BLOCK. Tel. Harrison 4696.

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3718 WASHINGTON-AV.—LARGE ROOMS with board; choice locality, near park; golf and tennis; near station and cable; 12 min. to city; $7 to $10. Phone 1533 Hyde Park.

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5000 JEFFERSON-AV.—ELEGANT ROOMS, LAV. stories; 2d floor; plazza; large lawn; detached house; opp. L. C. R. R.; excellent table board. Tel. 3624 Gray.

5427 WASHINGTON-AV.—LARGE FRONT room; 2 gentlemen or ladies employed preferred; running water, new furniture; excellent table; near L. express.

5057 INDIANA, 2D FLAT—TO RENT—ROOMS and board; furnished home, cooking; near L. MRS. WRIGHT.

3435 MICHIGAN-AV.—NEWLY, ELEGANTLY furnished, steam heated rooms, with excellent board; phone, etc.; single or suite.

3948 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD, single or en suite; summer rates. Phone Douglas 3070.

4304 ST. LAWRENCE-AV., 3D FLOOR, FLAT 15 —Furn. room with board; private family; price reasonable.

3253 CALUMET-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, suitable for two; references.

3510 WASHINGTON-AV.—RMS. WITH BOARD, single, en suite; Jackson Park; L. C. express.

BEST ROOMS, TABLE, REFS., FOR REFINED people; near L., auditorium. N. Hill, Tribune.

3062 MICHIGAN—BEAUTIFUL FRONT ROOM with excellent board; detached res. 1132 South.

4215 ELLIS-AV.—SECOND FLOOR FRONT, running water; also single room; references.

4102 INDIANA-AV.—LARGE ALCOVE AND side room; hot and cold water; board.

4733 KENWOOD-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, suitable for family.

3617 LAKE-AV.—LOVELY MODERN ROOMS; lavatories, home board; very reasonable. Shepherd

3806 ELLIS-AV.—ALCOVE ROOM, WITH board; near I. C.

FLAT PARTY, 4 LADIES EMPLOYED, NEAR 39th I. C., cheap. Address S 257, Tribune office.

419 43D-ST., 2D FLAT—PLEASANT FRONT room; splendid board; hot water.

3503 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE LIGHT FRONT room with good board for two.

3979 PRAIRIE-AV.—ALCOVE ROOM, PRIVATE bath; also south room with lavatory.

West Side.

OAK PARK—BOARD AND TWO SOUTH ROOMS; elegantly furnished, for people willing to pay for exceptional advantages; references. Tel. Oak Park 2024.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

North Side.

16 ASTOR-ST., NEAR DIVISION-ST. AND LAKE Shore drive.—Maison de Flore—First class family hotel; quiet, best neighborhood; 15 min. to business center; excellent table; terms moderate. Phone North 2062.

480 DEARBORN-AV.—LARGE, HANDSOMELY furnished front room, with alcove; also single room; all conveniences; first class table.

77 MAPLE-ST.—PLEASANT SINGLE AND DOUble room, with good board; home cooking and all modern conveniences. Phone 4263 Dearborn.

440 LA SALLE-AV.—REFINED FAMILY, DEtached residence, two delightful rooms; excellent board.

519 LA SALLE-AV. — ELEGANT FRONT ALcove and other double and single rooms; board. Phone.

443 DEARBORN-AV.—FURNISHED SINGLE rooms with board; running water; large closets.

205 CASS-ST.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD; MODerate prices; walking distance. Tel. 4481 Dearb.

743 CLARK, OPP. LINCOLN PARK—MODERN double or single rooms with board.

226 DEARBORN-AV.—SINGLE ROOMS, BOARD, home cooking; washing done; phone.

405 FULLERTON-AV.—VERY DESIRABLE room; good board; express station. 2335 Black.

362 DEARBORN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED double room with board.

852 N. PARK-AV.—ELEGANT HOME, FAC. LINcoln Park; beautiful rooms; excellent meals.

Hotels.

HOTEL DEL PRADO—A SELECT FAMILY AND transient hotel (400 rooms), occupying the entire block between Washington and Madison-avs., fronting on Midway-blvd. We have parlor and bedroom with private bath and board for two people, $25 to $40 per week.

TRANSPORTATION—Illinois Central express trains to 60th-st. station, 1¼ blocks away; only 12 minutes to city.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH-ST. AND LEXINGTON-av., one block from Lexington-av. L station, surface lines, and 5 minutes' walk from I. C. 63d-st. station—American and European plan; rooms single or en suite, with and without private bath. Telephone 636-637 Hyde Park.

HOTEL WARNER ANNEX—NEWLY COMpleted and ready for occupancy; finely located; 160 rooms in 2 and 3 rooms, suites with bath, at very attractive rates; telephone in each suite; finely furnished. Groveland Park and Cottage Grove-av. Tel. 673 Douglas. McGUIRE & COBB, Props.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 63D AND LAKE-AV.—American plan; permanent single rooms $7.50 up; en suite, with private bath, for two, $16 up; ten minutes from city. I. C. suburban and express. Phone Hyde Park 192.

THE NEW HUNTINGTON, 107 E. 87TH-ST.—Delightfully located; opposite Ellis Park; excellent home table; rooms, single and en suite, with private bath. Phone 778 and 7030 Douglas.

THE HAYDEN, 153 36TH-ST.—AN IDEAL home for business people; fine dinner; best early breakfast [6:45] in Chicago; suites, single rooms; I. C. and Cottage Grove trains. Douglas 1440.

HOTEL BARTEAU, 3800 LAKE-AV.—NICELY furnished rooms, with first class board; ideal summer home; reasonable rates.

FOREST HOTEL, ROGERS PARK—FIRST class family hotel; delightful location; moderate rates

OAKLAND HOTEL, DREXEL AND OAKWOOD-blvd.—High class family and transient hotel; delightful location; rates reasonable.

HOTEL HOWARD, 232 DEARBORN-AV., $1 PER day and up; American. Phone 396 White.

Suburban.

THE NETHERLANDS, 1554 ASBURY-AV., Evanston, Tel. 244—Large rooms, single or en suite; hot, cold water, gas and electric lighting, home cooking; best service; charming location.

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PROSPECT POINT MANOR,
SPRING LAKE, MICH.
Now open; every convenience and comfort; half mile lake frontage, among the health giving pines. BEALE BROS., Prop.

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BOARD—AND ROOM—BY YOUNG LADY EMployed, North or South Side, with refined couple; highest references; furnish details; state price and particulars. Address S 214, Tribune office.

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BOARD—AND ROOM IN PRIVATE FAMILY near Lincoln Park. Address L D 494, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 12TH-ST. NEW SOUTHERN HOTEL.
EUROPEAN.
Everything new and up to date.
Electric light, hot and cold water in every room. Choice outside rooms, $5, $6, $7, and $8 per week.
Rooms with private bath, $10, $12, and $14 per week.
Our popular price cafe for ladies and gentlemen cannot be excelled.
Easy walking distance. Telephone South 262.

TO RENT—3714-16 WASHINGTON-AV., ROOMS furnished to suit; all exposures; bright and clean; very near park, golf and tennis grounds; 3 modern, cozy houses, annexes, east front; yards, porches; excellent home cooking; $3 to $10. Phone Hyde Park 1533.

TO RENT—TWO NICE, OUTSIDE HOUSEKEEPing rooms; everything furnished; ½ block "L" station; phone; $4.50 per week. TOLF, 221 39th-st., Flat 3.

TO RENT—3137 GROVELAND-AV., FLAT 3— Large furnished parlors; smaller room to lady employed; also large room overlooking the lake; furnished or not, at low rates. Phone Oak 839.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED ROOMS; east exposure; large closet, running water, electricity, phone; gentleman pref. 1612 Mich.-av.

TO RENT—3623 LAKE-AV., HANDSOMELY furnished suite, single rooms, large front room overlooking lake; I. C. and cable. Phone 2700 Doug.

TO RENT—95 51ST-BLVD., ENTIRE FLOOR, corner residence, for bachelors, together or separately; $2.50 wk. ea.; refs.; I. C. exp. Drexel 6491.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM ON Vincennes-av., near 87th-st.; all conveniences. Telephone Blue 2779 or address O 306, Tribune.

TO RENT—4353 LAKE-AV., TWO BEAUTIFULly furnished rooms in private home; I. C. and electric cars. Phone Drexel 8809.

TO RENT—4056 INDIANA-AV., BELL 4—NEWly furnished large south front room; modern; private fam.; adults; 1 or 2 ladies or couple; phone; ref

TO RENT—THE ALLEN; 145 OAKWOOD-blvd; 3 and 4 rooms; private baths; furnished and unfurnished; excellent cafe.

TO RENT—2427 MICHIGAN-AV., SELECT residence neighborhood; all outside rooms, $2.50 per week and up; board if desired. Phone 1047 S.

TO RENT—3024-6 PRAIRIE-AV., FURN. ROOM, running hot and cold water; steam heat and bath. Phone Doug. 8736.

TO RENT—HOTEL BARTEAU, 3800 LAKE-AV., nicely furnished rooms with first class board; ideal summer home; reasonable rates.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURN. ROOM; ALL MODern; 2 blocks from Jackson Park; reasonable. 6225 Washington-av., 1st flat.

TO RENT—4743 CALUMET-AV., 3D FLAT.; sunny rooms, ½ block El.; modern; home comforts; congenial people; parlor, piano, phone; reas.

TO RENT—ROOMS, STEAM, HOT, AND COLD running water. To Lafayette, 10, 12, and 14 E. Harrison-st., 1 block south of the Auditorium.

TO RENT—56 51ST-BLVD.; ENTIRE FLOOR; corner residence; for bachelors; together or separately; $2.50 wk. ea.; refs.; I. C. exp. Drex. 6491.

TO RENT—6145 MONROE-AV., 1ST FLAT; nicely furnished outside room; 2 blocks I. C. express and South Side L.

TO RENT—4150 CALUMET-AV., 2D FLAT— Pleasant front rooms; board; modern; private family.

TO RENT—3 ROOM SUITE FOR HOUSEKEEPing; light, cozy rooms; very desirable. 222 E. 37th-st., 2d flat.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, NICE LOCAtion; ¼ block from Cottage Grove cars. 2348 Calumet-av., flat 1.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT FURNISHED ROOM facing lake; suitable for three. 3242 Lake Park-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS NEWLY DECORATED AND entire new furniture. 7 Park Row.

TO RENT—1710 MICHIGAN-AV., NICELY FURnished rooms; running water.

TO RENT—2213 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURnished front parlor and single room; reasonable.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR, NEAR 36TH I. C., gentlemen, cheap. Address S 238, Tribune office.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS, HOT and cold water. 1822 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, AT 3131 PRAIrie-av.

TO RENT—3624 ELLIS-AV., FIRST FLOOR parlor and chamber, furnished or not.

West Side.

TO RENT—1143 WASHINGTON-BLVD., NICEly furnished rooms; gentlemen only; references.

TO RENT — 436 JACKSON-BLVD., 3D; FURnished room for housekeeping; walking distance.

TO RENT—LARGE SLEEPING ROOMS, STRICTly modern. 343 Ashland-blvd.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; MODERN furn. and conveniences; tel.; refs. 714 Monroe-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; WALKING distance; gentleman. 162 Locust-st., Flat C.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 304 E. Erie-st.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; OTHERS; steam, hot water. 388 La Salle-av., 2d apt.

TO RENT—247 E. OHIO, FUR. HOUSEKEEPing suite; also single and double rooms.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, 245 LA SALLEav., Flat 4; walking distance. BREENE.

TO RENT—ROOM IN REFINED PRIVATE FAMily; walking distance. 445 La Salle-av., Flat 2.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, suite or single. 308 N. State. G. Irving.

TO RENT—434 NO. STATE-ST., DESIRABLE large room, with private bath; gentleman only.

TO RENT—262 ONTARIO-ST., ELEGANT FRONT room on second floor; two clothes closets.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—COOL, QUIET, AIRY SUMMER LOcation, detached house; newly decorated; large 1st or parlor floor rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping; gas range, refrigerator, clothes closet, pantry, running water; $4 and $5; two porcelain baths; plenty hot water, telephone, laundry room, privileges; no children, dogs, or anything musical practice permitted. 55 Lincoln Park-blvd., corner Ohio.

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TO RENT—WIDOW HAS BEAUTIFUL FURN. home; will rent front suite on 2d floor; breakfast if desired. Phone Dearborn 3451. 198 Cass-st.

TO RENT — 2 FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS; modern conveniences; private; phone; apartment; near Wilson L. ex. sta.; rent $20. O 310, Tribune.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN CHOICE LOcation; convenient to North Side street cars; private family. Address P 231, Tribune office.

TO RENT—66 RUSH-ST. [DUBUQUE]. APARTment 62; fine double rooms; gentlemen; use parlor, piano.

TO RENT—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room for gentlemen. $2.50; private family. 270 E. Huron, near State.

TO RENT—CHOICE ROOM IN OUR HANDsome modern apartment; 2 blocks Wilson-av. L sta. Address P 247, Tribune office.

TO RENT—NICE FURNISHED ROOM, WILson-av. station; gentleman; $8 month. C. L. B., 1859 Magnolia.

TO RENT—66 RUSH-ST., DESIRABLE FRONT room, pleasant surroundings; all conveniences; second floor. Apartment 22.

TO RENT—TWO LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS, h'keeping; nr. N. W. L. 1682 N. Clark, top flat.

TO RENT—DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS, running water; walking distance. 90 Walton-pl.

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TO RENT—FURN. FRONT ALCOVE ROOM, closet, bath, $3. 231 N. State-st., first flat.

TO RENT—FRONT ALCOVE; RUNNING WAter; steam; also small room. 273 Belden-av.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED — TO RENT—ROOMS—WE'VE THE best paying people and guarantee the most desirable rooms in city; also housekeeping apts; single or en suite; especially inspect each apt. if you have a room to RENT or WANT ONE, call on us; save time and money; estab. 1897. Betah Co., 301, 171 La Salle-st., N. W. Cor. Lake. Central 4340.

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WANTED—TO RENT—TWO LARGE, LIGHT, connect, unfurn. rms., Hyde Pk. S 322, Tribune.

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PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., INC. 1890. 50,000 farmers and others using our product. If you wish to know more write AUSTIN CLEMENT, 2d floor, 111 Monroe-st., Chicago.

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BUSINESS CHANCES.

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MANUFACTURING CONCERN WITH ESTABlished earnings and substantial real estate assets seeking additional capital can have its securities floated by well posted and hard money financial man; no objection to plant being located in smaller town. Address K 267, Tribune office.

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$750, PART CASH, BALANCE OUT OF BUSIness, buys half interest in paying downtown office location; principal earns $150 per month; money invested secured; good man only. 728 First National Bank.

PROSPEROUS MFG. CO., ABOUT TO ISSUE ADditional stock at par, invites investigation; $10,000 to $20,000 needed to increase sales; articles staples and patented. Address L D 98, Tribune office.

A SMALL HOTEL FOR SALE, AT FLASHER, N. D.; doing a fine business. A splendid 160 acre homestead can be had near this. See Wm. H. Brown Co., 181 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

EXCELLENT BUSINESS OPENING WITH large Chicago jobbery covering the entire country, if you have time and capital to invest. Address P. O. Box 676, Chicago.

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I AM A HUSTLER AND WANT TO MEET MAN like myself with $2,500. If you can qualify as per above, would like to meet you; have no time for curiosity seekers. Address S 267, Tribune office.

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A LIMITED INVESTMENT IN GUARANTEED 8% stock with highest security is offered to selected parties for one week; principals only. Address J 507, Tribune office.

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FOR SALE—COMPLETE MEAT MARKET, IN good locality, West Side. P 519, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

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$25,000 [the entire issue] of Alta Vista Hotel Co. bonds; bonds are secured on property costing $134,000 [first mortgage], with interest at 8% per annum, payable semi-annually. The property is kept insured to full amount of bonds in favor of bondholders, and every precaution has been taken to make the security gilt edge in every respect.
For particulars address W. T. DAVIS, 1108 Trude Bldg., 67 Wabash-av., Chicago, Ill. or J. J. COPLEY, Corpus Christi, Texas.

MAN WITH $50,000, OR WHOSE BANK CREDit is good for that amount, can clear $25,000 net; this is no speculative scheme, but a legitimate business offer, made by an Illinois corporation of unquestioned standing; doing an extensive, profitable manufacturing business, which for special and sufficient reasons desires to raise that amount of money at once; this offer is made by no principals directly, who do business with agents or middlemen; every facility for a thorough investigation will be afforded. Address K L 463, Tribune.

PARTNER WANTED WITH $15,000-$25,000— English gentleman ranching in Wyoming wants partner with $15,000 to $25,000 capital to join him in one of the best well established ranches in the states; a strictly bona fide investment, paying handsome profits; good chance for advancing; the climate is the best for any one with weak lungs; unquestioned references given and required. For further particulars apply F. O. Box 271, Encampment, Wyoming.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—LARGE STORE building with flats above; ample cellar, barn, and storage space; ground 100x150 feet; hot water heat; in live N. E. town; now occupied as successful clothing establishment; value of premises $9,000; will be sold cheap or exchanged for clear real estate. Stock of clothing invoicing $3,000 can be purchased either or separately, with good will of business to close estate. 84 La Salle-st., Suite 210. Phone 4433.

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FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS IRON WORKING plant; capacity 150 men; located two hours' ride from Chicago, on two trunk lines of R. R.; excellent water power goes with property. To any firm with an established business, we feel sure reason desires a change of location or some extra capital, this plant could be put into a new company on a proper basis.
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FOR SALE—WELL STOCKED GROCERY AND market at a bargain; cash receipts $50 daily; some terms; fixtures cost $1,000; will invoice; location on South Side; will lump or invoice; 50 ft. of frontage; rent $35; domestic troubles and sickness; reason for sale. Address L 172, Tribune office.

$5 PUTS YOU IN POOL FOR BUYING AND selling wheat by fixed rules, with all trades guaranteed to be kept good down to 35 cents. If you want to do it and make money investigate this. Address S 227, Tribune office.

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LAWRENCE WILLIS' EXTRAORDINARY clairvoyant powers enable him to read human life from infancy to old age. His powers are wonderful, indisputable; his advice reliable, his information clear, concise, and to the point in love, courtship, marriage, divorce, business, lawsuits, journeys, pensions, investments, speculation, property, insurance, mortgage, oil and mining claims, fidelity, etc. Consultation, $1. 329 Michigan-av. Telephone Wabash 1170.

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$40 for $1.50 a month.	$100 for $2.75 a month.

You receive the full amount of the loan in CASH. Quick service and all business strictly confidential.
PEOPLE'S LOAN & TRUST CO. [unina.],
Suite 619, 185 Dearborn-st., 6th floor.

QUICK LOANS—
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL. AT VERY REASONABLE RATES; LIBERAL DISCOUNT ALLOWED ON LOANS PAID BEFORE TIME EXPIRES; NO PUBLICITY; MONEY IN A FEW HOURS.
RELIANCE LOAN CO.
TITLE AND TRUST BUILDING,
100 WASHINGTON-ST.
PHONE CENTRAL 2616.
BRANCH 4602 STATE-ST.
PHONE OAKLAND 1376.

DON'T WORRY—
COME TO US.
We will loan you money on your FURNITURE or PIANO at the following rates per month:

$25 for $1.00 a month	$50 for $1.75 a month
$30 for $1.25 a month	$60 for $2.00 a month
$35 for $1.40 a month	$75 for $2.25 a month
$40 for $1.50 a month	$100 for $2.75 a month

The above rates are the cheapest offered in the city. No removal of goods. No publicity. Honorable and fair treatment all. Money the same day. No charges taken out in advance.
You receive the full amount applied for.
COOK COUNTY MORTGAGE LOAN CO. [Not Inc.],
108 Dearborn-st., Room 609.

MONEY TO LOAN PRIVATELY ON FURNITURE, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friend, too, call on us. Live and let live is our motto. Time payments to suit borrower.
MUTUAL SECURITY CO.,
69 Dearborn-st., Room 44.

A FRENCH & CO., 95 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 6—Money to loan privately on your furniture, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal. Money to be refunded in payments to suit borrower. Extension of time granted in cases of sickness or loss of position. Do your business with me. Tel. Cent. 6050.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, ETC., AT 1¼ per cent a month; all transactions strictly confidential. W. C. SLATTS, 1401 Champlain Bldg., cor. State and Madison-sts., formerly 167 So. Clark-st.

CHICAGO DISCOUNT CO. PHONE CENTRAL 3028. 167 Dearborn-st., Room 306. Loans on furniture, pianos, etc.

FURNITURE AND PIANO LOANS—SIGN AT home; write or call day or evening. Est. 21 yrs. J. D. SPEAR, 89 E. Madison, Rooms 7 and 8.

A. LIPMAN, 99 MADISON-ST. LOANS ON watches, diamonds, etc.; buys gold and silver.

PRINTING.

THE RYAN & HART CO., PRINTERS AND binders, 22 and 24 Custom House-pl.
Telephone Harrison 490. Automatic 9498.

REAL ESTATE—CITY.

FOR SALE—BUY A HOME—
A small cash payment down, balance as rent; large lots, shade trees, cement walks, paved streets, sewer, water and gas; no interest in paid for. Inquire A. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,* 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BRICK COTTAGE, 6 ROOMS; MODern; $3,500; $100 down, $10 monthly. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—PAY 10 PER CENT OVER ALL EXpenses; 6 flats, 5 rooms each, $1,080 per annum; 2 6 flat blds., $10,000-$12,000. Stewart, 1108, 153 La Salle.

FOR SALE—HIGH CLASS IMPROVED PROperty for investment; valuations made of real estate. WM. H. MOONEY, 1008, 158 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE—SOUTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—VACANT AT HALF PRICE—
Cottage, 6 rms., 57th-st., E. F., 25x125.....$ 675
Justine-st., near 55th-st., E. F., 25x125..... 400
46th-st., near Rhodes-av., 50x130..... 1150
Vacant lot, near Grove-av., 37½x125..... 275
We have many other bargains in South Side vacant.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—$4,500, ON TERMS OF—
Easy as rent; monthly payments.
Buys 2 sty. modern brown stone front residence, 8 rooms; oak floors; open plumbing, etc.
Vernon-av., near 34th-st.
FRED'K H. BARTLETT & CO., 100 Washington.

FOR SALE—
HYDE PARK RESIDENCE.
NEAR 39TH ILL. CENT. STATION.
LOT 50X150.
PRICE ONLY $7,000.
PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., [Oliver]. 164 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—N. W. CORNER OAKWOOD-BLVD. and Langley-av., 2 story and basement brick, 9 room residence; fine location for doctor.
PRICE ONLY $4,600.
FRED'K H. BARTLETT & CO., 100 Washington.

FOR SALE—CUSTOM HOUSE-PL., 50X100; 100 feet south of Van Buren-st.; will lease for 99 years; improve for tenant, and sell improvements, payable in ten annual payments.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—
$6,500 WILL buy stone front 12 r. res. Rent $600 yr., on Groveland, nr. 31st.
MUST HAVE $2,500 CASH.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE VACANT LOTS
NEAR CHICAGO UNIVERSITY.
50 OR 75X176, ON
WOODLAWN-AV., BET. 56TH, 57TH, AND 58TH.
W. A. PRIDMORE, 134 Monroe-st. Tel. Cent. 1212.

FOR SALE—ARTISTIC NEW 6 ROOM HOME. Owner, suffering from the thing for young married couple; only $3,250; easy payments; or will build on corner 6 or 7 room house, $100 per r. down, bal. monthly. 126 W. 73d-st., n. e. cor. Lafayette.

FOR SALE—AND PART EXCHANGE—
Modern, steel constructed
18-apt. bldg. in Hyde Park.
Rental $6,000. Price, $50,000.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MY FINE 12 R. RES., WELL RENTED; all in good condition; near 39th-st.; new loan for $4,000, running 5 yrs.; will take $2,500 cash for my equity. Address L. K 120, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SIX FLAT BUILDING; steam and modern. In heart of best part of Woodlawn; take $2,000 trade.....$18,000
A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — CHOICE CORNER, 50X150, NEAR Lincoln park; 2 blocks from the south end of Jackson park and 3 blocks from the lake; $15,000. S 340, Tribune.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS—
Elmhurst, near Langley-av., 50x150.
Cottage Grove-av., near 47th-st., 50 ft., e. f.
W. A. PRIDMORE, 134 Monroe-st. Tel. Cent. 1212.

FOR SALE—ADAMS-ST., BETWEEN 57TH-AV and Franklin-st., 48x100; opposite Marshall Field & Co. wholesale; six-story building.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT SNAP—ONLY $5,000 REquired to get a flat bldg. renting at $2,510, near 39th-st. Deal with owner, nonresident. Address S 234, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—MODERN HOUSE, 679 E. 69th-pl., near Grand-blvd., 10 rooms; sacrifice.
H. T. DAVIS, Exclusive Agent.
304 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$6,000 BUYS EQUITY IN NEW 3 flat building near 58th-st. and Ellis-av.; rents $1,000; mortgage, $7,000. Address J 209, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FOR HOME PROPERTY ON THE best streets and boulevards, see EUGENE A. SOURWINE & CO., First National Bank Bldg.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—IF YOU WANT TO BUY, sell or rent S. S. houses or flats, call on E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

FOR SALE—6 ACRES IMP. NEAR ACADEMY and Lady, 95th-st. R. I. R.; trees, etc.; 25 min. out. Address O X 233, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$800—COTTAGE AND LOT; NEAR Cottage Grove and 93d; easy terms. E. L. STEWART, 1108, 153 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—7 ROOM HOUSE, WITH ALL MODern improvements; near 70th and Cornell-av.; $2,150. Address S 339, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$120 CALUMET-AV., MODERN DEtached house; hot water heat. See owner.

FOR SALE—48X114, WABASH, NEAR 31ST. only $4,000; snap. H. W. Buchman, 305 31st-st.

REAL ESTATE—WEST SIDE.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—1¼ STORY FRAME house on 51st-ct., near Superior-st., only $2,600; hot water heat. Address L D 432, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MADISON-ST., NEAR GARFIELD Park, 100x170 feet; must sell; price too low to quote. TROTTER & KIMBALL, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN, 1039 ADAMS-ST., TWO flats, 6-7 rooms; rents, $4,250; worth $7,500.
WM. D. FISCHER, 132 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE — 4 LOTS, COR. Wash.-blvd. and 52d-av. Add. 6036 Cregier-av. A. ANDERSON.

FOR SALE—VERY CHOICE FLAT BUILDING on Jackson-blvd.; well rents; big bargain.
R. D. HUSZAGH, 112 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—N. W. COR. ST. LOUIS-AV. AND Ohio-st., 24x125; imp. paid. 1229 Oakdale-av.

REAL ESTATE—WEST SIDE.

FOR SALE—$500; WORTH $1,500.
25x180; northwest corner 48th-av.
$30 cash; $10 month; improvements paid.
F. C. WOOD, 92 La Salle-st., Room 45. Main 3164.

FOR SALE — AUSTIN — FOUR FLATS, ON Washington-blvd., near Franklin-av.; brand new stone front; oak finish; hot water heat; lot 80x180; will sell for $15,000 if taken at once; great bargain.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,
108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEW 8 ROOM HOUSE, HARRISON, near 52d terminus Metropolitan Garfield Park Branch, express service 20 min. to town; lot 40x140; price, $3,250; easy terms; see plans.
WM. D. FISCHER, 132 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—623 ALBANY-AV., OPPOSITE Douglas Park, 5 flats, stone, modern, 5, 7, and 8 rooms; all h. w. floors; rents $1,080 per annum; $8,500. E. WOLTERSDORF, Cor. Madison-st. and Ashland-blvd.

FOR SALE—AUSTIN HOMES—
$6,000—2 p., 10 r., lot, 2 blks. f.
$5,000—2-7 r. flats, rental $642.
$3,500—7 r., furnaces, hardwood firs.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE—NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—
EDGEWATER.
NEW HOUSES.
$4,900, $5,000, $5,500, $6,750,
$8,000, $12,500, $19,000, $21,000.
EASY TERMS.
Take Northwestern L. or Clark-st. cable and transfer to Evanston electric to branch office at Edgewater, Catalpa and Evanston-avs.
Send for booklet showing cuts of houses and floor plans.
COCHRAN & McCLUER.
107 DEARBORN-ST.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 961.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN ROGERS PARK—
$3,840—Vacant, 120x180; improvements ia.
$1,200—Lot, 60x140; choice trees.
$4,400—5 r. mod. res.; lot 50x170.
$2,500—6 r. cottage; lot 40x100.
$12,500—10 r. mod. res.; large trees.
L. H. JENNINGS & CO., 101 Washington-st.
Rogers Park office, 6769 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—729 FARWELL-AV., NINE ROOM house; oak floors, hot water heat; open plumbing; price $6,850; monthly payments; Evanston electric.
FRED S. COMSTOCK, 702, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE 7 ROOM FRAME COTtage, Lill-av., near Halsted-st., lot 25x125; price $4,000; slightly less for cash.
[S.] WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—I HAVE THE EXCLUSIVE AGENCY for four of the finest residences for $25,000 to $50,000, just north and south of Lincoln park. For full particulars see WM. H. MOONEY, 1008, 158 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—COR. SHERIDAN-RD. AND ROKEby, 156x125; only $115 rent; cor.; one block elevated station; fine for apartments.
WM. D. FISCHER, 132 Clark-st. [Main 3159.]

FOR SALE—SHERIDAN PARK, STONE FRONT 9 room res.; hot water heat; on 50 ft. lot; only $8,500; clear; a bank will loan $5,000 on it. REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 1906 Evanston-av.

FOR SALE—AT KENILWORTH — MODERN house; tile bathroom, hardwood finish, hot water heat; large rooms; stable; lot 170x150; price $20,000. Address Owner, P. O. Box 303, Kenilworth, Ill.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—NEW 6 FLAT BLDG. will net $1,500 over all expenses on $10,000 equity; take old improved or vacant. Philip H. Treacy, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$8,000 FOR SWELL STONE FRONT Sheridan Park 2 flats; rent, $950.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LAKE VIEW, NEAR LAKE, ELEgant 6 flat; high class tenants; bargain; quick sale. Address N 465, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MODERN 5 ROOM COTTAGE; bath and gas, $1,850. 110 Pensacola-av., near Montrose and Western-av.; by owner.

FOR SALE—8 ROOM RESIDENCE, RAVENSwood, in first class condition, $6,000, or will exchange for California property. S 332, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE—NORTHWEST SIDE.

FOR SALE—WALTER W. WILCOX,
THE REAL ESTATE SHOPS,
IRVING PARK.
Elston-av., and W. Irving Park-blvd.
Substantial homes, modern and complete, on 50 ft. lots; oak trim, hardwood floors, cement walks; fine locality, large rooms, closets, and porches; stone foundation; beautiful shade trees.
$2,500 and up. $300 cash.
$25 monthly, including interest.

FOR SALE—$5,000 BUYS BEAUTIFUL SEVEN room house on large lot at Irving Park; easy payments. ROESTER & ZANDER, 99 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE—MFG. PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE PLOTS OF LAND, with railroad and dock facilities, containing 87,427 square feet, southwest corner of Hawthorne and North-avs.
79,500 square feet, northwest corner of Halsted and Division-sts.
43,359 square feet, northeast corner of Erie-st. bridge.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—5 ACRE BLOCK, EAST OF 40TH-av., C., B. & Q. switch on grade; have large list of sites on which we will build and sell on easy payments or lease.
Factory and storage space for rent.
S. B. MILLS & CO.,
172 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING PROPERTY.
—WITH AND WITHOUT SWITCH—
Have sites which we will improve.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

REAL ESTATE—SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—
CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.
Elegant new modern colonial residences.
S. s. cor. Madison-st. and Lombard-av., Oak Park.
GREAT SACRIFICE—HALF VALUE.
Terms: Only $50 cash or more, and only $25 monthly or more; or will rent, only $25 monthly.
Big verandas, lawns, and trees.
Take Lake-st. elevated to Austin-blvd. station, or Madison-st. cars.
Agent on premises, or Room 1139, 110 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 4183.

FOR SALE—75X165; CHOICE EAST FRONTAGE, Willmette, near water, gas, cement sidewalk, trees; only $1,000; a snap.
HAENTZE & WHEELER, Tribune Bldg.

FOR SALE—VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE, SIX rooms and bath; every modern convenience; furnace heat; lot 50x133 ft. 220 S. 16th-av., Maywood. Easy terms.

FOR SALE — BERWYN — MODERN HOME; new; decorated; 8 r.; oak finish; open plumbing; mantel; 50 ft.; terms. MIDDLETON SMITH, Berwyn [afternoons].

FOR SALE—$10 CASH, $5 MONTHLY BUYS $200 beautiful wooded Maywood lots; brick pavement. ORVIS, 833 N. East-av., Oak Park.

FOR SALE—50 FT. ON ASBURY-AV., EVANston; price low.
WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK HOUSES AND LOTS; rents. THOS. H. GALE, 705 Tacoma Bldg., 131 La Salle-st., or opp. Oak Park sta., Lake-st. "L."

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—NEW HOUSES, $4,000, $3,500, $4,600, $5,200, $7,500. Also cheap lots. C. A. SAGE, R. 510, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—CHOICE OAK PARK HOMES, $3,500 to $25,000; show with rig. A. D. ORVIS, 333 N. East-av. Phone O. P. 481.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE—CHOICE COR. ON Lake Bluff, 100x243 ft.; value $5,000; mtg. $1,800; consider clear for equity; owner, R. 1405, Tribune.

FOR SALE—AUSTIN—NEW MODERN MODEL homes. F. A. HILL & CO., Washington-blvd. and Baird-av., and 111 North Park-av., Austin.

REAL ESTATE — ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—
NORTH SHORE ACRES.
10 acres in Winnetka.
8 acres near Glencoe.
9 acres in Ravinia.
Several 5s all located large tracts.
TITCOMB & NORTH, 119 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES ON BELMONT-AV., INside city limits, at the low price of $350 an acre; will divide in 10 acre tracts if desired.
OLIVER L. WATSON, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—7½ ACRES, CLEAR, ROBEY AND 71st; ripe for bldg.; will sacrifice for quick sale.
JAMES A. McLANE & CO., 100 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE AUCTION.

REAL ESTATE AUCTION SALE—
FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON TUESDAY, JUNE 13TH, 1905, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., AT THE OFFICE OF HENRY A. HERMAN, REFEREE IN BANKRUPTCY, AT THE COURT ROOMS OCCUPIED BY HIM AT ROOM 905 MONADNOCK BUILDING, NO. 53 JACKSON-BOULEVARD, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, under an order entered in the matter of the estate of Wanzer & Co., Bankrupts, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, on the 1st day of May, A. D., 1905, to sell at public auction all of the real estate belonging to William H. Chadwick, Bankrupt, in bulk lots, pieces, or parcels to the highest bidder.
THE REAL ESTATE LOCATED AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF BELMONT-AV. AND EVANSTON-AV., in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, being 187 feet on Belmont-av. and 143 feet on Evanston-av., with all improvements thereon, consisting of a handsome MODERN BROWN STONE 3 STORY RESIDENCE KNOWN AS 1814 BELMONT-AV., with conservatories attached thereto. Also a MODERN 2 STORY STONE FRONT FLAT BUILDING KNOWN AS 1812 BELMONT-AV., all in good condition and well rented, and the lot on the northeast corner of Evanston-av. and Belmont-av., unimproved, being 100 feet on Belmont-av. and 143 feet on Evanston-av.
Also the private right of way over a strip of land 12 feet wide, east of the 187 feet on Belmont-av. above described. For further information apply to
HENRY W. LEMAN,
910, 100 Washington-st., Chicago.
As Trustee in Bankruptcy of the Estate of Wanzer & Co., Bankrupts. James M. Wanzer and William H. Chadwick, individually.
A. R. GATES, Attorney for Trustee.

REAL ESTATE—SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—A NICE COTTAGE AT BASS LAKE; one of the finest locations on the lake; price $1,800. DE COUDRES, Knox, Ind.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—8 ROOM FURNISHED cottage, fine location; Saugatuck, Mich. RUEL, 6616 Monroe-av.

REAL ESTATE—FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—
CUT THEY GO
CUT THEY GO
To North Dakota, 19 homestead 160 acres and buy 160 acres alongside, thus securing 320 acres of the best wheat land in the west for only $6.25 an acre. Ex. every Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday. Get tickets at rate from W. M. BROWN COMPANY, 131 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST 160 ACRE farms in Lake Co., three miles southwest of Waukegan, 1½ miles from No. Chicago on the C. and N. W. R. R., and 1 mile from Warrenton station on the C., M. and St. Paul R. R. For further information write PHILIP SHERIDAN, Waukegan, Ill.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES, 5 ROOM HOUSE, SOME fruit, $850.
55 acres, 1 mile from Benton Harbor, fine land, $150 per acre. 10 acres, near St. Joseph, Mich., good buildings, fruit trailed. $4,000. BASSETT & SPINK, Benton Harbor, Mich.

FOR SALE—A FEW SMALL FARMS FOR SALE in the South by the owner of plantation; employment will be given year around if desired; easy terms to right parties. Call in person, 619 Royal Ins. Bldg.

FOR SALE — GOOD FARM, 40 ACRES, 27 miles south of Chicago; house and outbuildings, good water, nice shade trees, young orchard. Apply to owner, on premises, F. SCHMIDT, 1½ miles southeast of Alpine, Cook Co., Ill. Take Wabash.

FOR SALE—586 ACRE FARM, FINE ORDER, Kenosha Co., Wis.; 2 sets buildings; best black loam. 40 acres hardwood timber; will sell all or part; $75 an acre; bargain.
29, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GOVERNMENT FARM LANDS for soldiers, their widows, their heirs, or any citizen, male or female. GEO. NEHF, Land Locator, 90 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—30 ACRES CONTROLLING EAST shore of Lake Geneva, 10 acres of timber, ¼ mile from Lake Cora station, $2,200. DOWNING & CASE, Paw Paw, Mich.

FOR SALE — TIMBER LAND, LARGE AND small tracts; easy terms; 156,000 acres.
CAMPBELL, Box 623, Ft. Smith, Ark.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—ABOUT 100 OR 200 ACRES OF GOOD farm land with house of about eight rooms with plenty of shade around; on large lake, with no marsh land near and with pleasant prospect, in Michigan or Wisconsin. Address for one week S 297, Tribune office.

WANTED—
I can make quick sale of your property without plastering with For Sale signs.
FLOYD W. WHIPPLE,
1207 Security Bldg.

WANTED—LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US if you wish to realize on same. We can handle it for cash and at once if reasonably cheap. Authority on values. Established 1851.
GEO. H. CRICKMAY & CO., 187 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—IF YOU HAVE UNPRODUCTIVE VAcant that you wish to exchange for splendidly built income properties, send me particulars and I will give you cash or exchange.
HOWARD B. COOK, 153 La Salle-st.

WANTED—WEST SIDE IMPROVED PROPerty; we have cash buyers and can make quick sales; call at once. L. S. COHEN, 613 Jefferson-st.

WANTED—HENRY WARD BEECHER, 84 Washington-st.

WANTED—$9 TO 90 FLAT BUILDING, GOOD location; necessary to have all income and expenses; give price and all particulars; this is cash customer. C. A. 194, Tribune office.

WANTED—WANT CLEAR IMPROVED OR ILL. or Iowa farms in exchange for modern new apartment bldgs.; $2,520 annual rental each; brokerage allowed. W. H. BARRY, First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

WANTED—HIGH CLASS EVANSTON OR Edgewater residence, overlooking the lake. Have all cash or will give clear Chicago property and cash. Address S 137, Tribune office.

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR BARGAIN IN 2 or 3 flat brick. C. P. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—CHEAP FOR CASH, 100 FEET, near L road and Washington or Jackson Parks. Address L X 507, Tribune office.

WANTED—WE ARE QUICK CASH BUYERS for vacant West Side property.
S. SCHALLMANN & CO., 1204, 154 Washington.

WANTED—WE PAY CASH FOR IMPROVED South Side bargains and close deals in 5 days.
W. H. BOWERS & CO., 3507 Indiana-av.

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR YOUR REAL estate sold for taxes. BULLARD, 1013 Ashland Block.

WANTED—WEST SIDE LOT FOR FACTORY. 10,000 to 20,000 sq. feet. Address L D 846, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD DOWNTOWN FEE OF ABOUT $375,000; must pay 4% or over. L. D 546, Tribune.

WANTED — DESIRABLE VACANT TO IMprove. Forsyth Building Co., 515, 84 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED, WILL CONSIDER FARM, CLEAR, WORTH $12,000, FOR EQUITY IN AT 6 FLAT BUILDING NEAR WASHINGTON PARK; RENTS $2,000; MTG. $14,000. 5½%.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR EXCHANGE—MODERN STONE FRONT 3 story residence on Ashland-av., south of Van Buren-st., free and clear of incumbrance for good unsold Hyde Park or Woodlawn. Address L D 584, Tribune office.

60X150 LOT, CLEAR, NEAR JACKSON PARK, for 6 or 7 room cottage; good location; snap; brick and stone building, 2 stores, 4 flats; State, near 58th; best offer. Address L L 67, Tribune office.

EQUITY FINE LARGE RESIDENCE SOUTH Side, for anything clear. J 107, Tribune office.

FINE 180 ACRE FARM, NORTHERN INDIANA, for Chicago income. FICKLIN, 99 Randolph-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

JENNINGS REAL ESTATE LOAN COMPANY,
First National Bank Building.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Special attention to builders.
Call and get our terms.
MADLUNG, EIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
402 Chamber of Commerce.

MONEY TO LOAN.
LOWEST RATES. QUICK ACTION.
C. B. MOORE, 1206 Chamber of Commerce.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
88 AND 85 DEARBORN-ST.
LOANS MADE ON CHOICE REAL ESTATE.
LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE, SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS ON BUILDING LOANS. PROMPT ATTENTION.
W. H. ROOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate at lowest current rates; no delay; we pass on security.

LOANS MADE ON CHOICE REAL ESTATE AT lowest rates.
HENRY W. HOWE & CO., 146 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.
ADAMS & FOSTER, 60 Washington-st

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND SUBURBAN real estate at lowest rates.
WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; repayment monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON IMproved Chicago real estate security.
JOHN B. KNIGHT & CO., 99 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMP. LOWEST RATES.
E. R. MADDEN & CO.,
735 Marquette Bldg., 204 Dearborn-st.

FIVE PER CENT MONEY LOANED; CITY OR suburbs.
MARTIN, 707 Tacoma Building.

PRIVATE MONEY—LOW RATE; NO DELAY.
H. S. PRESCOTT, 707, 100 Washington-st.

GEO. W. COBB & CO., 107 DEARBORN-ST.—Money to loan on mortgages at lowest rates.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., Established 1865.
Room 1121,
119 Monroe-st.,
First National Bank Bldg.
Real estate loans of every kind and size made without delay at low rates and best terms.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION OR attorney's fees on Chicago real estate, with privilege of paying all or part of principal before maturity and stopping interest. Borrower sees payments credited on note and pays interest only on the balance due.
BUILDING LOANS made on short notice. Personal attention given to large and small borrowers.

THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
(Formerly Rose & Co.),
N. W. COR. LA SALLE and WASHINGTON-STS.

FIVE PER CENT
REAL ESTATE LOANS
UPON BRICK IMPROVEMENTS,
WITHOUT COMMISSION.
FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT
REAL ESTATE LOANS
UPON FRAME IMPROVEMENTS,
WITHOUT COMMISSION.
ESPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE RATES FOR
BUILDING LOANS.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., 92 LA SALLE-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN—
On Chicago and improved suburban property. Lowest rates. Quick action, as we pass on security. Building loans.
BAIRD & WARNER.
90 LA SALLE-ST.

Cochran & McCluer,
107 DEARBORN-ST.
Make loans on improved and vacant property; also building loans at lowest rates; quick service; prepayment privileges.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY—
FIRST GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
EXTRA HIGH GRADE on new brick and stone homes, in the best residence streets of Chicago, amounts $1,000 to $10,000. Send for list.
JOHN P. MARSH & COMPANY.
1020 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND CHOICE SUBURBAN real estate at lowest market rates. BUILDING LOANS MADE. PREPAYMENT PRIVILEGES. NO DELAY, as we pass upon security. SPECIAL FUND to loan on MODERN BRICK stores and residence property in sums of $3,000 to $10,000 at 5 per cent. Liberal terms to BROKERS. QUINLAN & TYSON, 70 Dearborn-st.

WE HAVE $50,000 TO LOAN AT 4½ TO 6 PER CENT ON IMPROVED CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, CLOSE WITH CHOICE OF LOANS. CRAWTON; $1,000 to $12,000 LOANS DESIRED. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO BUILDING LOANS.
Small 5% and 6 per cent mortgages for sale.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.

H. O. STONE & CO.,
10 phones, all Main 339. 206 La Salle-st.
NO COMMISSION. NO DELAY. LOANS ON CHICAGO and suburban real estate; lowest rates.

CONSERVATIVE PURCHASERS OF FIRST mortgages secured by Chicago improved real estate in sums of $1,000, $2,000, $5,000 and $10,000, bearing 5½ and 6 per cent interest will receive full particulars by mail. Address L K 537, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE—
3220 Rhodes-av., fine 11 room brick and stone dwelling, detached, with large brick barn; steam heat; $48.33 per month.
3038 West 61st-st., large 9 room frame dwelling; steam heat, $50.
3129 Rhodes-av., fine large 12 room brick dwelling; $125.
REYNOLDS & ROSE,
822 Tribune Building.

TO RENT—A MODERN, WELL FURNISHED house on Prairie-av., near 39th; convenient to Indiana cars and Alley "L" elevated; will rent while away for summer, or longer. Telephone 588 Harrison. Call for owner, or address K D 52, Tribune office.

TO RENT—4 NEW MODERN HOUSES, 34TH-st., between Cottage Grove and Rhodes-avs. Apply to D. G. HAMILTON, 100 Washington-st., Room 1701.

TO RENT—HYDE PARK; FURNISHED MODern house, low rent [about half price] to right party; worth seeing; shown from 8 to 5 p. m. today. 5131 Madison-av. Phone Central 881.

TO RENT—DWELLING, 2014 MICHIGAN-AV., for private family only. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—36 GROVELAND PARK—BROWN stone residence, 12 rooms; thoroughly modern. Apply to JOHN B. MALLERS, 226 La Salle-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—135 S. ROBEY-ST., 10 ROOMS AND bath, new plumbing, $30; 779 Monroe-st., cor. Sacramento, 10 rooms and bath, $30 and $37.50; 753, 758 Adams, 10 rooms, $30 and $40. Apply
GEO. K. OWSLEY,
22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—
671 West Adams-st.; fine large 9 room semi-detached frame dwelling; $30.
REYNOLDS & ROSE,
822 Tribune Building.

North Side.

TO RENT—AT MODERATE RENTAL—
TEN AND TWELVE ROOM PRIVATE RESIDENCES IN THE
McCormick Theological Seminary grounds, on Chalmers-pl., Belden and Fullerton-avs., between North Halsted-st. and Seminary-av. Excellent location. Churches and schools in immediate neighborhood. Fullerton-av. station of the Northwestern Elevated railroad on west end of grounds.
Lincoln-av., Fullerton-av., and Halsted-st. surface lines pass the property.
Apply to
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., RENTING AGENTS,
34 Clark-st. Telephone Main 1016.
Or at office of seminary. Telephone North 1008.

TO RENT—HOUSE, MODERN 8 ROOM STONE front, near south end Lincoln Park; free electric light and steam heat; hardwood floors, shades, gas range. Apply renting office, 671 Wells-st.

TO RENT—710 FULLERTON-AV.—
9 rooms, furnace, good order,
with good yard, only $35.
TITCOMB & NORTH, 119 Monroe-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—EVANSTON—FURNISHED, FOR summer months; central; 11 rooms and basement; lake front; good shade. Address K K 126, Tribune.

TO RENT—WINNETKA, FURNISHED TEN room house, $110 per mo. for the summer.
MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—FULLY FURNISHED HOUSE AT Oconomowoc, Wis.; best neighborhood; good fishing. GEORGE BURROUGHS & SON, 424 E. Water-st. Milwaukee.

TO RENT—FAW PAW LAKE, BEAUTIFUL 16 room furnished cottage; cheap to private family; best location; boats. J K 574, Tribune office.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—FROM JUNE 15TH TO Sept. 15th, a furnished house with garden and shade trees in Batavia or Geneva, Ill. Address S 254, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—2431 LEXINGTON-AV., EXCEPtionally desirable second flat; modern, seven rooms, all very light; $40. Tenants leaving city. This flat is decidedly above average at the price.

TO RENT—APARTMENTS, 2 TO 4 ROOMS, WITH bath; steam heat, hot water, etc.; modern building; southwest corner Wabash-av. and 28th-st. See janitor.

TO RENT—
773 West 63d-pl., 7 room brick flat, $16.
REYNOLDS & ROSE,
822 Tribune Bldg.

TO RENT—3139 MICHIGAN-AV.
Elegant 9 room, strictly modern, steam heated flat; first class condition

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

MANY LINES ARE EXPERIMENTING WITH MOTOR CARS.

Rapid Development of Automobile Convinces Engineers That Competition with Electric Interurban Roads Is Possible—Gasoline Engines Doing Good Work—Struggle for Control of Fruit Shipments from Sacramento River Valley.

Railroad men are beginning to predict that the days of interurban electric lines are numbered, because of the rapid development of the automobile. Not until the automobile reached its present state of perfection did the railroad engineers turn their attention to the usefulness of the gasoline motor for railway cars.

The Union Pacific was the first road to produce a gasoline motor car which met all the requirements, and now motor cars, as rapidly as they can be turned out, will replace the old locomotive and train equipment for all of that road's suburban and interurban traffic. The Alton will have ten motor cars in operation on its interurban service by July 1. The Illinois Central is making extensive experiments with gasoline motor cars, and before long these cars will replace the locomotives and trains in the suburban service.

Railroad engineers have been experimenting with self-propelling cars for years, trying to get something which could compete with the trolley lines. With locomotives and trains it was impossible to reduce fares to the standard of electric lines without losing money. The railroads saw their business falling off, but were powerless to stop it.

Competition Must Be Met.

Of recent years the search for a motor car has been pushed with much eagerness, and one road, the New York, New Haven and Hartford, hit upon a plan to stifle competition and bought up all the competing electric lines.

It was the automobile which started the railroad engineers to work again. Profiting by the experience of those who built gasoline motors for automobiles, they have produced several types of railroad motor cars which are satisfactory. The Union Pacific car was the first to fill all the requirements, and it is now on its way to Chicago on a test trip from coast to coast. This car, which is operated by a gasoline motor, is said to attain a high speed and to run smoothly.

The car with which the Alton has been experimenting is a combination gasoline and electric. The gasoline engine is used to generate electricity and a storage battery takes up surplus energy. The Illinois Central is experimenting with both of these types of cars, and with still another kind, about which little is said at present, and officers of that road say it is only a question of a short time when they will find a car adapted to their purpose.

Struggle for Fruit Shipments.

Bitter warfare has broken out between the Santa Fé and the Southern Pacific. Each road is trying to secure control of the shipment of green fruits from the Sacramento river valley and is putting forth every effort in trying to corral the business. Prior to last year the Southern Pacific enjoyed a monopoly of the heavy traffic from the fruit districts, but last year the Santa Fé chartered a river boat and diverted more than 1,000 carloads of green fruit shipments. This year, with a view to getting still more of the business, the Santa Fé has built a river boat especially adapted to the business. It has three decks and a carrying capacity of 600 tons. To offset this move the Southern Pacific has announced its intention to build a rail line through the section now reached only by river boats. It has taken the corporation known as the Sacramento Southern and reorganized it with the following officers. President E. E. Calvin; vice president and treasurer, N. T. Smith; secretary, J. L. Wilcutt. The road will run along the east bank of the Sacramento river.

Annual Passes for Employes.

The management of the 'Frisco system has put in operation a plan under which veteran employés are rewarded with annual passes according to the length of their service. The value of these passes will increase as the service increases. Conductors and enginemen who have worked for the company fifteen years will receive passes over their respective divisions; those who have seen twenty years' services will receive annual passes over the entire system, and those who have served twenty-five years will receive system passes for themselves and their wives.

BOULEVARD WILL BE BUILT.

West Park Board Consents to Take Over Sacramento Avenue and Make Improvements.

The west park board decided yesterday to take over Sacramento avenue as a boulevard. It is estimated the improvement will cost $145,000.

Fifty owners of Sacramento avenue property, headed by N. T. Brenner, attended the board meeting and urged the taking over of the street for a boulevard. One or two owners of factories in the vicinity objected because the change would close the street for traffic teams. Unless some of the property owners should oppose the matter in court the work of repaving the street will begin in two months, and the board hopes to have the boulevard completed before fall.

The finance committee of the board will confer with the finance and track elevation committees of the council and representatives of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad company on May 31 regarding the viaduct over the proposed boulevard.

WOULD OUST TWO CONSTABLES.

State's Attorney Begins Quo Warranto Proceedings Against Louis Grossman and Benjamin Black.

Quo warranto proceedings were begun in the Superior court yesterday by the state's attorney to oust Constable Louis Grossman of the Town of Hyde Park from office.

The petition filed by the state's attorney alleges that Grossman has "unlawfully held and executed the office of constable," since May 9 last.

A similar proceeding was started against Constable Benjamin Black of the town of South Chicago.

Alleged Dynamiter of Home Held.

Houghton, Mich., May 23.—[Special.]—F. Provost was arrested today charged with being the man who blew up the home of Norman J. Dolph at Kenton with dynamite early yesterday. Provost is alleged to have a grudge against Dolph. The latter is said to have bought up a judgment secured by a man against Provost, and last week levied on the latter's cattle. Provost was bound over to the Circuit court.

Is better than foreign Champagnes, but costs only half the price as it is American made and there is no duty or ship freight to pay. Grand Prize, St. Louis Worlds Fair.
SERVED EVERYWHERE
AMERICAN WINE CO., ST. LOUIS

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

State and Madison streets; building formerly occupied by Schlesinger & Mayer.

Home of the Patrician Shoes for women. Best shoes made at the price. Always $3.50.

Special Bargain Opportunities in Women's Coats and Suits.

A RARE chance for the careful shopper—a chance to get quality and style distinction and value at a saving of almost half. There's only one reason strong enough to force such cuts in the prices—we *must* make room for summer merchandise. *Fourth floor.*

Taffeta Lined Covert Jackets (like cut), $8.75.

New collarless style, 21 inches long, plaited front and back and sleeves; all lined with good quality taffeta; special at.....$8.75

Tan Covert Tailored Coats—All lined with best taffeta; special at.....$10.00

Taffeta Silk Blouses at $10.00—Short fancy plaited blouses, for summer wear.....$10.00

$47.50 Broadcloth Blouse Suits, Reduced to $25.

Fancy Blouse Suits of fine broadcloth, in black, blue or brown; strictly high-class in every detail; blouse and skirt trimmed with self straps and taffeta piping. Were priced at $47.50, now reduced to.....$25.00

$25 Fancy Panama Suits, Reduced to $15.

Fancy blouse, plaited front and back, taffeta lined—in black or brown fancy Panama cloth, in a fine quality—plaited skirt. Were $25.00, now.....$15.00

Some New Ideas in Women's White Waists.

ASSORTMENTS here are very large and the prices should appeal to every woman who appreciates style and value. *Fourth floor.*

White Lawn Waists at $1.50.

Waists with tucked front and back, deep cuffs, attached collar and open down back; special, $1.50

Waists with panel of eyelet embroidery down front, tucked collar and cuffs, open back; special..... $1.50

White Lawn Waists at $1.95.

Waists with yoke and collar of lace embroidery insertion, deep tucked cuff with lace insertion, open back; special..... $1.95

Waists with front of panel embroidery, cuffs and collar tucked in clusters; special at..... $1.95

White Mull Waists at $2.75.

Waists with yoke, front and back finished with two rows of Val. lace insertion, elbow sleeves, open back; special at..... $2.75

Entire waist, sleeves and cuffs tucked in clusters, open down back; remarkably dainty and stylish waists and exceptional value at..... $2.75

White Lawn Waists, made with front of allover embroidery and tucks, collar of Val. lace insertion, deep tucked cuffs, finished with Val. lace; very special at $2.25.

Furs Remodeled, Repaired, Made to Order.

THERE is economy in having furs remodeled, repaired or made to order now. Labor on furs costs less in summer, and work can be given more attention than in the busy season. Let us show you the new models and skins. *Fourth floor.*

Furs Made to Order Now at Special Summer Prices.

FURS STORED and insured at a nominal charge. Telephone Exchange 2, line 27, and we'll send for them.

IMPORTED WASH FABRICS.

Second floor and Basement store.

Thousands of Pieces at an Astonishingly Low Price.

ONE of this country's largest importers sold us his entire surplus stock at a great sacrifice. Persons who are familiar with our great purchases and sales of wash fabrics will be interested in knowing that there are values in this one such as are seldom offered. In the lot are to be found at 14c a yard:

Linen Mixed Crashes—That are popular for shirtwaist suits, in champagne, various shades of blue, lavender, green and gray.

Linen Mixed Ginghams—Mostly dark colorings in blues, browns and greens. Very desirable for children's wear.

14c A YARD.

Linen Mixed Tissues—White and champagne grounds, neatly embroidered and woven splashes, dots and figures. Never before sold for so little.

Ladies' Mixed Voiles—28 inches wide, white and champagne grounds, with beautifully woven and embroidered figures.

Schlitz

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Phone Monroe 378, Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co., Ohio and Union Sts., Chicago.

We don't mind your comparing the clothes we sell with any others made.

Ours are made by Rogers, Peet & Co., so we know they're top-notchers.

Business suits, correct in cut, of stuffs as honest and fine as man can want, $16 to $38.

F. M. ATWOOD
Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing, Hats and Furnishings.
Cor. Clark & Madison Sts.

EDUCATIONAL.

EUROPE Tours July 1 by specially chartered new fast S. S. Caledonia (9,400 tons), to Scotland, England, Ireland, France, $245, with attractive side trips to Belgium, the Rhine, Switzerland, Italy. Other tours in May, June and July. Exceptional advantages. Send for Programme B. FRANK C. CLARK, 96 Broadway, New York. J. D. O'LEARY, 103 Adams st., Chicago.

GOLFING

WITH THE ROYAL ABERDEEN CLUB. A select party sails July 6th. Will play at St. Andrews and other famous places. Why not join? Programs ready. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 132 Jackson Boulevard.

EDUCATIONAL.

SUMMER VACATIONS

An Ocean Voyage to a Foreign Land GO TO BERMUDA

by new twin-screw Steamship Bermudian in forty-five hours from New York. Temperature cooler than at the Middle Atlantic coast resorts. For beauty of scenery and perfection of climate this trip is unsurpassed. Good fishing, sea bathing, sailing and bicycling. Princess Hotel open. For illustrated pamphlets and rates, address A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents, Quebec Steamship Co., Ltd., 39 Broadway, New York. ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary Quebec, Canada, or THOS. COOK & SON, 234 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

THE SCHOOL OF DOMESTIC ART AND SCIENCE

SUMMER COURSE

Cooking, Sewing, Shirt Waists and Millinery. 39 STATE-ST. Registration day June 2nd.

Culver Summer Naval School, Culver, Ind. Lake Maxinkuckee. Beautiful illustrated booklet describing a happy and unique summer outing for boys will be mailed on request to CULVER SUMMER NAVAL SCHOOL, Culver, Ind.

EDUCATIONAL.

A New Plan FOR A Boy's Summer

Keenly interesting and very beneficial. Gives complete change of thought and action. The most successful course of its kind. 139 boys from 22 states last summer. For illustrated catalogue, address LT.-COM. HEYWARD CHENILLIAT, Culver Summer Naval School, CULVER, INDIANA. (On Lake Maxinkuckee.)

FOREIGN HOTELS.

ILFRACOMBE (ENGLAND).

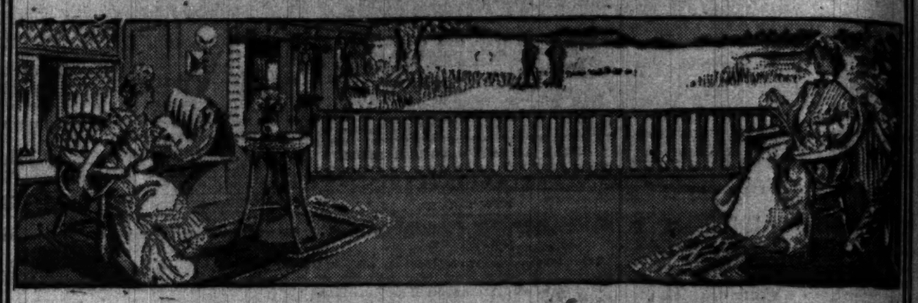
ILFRACOMBE HOTEL

All good Americans stay there before they die.

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

Mandel Brothers

Flags *and* outing goods for Decoration Day



U. S. flags *and* flag poles

U. S. flags, printed silk, staffs with gilt tops, 24x36 in., 85c; 16x24 in., 45c; 8x12 in., 15c.

U. S. flags, mounted on sticks, 12x22 in., 25c doz.; 11x18, 20c doz.; 6x9½, 10c doz.; 2x3, 3c doz.

U. S. flags, cotton bunting, fast colors, mounted on staffs, 48 in., 25c; 24 in., 10c; 17 in., 5c.

U. S. flags, sewed wool bunting, size 6x12 ft., 4.90; 5x10 ft., 3.50; 4x8 ft., 2.25; 3x6 ft., 1.50.

Flag poles, 12 ft., 75c; 10 ft., 65c; 8 ft., 55c.

Special values: trunks *and* suit cases

Heavy canvas covered trunks, painted; leather bound, brassed trimmings, cloth lined throughout; top tray and extra skirt tray; two sole leather straps; strongly made and thoroughly reliable.

32 in.	34 in.	36 in.	38 in.	40 in.
7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00

Genuine cowhide suit cases, linen lined, brass lock, strong catches, solid leather corners, straps inside, specially good value at 3.90. We offer the same suit case with shirt fold, 4.10.

Sale *of* hammocks: special prices

Closely-woven hammocks, large size; upholstered pillow, with buttons and tassels; borders and valances embroidered in handsome designs, an excellent value at the special sale price, 2.50.

Baby hammocks, made of soft, strong cotton, white with colored borders, wooden spreader, at 75c.

Large size hammocks in assorted colors; concealed spreader; pillow and valance, special, 85c.

Closely-woven hammocks, with large pillow and wide valance, in a large variety of colors, 1.50.

Summer furniture specials

Choice yet inexpensive—that is the verdict of customers who look over our selections of summer furniture from the best makers. *Seventh and eighth floors, Wabash avenue.*

Porch chairs in moss green finish, with woven seat, at 85c.

Comfortable reed rockers, substantially made, priced at 1.95.

Reed tea tables, with round top, 24 inches in diameter, at $3.

Maple rockers, with fancy woven back; special sale price, 1.75.

Prairie grass reception chairs, with fancy back, on sale at $4.

Rattan couches, full length, with sloping arms, price, $6.

Reclining chairs of silver birch, woven seat and back, 5.50.
Green ash porch swings, complete with chain, priced at $8.

Rugs for the country cottage

Cool-looking, as well as cool in reality, serviceable, sanitary and low-priced—the Hodges fiber rugs are ideal for summer use. *Sixth floor, Wabash avenue.*

Size 18x36 inches, 75c Size 26x45 inches, 1.25 Size 26x63 inches, 1.50
Size 36x72 inches, $2 Size 48x84 inches, 3.75

Mourzook rugs for porches and summer homes, cool and sanitary, size 36x72 inches, at 3.75

Oriental Shirvan rugs, sizes about 3x4½, in handsome patterns and colorings; $10 value for 5.85

Best grade Bigelow Arlington rugs, size 9x12 feet, regular selling price $35; now at 23.50

Summer curtains *and* hangings

TO select satisfactorily is easy—the choice is great and the values offered are superior. Everything for the summer home at a saving. *Fourth floor, Wabash avenue.*

Ruffled muslin curtains, in a variety of patterns, pair, 1.15.

7.50 Austrian print curtains—a variety of colors, pair, 3.50.

Imported cretonnes, for summer hangings, slip covers, etc., 30c yd.

4.50 ruffled net curtains, lace edge and insertion, at, per pair, 2.35.

Grenadine striped curtains, good assortment of colors, pair, 1.25.

Porch shades, porch mats and pillows, great variety, low prices.

SUMMER RESORTS. WESTERN.

Resort Information.

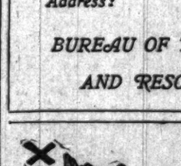
THE TRIBUNE will keep constantly on hand a large supply of literature concerning resorts advertised in its columns; also time cards, special rates and other printed matter of interest to resorters.

Special information regarding particular resorts, distance from Chicago, rates and transportation will be furnished on request.

Inquiries should be made by mail, stating as fully as possible location and nature of resort about which information is desired.

Address:

BUREAU OF TRAVEL AND RESORTS.



IDEAL Vacation Summer Land
Green Lake, Wis.
America's Beautiful Watering Place
SHERWOOD FOREST HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Open for the Season of 1905: May 27th
Booklet and Rates on Application.
DARTFORD, WIS.

COLDWATER CANYON FARM
AT WISCONSIN DELLS.
Cool, delightful. Write for circular. $7 and $8 per week. MRS. I. S. BERRY, Kilbourn, Wisconsin.

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North Shore Health Resort,
On Lake Michigan and Sheridan Drive,
WINNETKA, ILL.
Thirty-five minutes ride from Chicago on Northwestern Railway.

Ideal for rest, convalescence, and out-of-door recreations.

Modern European equipment. Special diet and care for the successful treatment of
CHRONIC RHEUMATISM,
NERVOUSNESS,
DIGESTIVE DISORDERS,
DIABETES,
HEART DISEASES.

INSPECTION INVITED. *WRITE FOR BOOKLET.*

THE MORAINE
HIGHLAND PARK, ILL.
will open for 1905 SEASON on Saturday, May 27.
Rooms now ready for inspection. Telephone Highland Park 22.
Booklet Mailed on Application.

Chicago Beach Hotel
American and European Plan.
51st Blvd. and Lake Shore, Chicago
Out of the city, yet within 10 minutes of it. Has 1,000 feet of broad verandas; 450 handsomely furnished outside rooms with a lake view; 250 private baths. Automobilists and other guests should visit
New European Dining Room
overlooking Garden, Beach and Lake, where they will find perfect service & receive every attention.

OAK PARK RESORT, Burlington, Wis., Brown's Lake. HOTEL AND COTTAGES FOR 100 GUESTS. Rates $6 to $15 per week. Rooms and ground lighted by our own electric plant.

HOTEL LIPPINCOTT (Lakeside Sta., Pier 1 lake, Ill. (New management.) Handsomest place on Fox Lake; 1,000 ft. lake front; good eating; all summer amusements. ROBERT BOEHNING, Prop.

SUMMER RESORTS. EASTERN.

NEW
OCEAN HOUSE
SWAMPSCOTT, MASS.
30 MINUTES FROM BOSTON BY RAIL
ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 400 THOROUGHLY MODERN
The most up-to-date summer hotel on the Massachusetts coast. Delightfully situated, safe surf-bathing, sailing, fishing, and finest roads for driving, riding and automobiling in America. Boarding stable and garage, superb orchestra, facilities for every out-of-door sport. Select patronage.
Write for booklet and other information.
AINSLIE AND GRABOW,
PROPRIETORS,
270 Commonwealth Avenue, BOSTON, MASS.

GRINDSTONE INN
Winter Harbor, Maine.
Enlarged; new bathroom suites. Golf. Tennis. Swimming Pool.
OPENS JULY 1ST.

THE MALVERN HOTEL
Bar Harbor, Maine.
Remodeled and under new management.....OPENS JULY 1ST.
Also furnished cottage for rent.
ERNEST G. GROS, Manager
Care NEW AMSTERDAM HOTEL, 6th av. and 21st st, N. Y.

CHALFONTE
is a modern fireproof hotel located on the Boardwalk at Atlantic City between the Piers. Always Open. Write for illustrations.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

SEA CLIFF INN, NANTUCKET, MASS. | Cuisine Excellent. Efficient Service.
Bookings by E. M. GUILD, Treasurer 31 Market Square, Providence, R. I.

WARM SPRINGS, BATH CO., VA., are now open for guests. For circulars and terms address EUBANK & GLOVER, Warm Springs, Bath County, Va.

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Old Point Comfort.
Open all the year. For booklets, etc., address GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

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